

DrayTek

Vigor2110 Series

Broadband Firewall Router



Your reliable networking solutions partner

User's Guide

V3.2

Vigor2110 Series Broadband Firewall Router User's Guide

Version: 3.2

Firmware Version: V3.6.3

Date: 06/03/2013

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Safety Instructions and Approval

Safety Instructions

- Read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.
- The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only by authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.
- Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.
- The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.
- Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.
- Do not deploy the cable for LAN connection outdoor to prevent electronic shock hazards.
- Keep the package out of reach of children.
- When you want to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

Warranty

We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the router will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase. During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary to return the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions. The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

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Web registration is preferred. You can register your Vigor router via <http://www.draytek.com>.

Firmware & Tools Updates

Due to the continuous evolution of DrayTek technology, all routers will be regularly upgraded. Please consult the DrayTek web site for more information on newest firmware, tools and documents.

<http://www.draytek.com>

European Community Declarations

Manufacturer: DrayTek Corp.
Address: No. 26, Fu Shing Road, HuKou Township, HsinChu Industrial Park, Hsin-Chu, Taiwan 303
Product: Vigor2110 Series Router

DrayTek Corp. declares that Vigor2110 Series of routers are in compliance with the following essential requirements and other relevant provisions of R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EEC.

The product conforms to the requirements of Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2004/108/EC by complying with the requirements set forth in EN55022/Class B and EN55024/Class B.

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Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device may accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Please visit <http://www.draytek.com/user/SupportDLRTTECE.php>



This product is designed for POTS and 2.4GHz WLAN network throughout the EC region and Switzerland with restrictions in France. Please see the user manual for the applicable networks on your product.

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1

Introduction

Vigor2110 series is a broadband router. It integrates IP layer QoS, NAT session/bandwidth management to help users control works well with large bandwidth.

By adopting hardware-based VPN platform and hardware encryption of AES/DES/3DS, the router increases the performance of VPN greatly, and offers several protocols (such as IPSec/PPTP/L2TP) with up to 2 VPN tunnels.

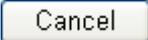
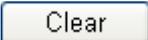
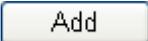
The object-based design used in SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall allows users to set firewall policy with ease. CSM (Content Security Management) provides users control and management in IM (Instant Messenger) and P2P (Peer to Peer) more efficiency than before. By the way, DoS/DDoS prevention and URL/Web content filter strengthen the security outside and control inside.

Object-based firewall is flexible and allows your network be safe. In addition, through VoIP function, the communication fee for you and remote people can be reduced.

In addition, Vigor2110 series supports USB interface for connecting USB printer to share printer or USB storage device for sharing files. Vigor2110 series provides two-level management to simplify the configuration of network connection. The user mode allows user accessing into WEB interface via simple configuration. However, if users want to have advanced configurations, they can access into WEB interface through admin mode.

1.1 Web Configuration Buttons Explanation

Several main buttons appeared on the web pages are defined as the following:

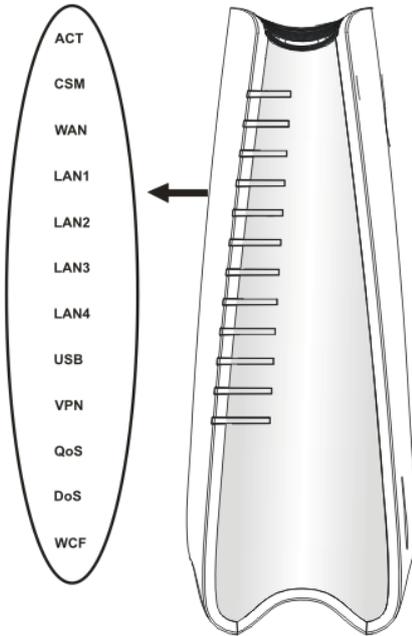
| | |
|---|--|
|  | Save and apply current settings. |
|  | Cancel current settings and recover to the previous saved settings. |
|  | Clear all the selections and parameters settings, including selection from drop-down list. All the values must be reset with factory default settings. |
|  | Add new settings for specified item. |
|  | Edit the settings for the selected item. |
|  | Delete the selected item with the corresponding settings. |

Note: For the other buttons shown on the web pages, please refer to Chapter 4 for detailed explanation.

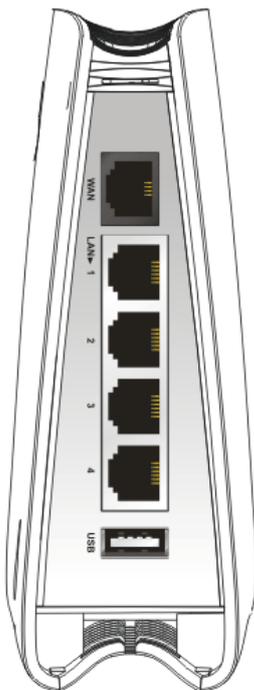
1.2 LED Indicators and Connectors

Before you use the Vigor router, please get acquainted with the LED indicators and connectors first.

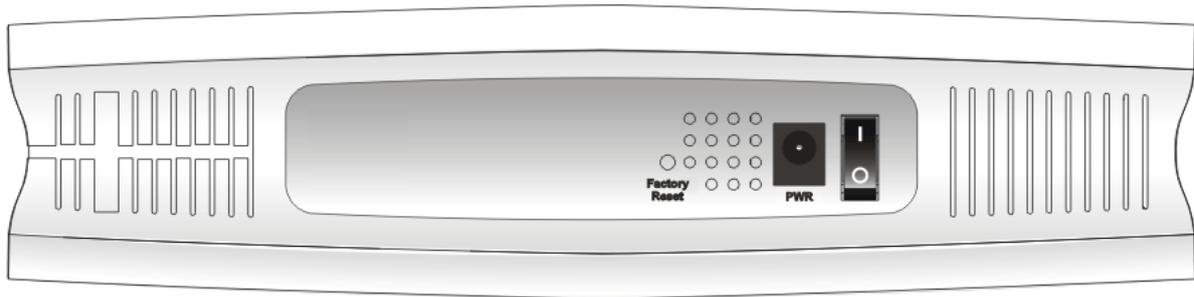
1.2.1 For Vigor2110



| LED | Status | Explanation |
|----------------|----------|--|
| ACT (Activity) | Blinking | The router is powered on and running normally. |
| | Off | The router is powered off. |
| CSM | On | The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for IM/P2P, URL/Web Content Filter application can be enabled from Firewall >>General Setup . (Such profile must be established under CSM menu). |
| | Off | The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for Web Content Filter application can be enabled from Firewall >>General Setup . (Such profile must be established under CSM menu). |
| WAN | On | The WAN port is connected. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while transmitting data. |
| LAN 1/2/3/4 | On | The port is connected. |
| | Off | The port is disconnected. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| USB | On | A USB device is connected and active. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| VPN | On | The VPN tunnel is active. |
| QoS | On | The QoS function is active. |
| DoS | On | The DoS/DDoS function is active. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while detecting an attack. |
| WCF | On | The profile(s) of CSM (Content Security Management) for Web Content Filter application can be enabled from Firewall >>General Setup . (Such profile must be established under CSM menu) |

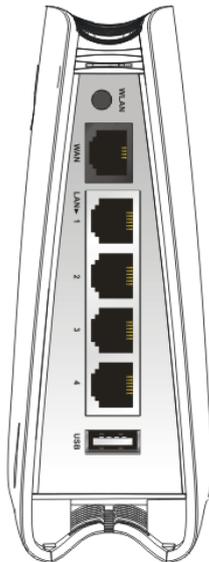
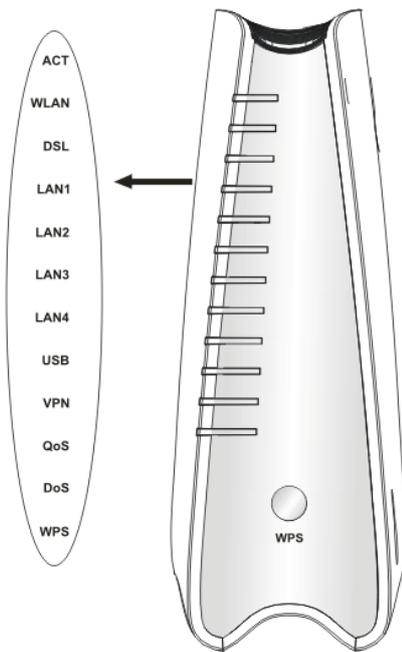


| Interface | Description |
|-----------|---|
| WAN | Connector for accessing the Internet. |
| LAN (1-4) | Connectors for local networked devices. |
| USB | Connector for USB storage device (Pen Driver/Mobile HD) or printer. |

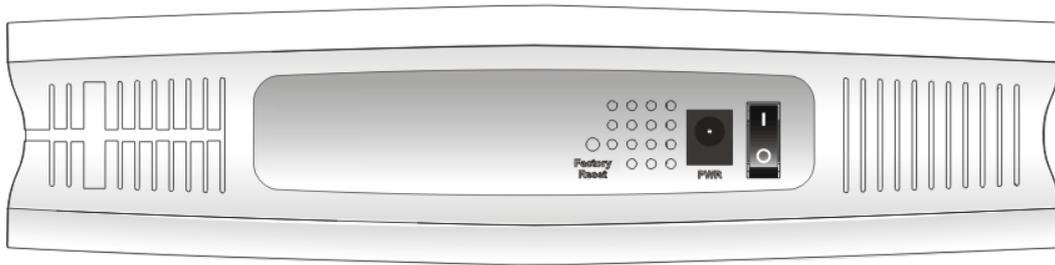


| Interface | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Factory Reset | Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration. |
| PWR | Connector for a power adapter. |
| ON/OFF | Power Switch. |

1.2.2 For Vigor2110n

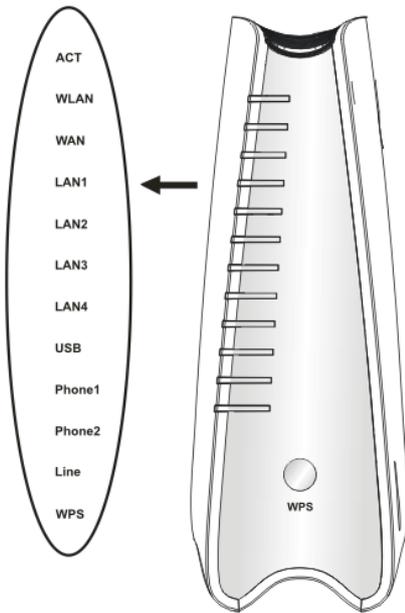


| LED | Status | Explanation |
|----------------|--|--|
| ACT (Activity) | Blinking | The router is powered on and running normally. |
| | Off | The router is powered off. |
| WLAN | On | Wireless access point is ready. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while wireless traffic goes through. |
| WAN | On | The WAN port is connected. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while transmitting data. |
| LAN 1/2/3/4 | On | The port is connected. |
| | Off | The port is disconnected. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| USB | On | A USB device is connected and active. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| VPN | On | The VPN tunnel is active. |
| QoS | On | The QoS function is active. |
| DoS | On | The DoS/DDoS function is active. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while detecting an attack. |
| WPS | On | The WPS is on. |
| | Off | The WPS is off. |
| | Blinking | Waiting for wireless client sending requests for connection about two minutes. |
| WPS Button | On | Press this button for 2 seconds to wait for client device making network connection through WPS. When the LED lights up, the WPS will be on. |
| | Off | The WPS is off. |
| | Blinking | Waiting for wireless client sending requests for connection about two minutes. |
| Interface | Description | |
| WLAN | Press the button once to enable (WLAN LED on) or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection. | |
| WAN | Connector for accessing the Internet. | |
| LAN (1-4) | Connectors for local networked devices. | |
| USB | Connector for USB storage (Pen Driver Mobile/HD) or printer. | |

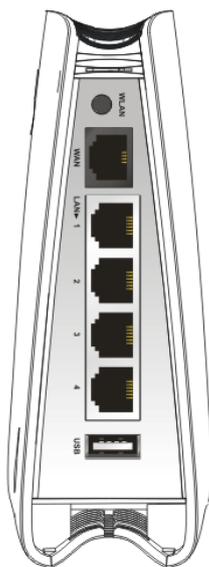


| Interface | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Factory Reset | Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration. |
| PWR | Connector for a power adapter. |
| ON/OFF | Power Switch. |

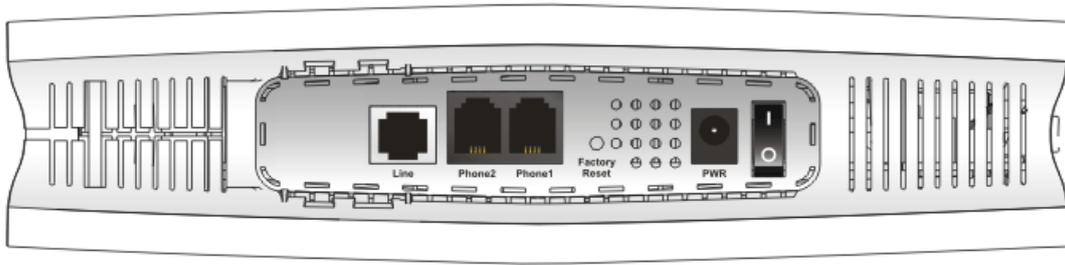
1.2.3 For Vigor2110Vn



| LED | Status | Explanation |
|----------------|----------|--|
| ACT (Activity) | Blinking | The router is powered on and running normally. |
| | Off | The router is powered off. |
| WLAN | On | Wireless access point is ready. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while wireless traffic goes through. |
| WAN | On | The WAN port is connected. |
| | Blinking | It will blink while transmitting data. |
| LAN 1/2/3/4 | On | The port is connected. |
| | Off | The port is disconnected. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| USB | On | A USB device is connected and active. |
| | Blinking | The data is transmitting. |
| Phone1/ Phone2 | On | The phone connected to this port is off-hook. |
| | Off | The phone connected to this port is on-hook. |
| | Blinking | A phone call comes. |
| Line | On | A PSTN phone call comes (in and out). However, when the phone call is disconnected, the LED will be off about six seconds later. |
| | Off | There is no PSTN phone call. |
| WPS | On | The WPS is on. |
| | Off | The WPS is off. |
| | Blinking | Waiting for wireless client sending requests for connection about two minutes. |
| WPS Button | On | Press this button for 2 seconds to wait for client device making network connection through WPS. When the LED lights up, the WPS will be on. |
| | Off | The WPS is off. |
| | Blinking | Waiting for wireless client sending requests for connection about two minutes. |



| Interface | Description |
|-----------|--|
| WLAN | Press the button once to enable (WLAN LED on) or disable (WLAN LED off) wireless connection. |
| WAN | Connector for accessing the Internet. |
| LAN (1-4) | Connectors for local networked devices. |
| USB | Connector for USB storage (Pen Driver Mobile/HD) or printer. |

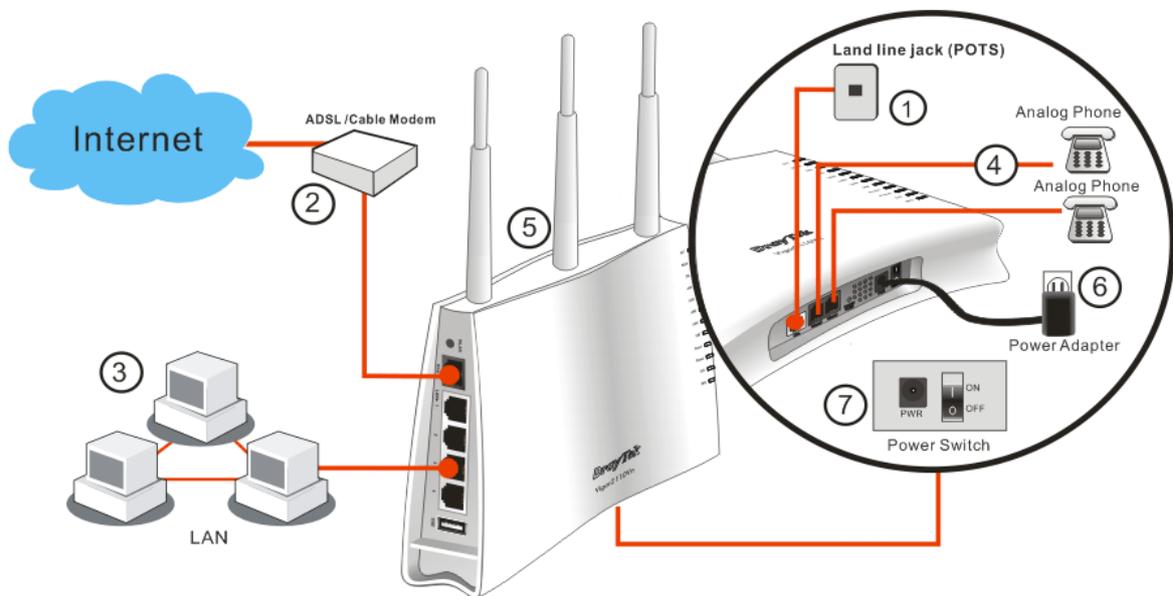


| Interface | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Line | Connector for PSTN life line. |
| Phone2/Phone1 | Connector of analog phone for VoIP communication. |
| Factory Reset | Restore the default settings. Usage: Turn on the router (ACT LED is blinking). Press the hole and keep for more than 5 seconds. When you see the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly than usual, release the button. Then the router will restart with the factory default configuration. |
| PWR | Connector for a power adapter. |
| ON/OFF | Power Switch. |

1.3 Hardware Installation

Before starting to configure the router, you have to connect your devices correctly.

1. Connect Line port to land line jack with a RJ-11 cable (Vn model).
2. Connect this device to a modem with a RJ-45 cable.
3. Connect one port of 4-port switch to your computer with a RJ-45 cable. This device allows you to connect 4 PCs directly.
4. Connect Phone port to a conventional analog telephone.
5. Connect detachable antennas to the router for Vigor2110 series (n model).
6. Connect one end of the power cord to the power port of this device. Connect the other end to the wall outlet of electricity.
7. Power on the router.
8. Check the **ACT** and **WAN**, **LAN** LEDs to assure network connections.



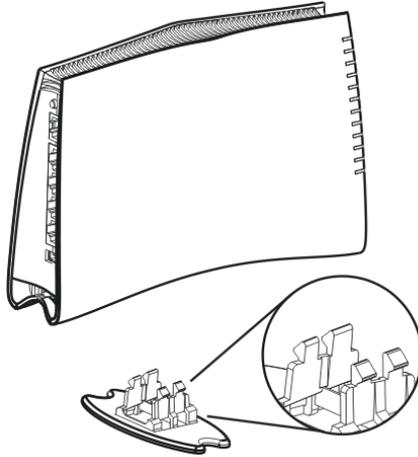
Caution:

1. Each of the Phone ports can be connected to an analog phone only. Do not connect the phone ports to the land line jack. Such connection might damage your router.
2. When the power is shutdown, VoIP phone will be disconnected. However, a phone set connected to Phone 2 port can be used as the traditional telephone for the line will be guided to land line jack via the router (loop through).

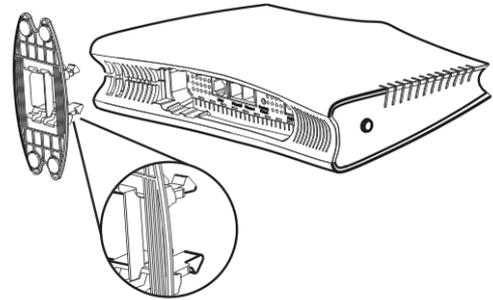
Stand Installation

The Vigor2110 must be placed erectly. Therefore you have to install a stand onto the router to make it standing firmly. Please follow the figures listed below to finish the installation.

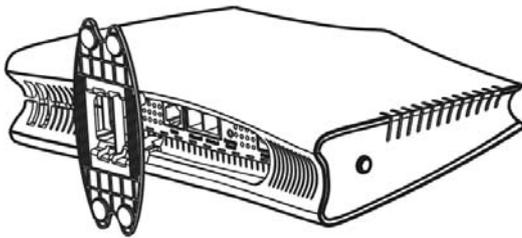
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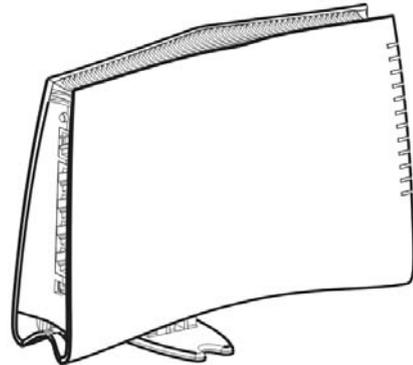
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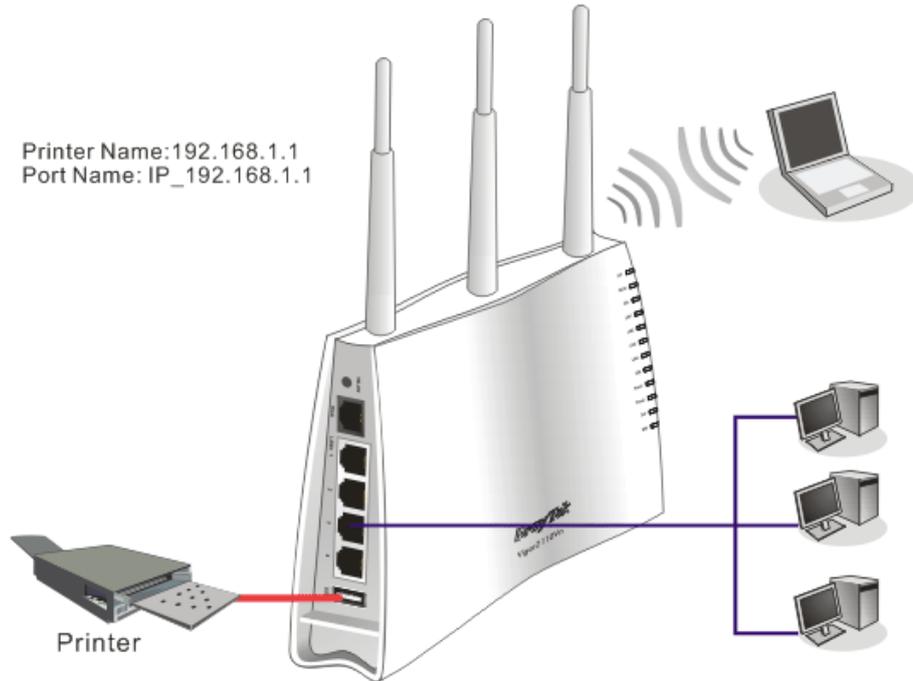


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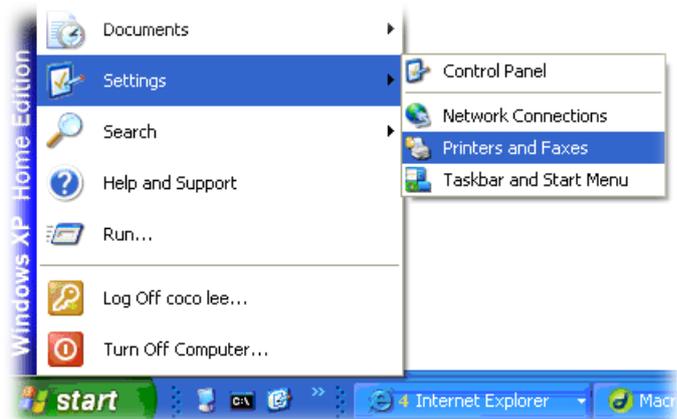
1.4 Printer Installation

You can install a printer onto the router for sharing printing. All the PCs connected this router can print documents via the router. The example provided here is made based on Windows XP/2000. For Windows 98/SE/Vista, please visit www.draytek.com.

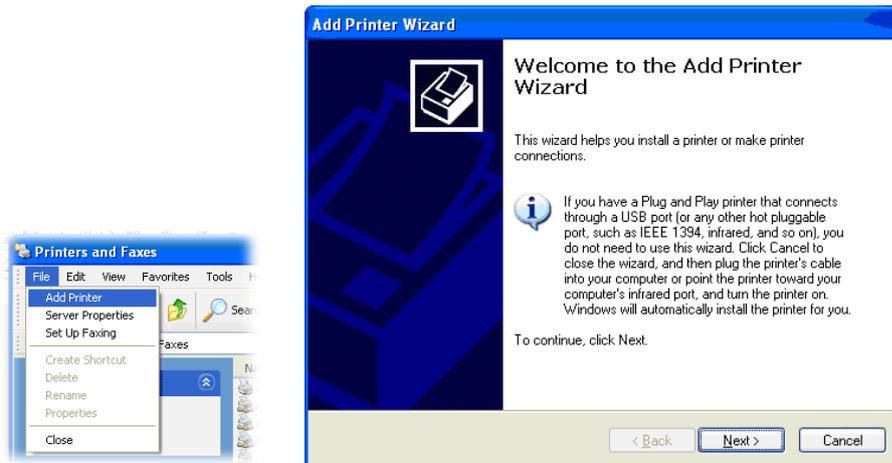


Before using it, please follow the steps below to configure settings for connected computers (or wireless clients).

1. Connect the printer with the router through USB/parallel port.
2. Open **Start->Settings-> Printer and Faxes**.



Open **File->Add Printer**. A welcome dialog will appear. Please click **Next**.



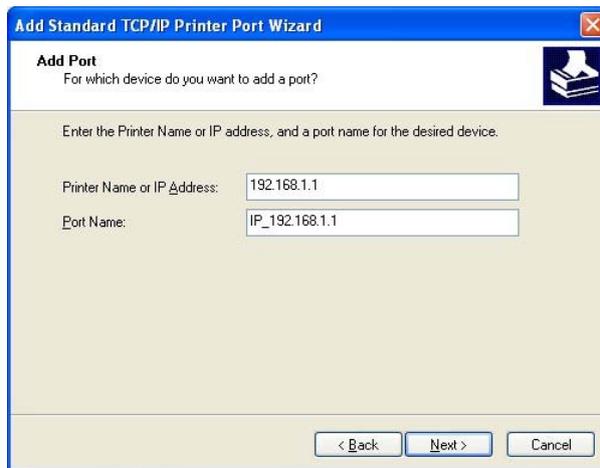
3. Click **Local printer attached to this computer** and click **Next**.



4. In this dialog, choose **Create a new port Type of port** and use the drop down list to select **Standard TCP/IP Port**. Click **Next**.



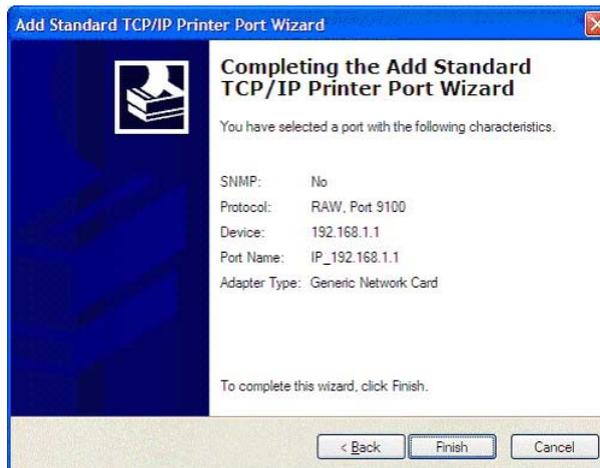
- In the following dialog, type **192.168.1.1** (router's LAN IP) in the field of **Printer Name or IP Address** and type **IP_192.168.1.1** as the port name. Then, click **Next**.



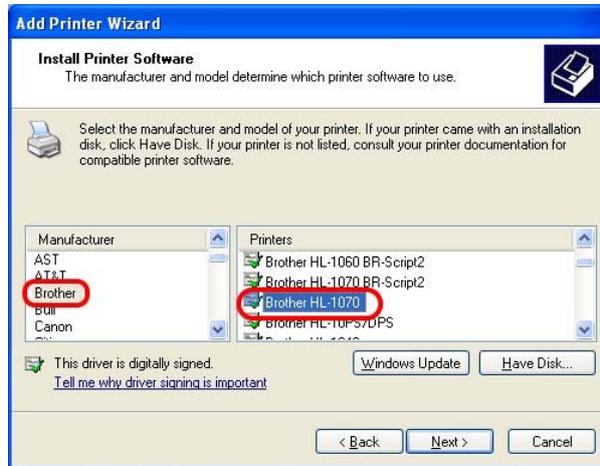
- Click **Standard** and choose **Generic Network Card**.



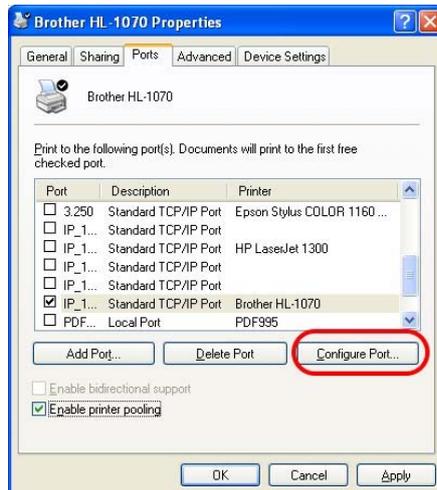
- Then, in the following dialog, click **Finish**.



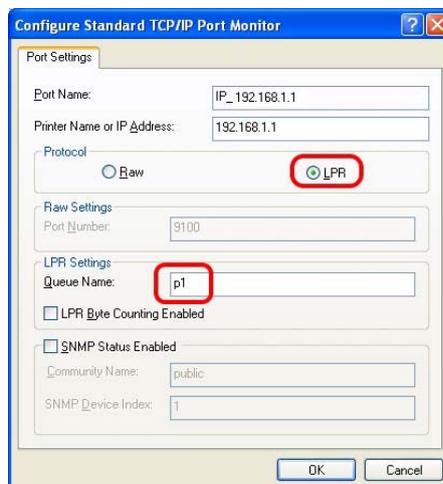
8. Now, your system will ask you to choose right name of the printer that you installed onto the router. Such step can make correct driver loaded onto your PC. When you finish the selection, click **Next**.



9. For the final stage, you need to go back to **Control Panel-> Printers** and edit the property of the new printer you have added.



10. Select "**LPR**" on Protocol, type **p1** (number 1) as Queue Name. Then click **OK**. Next please refer to the red rectangle for choosing the correct protocol and LPR name.



The printer can be used for printing now. Most of the printers with different manufacturers are compatible with vigor router.

Note 1: Some printers with the fax/scanning or other additional functions are not supported. If you do not know whether your printer is supported or not, please visit www.draytek.com to find out the printer list. Open **Support > FAQ/Application Notes**; find out the link of **Printer Server** and click it; then click the **What types of printers are compatible with Vigor router?** link.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek website's 'Printer Server' FAQ page. The breadcrumb trail is: Home > Supports > FAQ / Application Notes > Printer Server. The first FAQ item is: 1. What types of printers are compatible with Vigor router? (2012/01/12). Other items include: 2. How do I configure LPR printing on Windows7? (2012/08/20), 3. How do I configure LPR printing on My Windows Vista ? (2009/01/20), 4. How do I configure LPR printing on Linux boxes ? (2009/01/20), and 5. How do I configure LPR printing on Windows2000/XP ? (2010/04/06).

Note 2: Vigor router supports printing request from computers via LAN ports but not WAN port.

2

Initial Configuration

For using the router properly, it is necessary for you to change the password of web configuration for security and adjust primary basic settings.

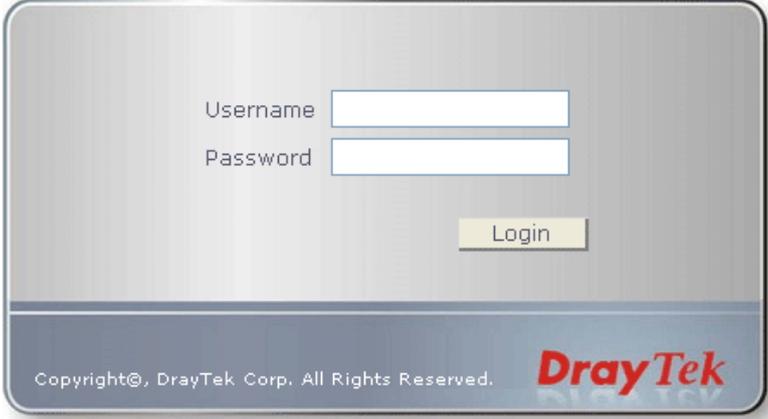
This chapter explains how to setup a password for accessing into the web configurator of Vigor router and how to adjust settings for accessing Internet successfully.

2.1 Accessing the Web User Interface

1. Make sure your PC connects to the router correctly.

Notice: You may either simply set up your computer to get IP dynamically from the router or set up the IP address of the computer to be the same subnet as **the default IP address of Vigor router 192.168.1.1**. For the detailed information, please refer to the later section - Trouble Shooting of the guide.

2. Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. The following window will be open to ask for username and password.

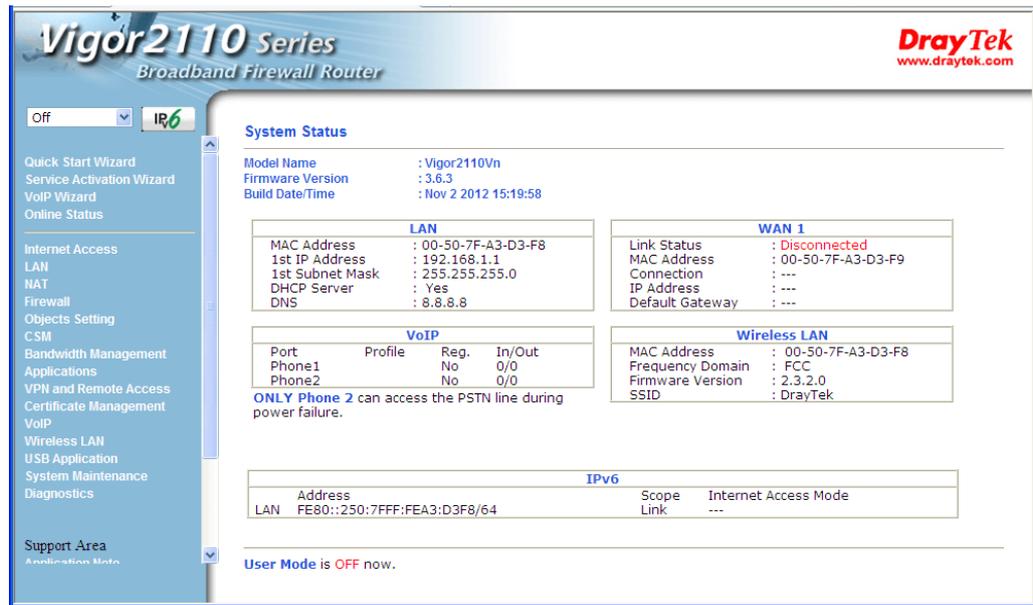


The image shows a web browser window with a login form. The form has two input fields: 'Username' and 'Password'. Below the fields is a 'Login' button. At the bottom of the window, there is a footer that reads 'Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.' and the 'DrayTek' logo.

3. Please type “admin/admin” as the Username/Password and click **Login**.

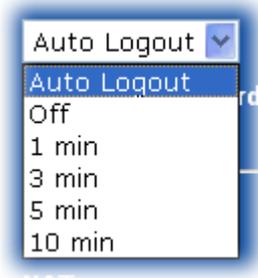
Note: If you fail to access to the web configuration, please go to “Trouble Shooting” for detecting and solving your problem.

- Now, the **Main Screen** will appear.



Note: The home page will be different slightly in accordance with the type of the router you have.

- The web page can be logged out according to the chosen condition. The default setting is **Auto Logout**, which means the web configuration system will logout after 5 minutes without any operation. Change the setting for your necessity.



2.2 Changing Password

Please change the password for the original security of the router.

1. Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. A pop-up window will open to ask for username and password.
2. Please type “admin/admin” as the Username/Password and click **Login**.
3. Go to **System Maintenance** page and choose **Administrator Password**.

[System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup](#)

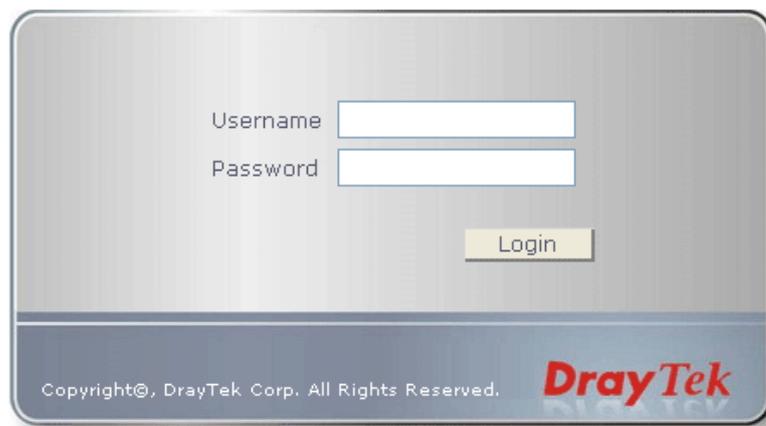
Administrator Password

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Old Password | <input type="text"/> |
| New Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |

Note: Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

OK

4. Enter the login password (the default is *admin*) on the field of **Old Password**. Type the new password in **New Password** and **Confirm Password** fields. Then click **OK** to continue.
5. Now, the password has been changed. Next time, use the new password to access the Web Configurator for this router.



A login form with a light gray background and rounded corners. It features two input fields: 'Username' and 'Password'. Below the fields is a 'Login' button. At the bottom, there is a dark blue footer bar containing the text 'Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.' and the 'DrayTek' logo in red.

2.3 Quick Start Wizard

If your router can be under an environment with high speed NAT, the configuration provide here can help you to deploy and use the router quickly. The first screen of **Quick Start Wizard** is entering login password. After typing the password, please click **Next**.

Quick Start Wizard

Enter login password

Please enter an alpha-numeric string as your **Password** (Max 23 characters).

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Old Password | <input type="text"/> |
| New Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |

On the next page as shown below, please select the appropriate Internet access type according to the information from your ISP. For example, you should select PPPoE mode if the ISP provides you PPPoE interface. Then click **Next** for next step.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet

WAN 1
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

2.3.1 PPPoE

PPPoE stands for **Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet**. It relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. It connects users through an Ethernet to the Internet with a common broadband medium, such as a single DSL line, wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet can share a common connection.

PPPoE is used for most of DSL modem users. All local users can share one PPPoE connection for accessing the Internet. Your service provider will provide you information about user name, password, and authentication mode.

1. If your ISP provides you the **PPPoE** connection, please select **PPPoE** for this router and click **Next**.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet

WAN 1
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

PPPoE
 PPTP
 L2TP
 Static IP
 DHCP

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

2. The following page will be shown:

Quick Start Wizard

PPPoE Client Mode

WAN 1
Enter the user name and password provided by your ISP.

User Name
Password
Confirm Password

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------|--|
| User Name | Assign a specific valid user name (maximum 63 characters) provided by the ISP. |
| Password | Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Confirm Password | Retype the password. |
| Back | Click it to return to previous setting page. |
| Next | Click it to get into the next setting page. |
| Cancel | Click it to give up the quick start wizard. |

3. Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.
4. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| WAN Interface: | WAN1 |
| Physical Mode: | Ethernet |
| Physical Type: | Auto negotiation |
| Internet Access: | PPPoE |

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

5. Click **Finish**. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.
6. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

2.3.2 PPTP/L2TP

1. Click **PPTP/L2TP** as the protocol and click **Next**.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet

WAN 1
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

- The following page will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard

PPTP Client Mode

WAN 1
Enter the user name, password, WAN IP configuration and PPTP server IP provided by your ISP.

User Name

Password

Confirm Password

WAN IP Configuration

Obtain an IP address automatically

Specify an IP address

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Gateway

Primary DNS

Second DNS

PPTP Server

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| User Name | Assign a specific valid user name provided by the ISP. |
| Password | Assign a valid password provided by the ISP. |
| Confirm Password | Retype the password. |
| WAN IP Configuration | <p>Obtain an IP address automatically – the router will get an IP address automatically from DHCP server.</p> <p>Specify an IP address – you have to type relational settings manually.</p> <p>IP Address - Type the IP address.</p> <p>Subnet Mask –Type the subnet mask.</p> <p>Gateway – Type the IP address of the gateway.</p> <p>Primary DNS –Type in the primary IP address for the router.</p> <p>Second DNS –Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.</p> |
| PPTP Server / L2TP Server | Type the IP address of the server. |
| Back | Click it to return to previous setting page. |
| Next | Click it to get into the next setting page. |
| Cancel | Click it to give up the quick start wizard. |

- Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.

4. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| WAN Interface: | WAN1 |
| Physical Mode: | Ethernet |
| Physical Type: | Auto negotiation |
| Internet Access: | PPTP |

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

[< Back](#) [Next >](#) [Finish](#) [Cancel](#)

5. Click **Finish**. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.
6. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

2.3.3 Static IP

1. Click **Static IP** as the protocol and click **Next**.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet

WAN 1

Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

- PPPoE
- PPTP
- L2TP
- Static IP
- DHCP

[< Back](#) [Next >](#) [Finish](#) [Cancel](#)

- The following page will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard

Static IP Client Mode

WAN 1
Enter the Static IP configuration provided by your ISP.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| WAN IP | <input type="text" value="172.16.3.229"/> |
| Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/> |
| Gateway | <input type="text" value="172.16.3.4"/> |
| Primary DNS | <input type="text"/> |
| Secondary DNS | <input type="text"/> (optional) |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| WAN IP | Type the IP address. |
| Subnet Mask | Type the subnet mask. |
| Gateway | Type the IP address of gateway. |
| Primary DNS | Type in the primary IP address for the router. |
| Secondary DNS | Type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future. |
| Back | Click it to return to previous setting page. |
| Next | Click it to get into the next setting page. |
| Cancel | Click it to give up the quick start wizard. |

- Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.
- Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| WAN Interface: | WAN1 |
| Physical Mode: | Ethernet |
| Physical Type: | Auto negotiation |
| Internet Access: | Static IP |

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

- Click **Finish**. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.
- Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

2.3.4 DHCP

- Click **DHCP** as the protocol and click **Next**.

Quick Start Wizard

Connect to Internet

WAN 1
Select one of the following Internet Access types provided by your ISP.

PPPoE
 PPTP
 L2TP
 Static IP
 DHCP

- The following page will be shown.

Quick Start Wizard

DHCP Client Mode

WAN 1
If your ISP requires you to enter a specific host name or specific MAC address, please enter it in.

Host Name (optional)

MAC - - - - - (optional)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------|---|
| Host Name | Type the name of the host. |
| MAC | Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to enter the MAC address. |
| Back | Click it to return to previous setting page. |
| Next | Click it to get into the next setting page. |

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Cancel | Click it to give up the quick start wizard. |
|---------------|---|

3. Type in all the information that your ISP provides for this protocol.
4. Click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

Quick Start Wizard

Please confirm your settings:

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| WAN Interface: | WAN1 |
| Physical Mode: | Ethernet |
| Physical Type: | Auto negotiation |
| Internet Access: | DHCP |

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save the current settings and restart the Vigor router.

5. Click **Finish**. Then, the system status of this protocol will be shown.
6. Now, you can enjoy surfing on the Internet.

2.4 Service Activation Wizard

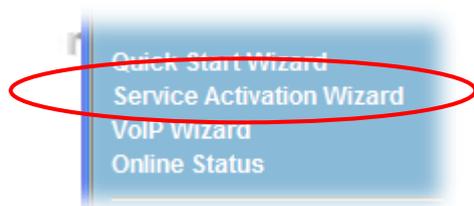
Service Activation Wizard can guide you to set WCF (Web Content Feature) feature with a quick way. **For the Service Activation Wizard is only available for admin operation, therefore, please type “admin/admin” on Username/Password while Logging into the web configurator.**

Note: There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

Service Activation Wizard is a tool which allows you to use trial version or update the license of WCF directly without accessing into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. For using Web Content Filter Profile, please refer to section **5.6.3 Web Content Filter Profile** for detailed information.

Now, please follow the steps listed below to activate WCF feature for your router.

1. Open **Service Activation Wizard**.



- The screen of **Service Activation Wizard** will be shown as follows. Choose the one you need and click **Next**. In this case, we choose to activate free trail edition.

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

This wizard is used for activating
- Web Content Filter
Please choose the edition you need.

Free trial edition
 Formal edition with license key

Next > Finish Cancel

Free trial edition: it offers a period of trial for you to get acquainted with WCF function.

Formal edition with license key: you can extend the license valid time manually.

Note: If you activate **Formal edition with license key** first, the free trial edition will be invalid.

- In the following page, you can activate the Web content filter service at the same time or individually. When you finish the selection, please click **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

This product provides you with either 1 year (BPJM) or 30 days (Commtouch) free trial.

WCF service:

Web Content Filter (BPJM)
BPJM is the web content filter based on service operated in Germany. We recommend only users live in Germany to try the BPJM WCF service. This is a free service without guarantee.
Activation Date : 2011-06-23

Web Content Filter (Commtouch) [License Agreement](#)
Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets.
Activation Date : 2011-06-23

I have read and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).

Note: The activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide. There is a 30-day trial period. After trial, you can purchase DrayTek's prepared Commtouch GlobalView WCF package from retailing outlets.

4. Setting confirmation page will be displayed as follows, please click **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Please confirm your settings

Service Type : Trial version
Service Activated : Web Content Filter (BPjM)

Please click **Back** to re-select service type you to activate.

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

5. Wait for a moment till the following page appears.

Service Activation Wizard

Connection Succeeded!

Please check the following item(s) to enable services on your router.

Enable Web Content Filter

Next > Finish

When such page appears, you can enable or disable these services for your necessity. Then, click **Finish**.

Note: The service will be activated and applied as the default rule configured in **Firewall>>General Setup**.

6. Now, the web page will display the service that you have activated according to your selection(s). The valid time for the free trial of these services is one month.

Service Activation Wizard

Server Enabled!

DrayTek Service Activation

| Service Name | Start Date | Expire Date | Status |
|--------------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| Web Content filter | 2011-06-23 | 2012-06-23 | BPjM |

Please check if the license fits with the service provider of your signature. To ensure normal operation for your router, update your signature again is recommended.

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Later, if you need to extend the license valid time, you can also use the **Service Activation Wizard** again to reach your goal by clicking the radio button of **Formal edition with license key** and clicking **Next**.

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

This wizard is used for activating
- Web Content Filter
Please choose the edition you need.

Free trial edition
 Formal edition with license key

Next > Finish Cancel

Service Activation Wizard

Select the service type that you want to activate

Please choose the item you want to use.

WCF service:

Web Content Filter (BPJM)
BPJM is the web content filter based on service operated in Germany. We recommend only users live in Germany to try the BPJM WCF service.
This is a free service without guarantee.
Activation Date :

Web Content Filter (Commtouch) [License Agreement](#)
Commtouch is the web content filter based on Commtouch operated in the worldwide.
Enter your License key: Activation Date : [select](#)

I have read and accept the above Agreement. (Please check this box).

Note: The activation date is brought out by the server automatically and cannot be changed.

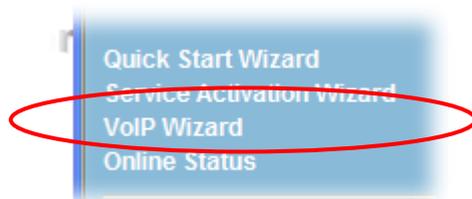
< Back Next > Finish Cancel

Check the box of “**I have read and accept the above..**” and click **Next**. Follow the on-screen instruction to install the formal edition of WCF license.

2.5 VoIP Wizard

Vigor router offers a quick method to configure settings for VoIP application. Follow the steps listed below.

1. Open **VoIP Wizard**.



- The screen of **VoIP Wizard** will be shown as follows.

VoIP Wizard

Set VoIP service provider domain

VoIP service provider (63 char max).
 SIP Port

Set Account quickly

Phone 1 (default mapping to Account 1)
 Account Number/Name (63 char max).
 Password (63 char max).

Phone 2 (default mapping to Account 2)
 use the same Account as phone1
 Account Number/Name (63 char max).
 Password (63 char max).

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---|---|
| Set VoIP service provider domain | <p>VoIP service provider - Use the drop down list to choose the ISP which offers the VoIP service for your router. If your ISP is not in the list, simply type the name of the ISP in the entry box.</p> <p>SIP Port – Use the default setting (5060).</p> |
| Set Account quickly | <p>Account Number/Name – Type the account number/name registered to your ISP.</p> <p>Password – Type the password for the account registered to your ISP.</p> <p>Use the same Account as phone 1 – If you don't need to configure Phone 2 settings, simply check this box.</p> |
| Next | Click it to get into the next setting page. |
| Cancel | Click it to give up the quick start wizard. |

- After finished the settings above, click **Next** for viewing summary of such connection.

VoIP Wizard

Please confirm your settings:

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| VoIP Service Provider | draytel.org |
| SIP Port | 5060 |
| Phone 1 Account | 5633s |
| Phone 2 Account | 5633s |

Click **Back** to modify changes if necessary. Otherwise, click **Finish** to save current settings.

- Click **Finish**. A page of **VoIP Wizard Setup OK!!!** will appear.

VoIP Wizard

VoIP Wizard Setup OK!

2.6 Online Status

The online status shows the system status, WAN status, and other status related to this router within one page. If you select **PPPoE/PPPoA** as the protocol, you will find out a link of **Dial PPPoE** or **Drop PPPoE** in the Online Status web page.

Online Status

| System Status | | System Uptime: 4:7:24 | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| LAN Status | | Primary DNS: 172.16.3.18 | | Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1 | |
| IP Address | TX Packets | RX Packets | | | |
| 192.168.1.5 | 21848 | 32232 | | | |
| WAN Status | | | | | Release |
| Enable | Line | Name | Mode | Up Time | |
| Yes | Ethernet | | DHCP Client | 4:07:16 | |
| IP | GW IP | TX Packets | TX Rate(Bps) | RX Packets | RX Rate(Bps) |
| 192.168.5.26 | 192.168.5.1 | 10538 | 11 | 10547 | 26 |

Detailed explanation is shown below:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| LAN Status | <p>Primary DNS-Display the primary DNS server address for WAN interface.</p> <p>Secondary DNS -Display the secondary DNS server address for WAN interface.</p> <p>IP Address-Display the IP address of the LAN interface.</p> <p>TX Packets-Display the total transmitted packets at the LAN interface.</p> <p>RX Packets-Display the total received packets at the LAN interface.</p> |
| WAN Status | <p>Enable –Yes in red means such interface is available but not connected. Yes in green means such interface is connected.</p> <p>Line – Display the physical connection of this interface.</p> <p>Name – Display the name of the router.</p> <p>Mode - Display the type of WAN connection (e.g., PPPoE).</p> <p>Up Time - Display the total uptime of the interface.</p> <p>IP - Display the IP address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>GW IP - Display the IP address of the default gateway.</p> <p>TX Packets - Display the total transmitted packets at the</p> |

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| | WAN interface. TX Rate - Display the speed of transmitted octets at the WAN interface. RX Packets - Display the total number of received packets at the WAN interface. RX Rate - Display the speed of received octets at the WAN interface. |

Note: The words in green mean that the WAN connection of that interface is ready for accessing Internet; the words in red mean that the WAN connection of that interface is not ready for accessing Internet.

2.7 Saving Configuration

Each time you click **OK** on the web page for saving the configuration, you can find messages showing the system interaction with you.

Status: Ready

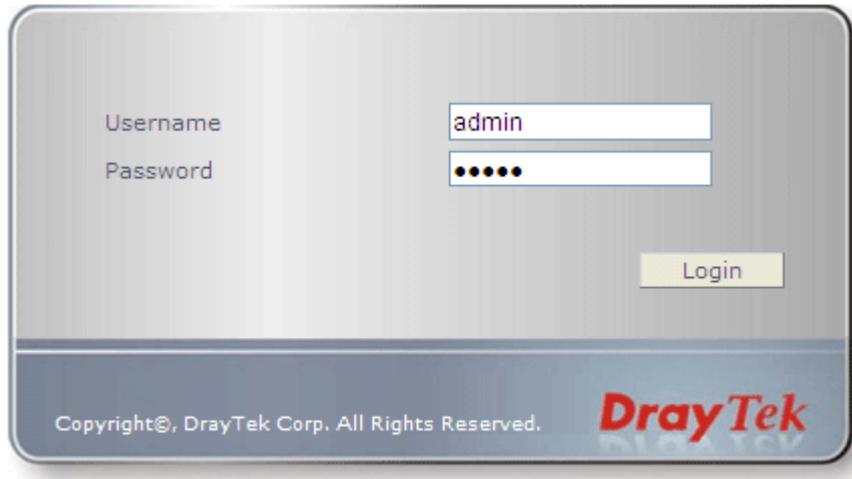
Ready indicates the system is ready for you to input settings.

Settings Saved means your settings are saved once you click **Finish** or **OK** button.

2.8 Registering Vigor Router

You have finished the configuration of Quick Start Wizard and you can surf the Internet at any time. Now it is the time to register your Vigor router to MyVigor website for getting more service. Please follow the steps below to finish the router registration.

- 1 Please login the web configuration interface of Vigor router by typing “**admin/admin**” as User Name / Password.



The screenshot shows a login form with two input fields: 'Username' containing 'admin' and 'Password' containing six dots. A 'Login' button is positioned to the right of the password field. At the bottom of the form, there is a copyright notice: 'Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.' and the 'DrayTek' logo.

- 2 Click **Support Area>>Production Registration** from the home page.



- 3 A **Login** page will be shown on the screen. Please type the account and password that you created previously. And click **Login**. If not, please refer to section **4.13 Creating an Account for MyVigor**.



Please take a moment to register.
 Membership Registration entitles you to upgrade firmware for your purchased product and receive news about upcoming products and services!

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code : t x x h d d

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forgotten password?](#)

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.
 Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or

- 4 The following page will be displayed after you logging in MyVigor. From this page, please click **Add** or **Product Registration**.

DrayTek MyVigor

Home Search

My Information

Welcome, **james_fae**
 Last Login Time : 2011-08-24 09:39:13
 Last Login From : 123.110.144.220
 Current Login Time : 2011-08-24 23:01:15
 Current Login From : 114.37.142.184

RowNo : PageNo :

Your Device List

| Serial Number / Host ID | Device Name | Model | Note |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 104001703857 | Vigor2710 | Vigor2710 | - |
| 200807100001 | VigorPro5300 | VigorPro5300 | - |
| 200911030001 | ryan | VigorPro5300 | - |

Navigation menu: About Us, Product, My Information, VigorACS SI, Vigor Series, Management, **Product Registration**, Customer Survey

- When the following page appears, please type in Nickname (for the router) and choose the right registration date from the popup calendar (it appears when you click on the box of Registration Date). After adding the basic information for the router, please click **Submit**.

DrayTek MyVigor

Home Search GO

My Product Search for this site GO

Registration Device

Serial number : 2011082214320301

Nickname : *

Registration Date : *

Usage :

Product Rating : (Your opinion so far)

No. of Employees : (In total within your company)

Supplier : (Where you bought it from)

Date of Purchase : (mm-dd-yyyy)

Internet Connection : *

Cable ADSL VDSL Fiber

3G WIMAX LTE

- When the following page appears, your router information has been added to the database.

Your device has been successfully added to the database.

- Now, you have finished the product registration.
- After clicking **OK**, you will see the following page. Your router has been registered to *myvigor* website successfully.

DrayTek MyVigor

Home Search GO

My Information

Welcome, draytekfae

Last Login Time : 2011-08-24 09:39:13

Last Login From : 123.110.144.220

Current Login Time : 2011-08-24 23:01:15

Current Login From : 114.37.142.184

RowNo : 5 PageNo : 2

Your Device List

| Serial Number / Host ID | Device Name | Model | Note |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------|
| 20100707144801 | Vigor3300V | Vigor3300 | - |
| 20100708105301 | Vigor2820 | Vigor2820 | - |
| 20101005104801 | Vigor2710vn | Vigor2710 | - |
| 2010121707335201 | Vigor2920 | Vigor2920 | - |
| 2011082214320301 | Vigor2110 | Vigor2110 | - |

3

Application and Example

3.1 How to configure settings for IPv6 Service

Due to the shortage of IPv4 address, more and more countries use IPv6 to solve the problem. However, to continually use the original rich resources of IPv4, both IPv6 and IPv4 networks shall communicate for each other via intercommunication mechanism to complete the shifting job from IPv4 to IPv6 gradually. At present, there are three common types of intercommunication mechanisms:

- **Dual Stack**

The user can use both IPv4 and IPv6 techniques at the same time. That means adding an IPv6 stack on the origin network layer to let the host own the communication capability of IPv4 and IPv6.

- **Tunnel**

Both IPv6 hosts can be communicated for each other via existing IPv4 network environment. The IPv6 packets will be encapsulated with the header of IPv4 first. Later, the packets will be transformed and adjusted as IPv4 payload. Once the packets arrive the border between IPv4 and IPv6, the header of IPv4 on the packets will be removed. Then, the packets with IPv6 address will be forwarded to the destination of IPv6 network.

- **Translation**

Such feature is active only for the user who uses IPv4 to communicate with other user using IPv4 service.

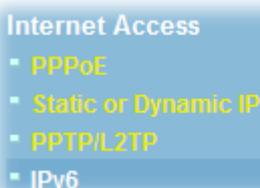
Before configuring the settings on Vigor2110, you need to know which connection type that your IPv6 service used.

Note: For the IPv6 service, you have to configure WAN/LAN settings before using the service.

I. Configuring the WAN Settings

For the IPv6 WAN settings for Vigor2110, there are five connection types to be chosen: PPP, TSPC, AICCU, DHCPv6 Client and Static IPv6.

1. Access into the web configurator of Vigor2110. Open **Internet Access**>>**IPv6**.

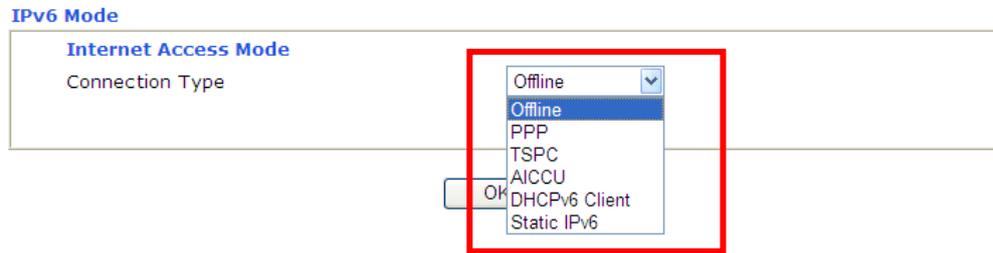


Internet Access

- PPPoE
- Static or Dynamic IP
- PPTP/L2TP
- IPv6

- In the following figure, use the drop down list to choose a proper connection type.

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

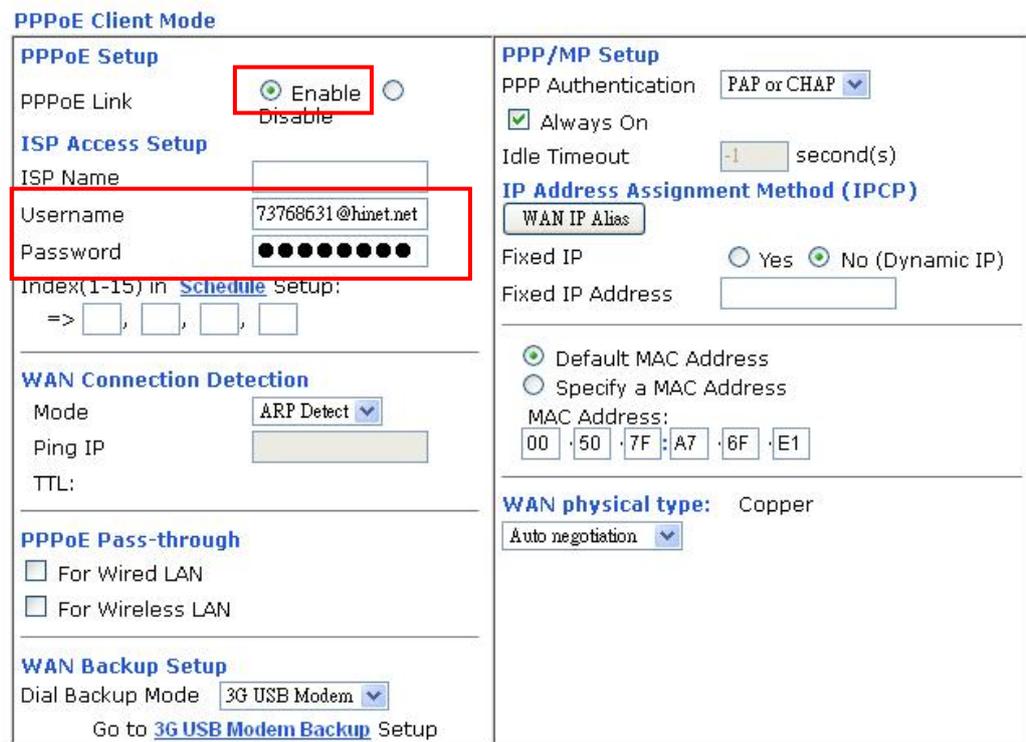


Different connection types will bring out different configuration page. Refer to the following:

- **PPP – Dual Stack application, IPv4 and IPv6 services can be utilized at the same time**

Choose PPP and type the information for PPPoE of IPv4.

[Internet Access >> PPPoE](#)



Access into the setting page for IPv6 service, it is not necessary for you to configure anything.

Internet Access >> IPv6

IPv6 Mode

Internet Access Mode

Connection Type PPP

Note : IPv4 WAN setting should be **PPPoE** client.

OK

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, you will get the IP address for IPv4 and IPv6 at the same time.

Online Status

Physical Connection System Uptime: 0day 0:2:3

| IPv4 | IPv6 |
|---|---|
| LAN Status Primary DNS: 168.95.192.1 Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1 | |
| IP Address 192.168.1.1 | TX Packets RX Packets 2914 3027 |
| WAN 1 Status >> Drop PPPoE | |
| Enable Yes | Line Ethernet |
| IP 111.243.181.147 | Name Mode PPPoE Up Time 0:01:55 |
| GW IP 168.95.98.254 | TX Packets TX Rate(Bps) RX Packets RX Rate(Bps) 2074 1551 1759 1294 |

Online Status

Physical Connection System Uptime: 0day 0:2:44

| IPv4 | IPv6 |
|--|--|
| LAN Status | |
| IP Address 2001:8010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Global) FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Link) | |
| TX Packets 6 | RX Packets TX Bytes RX Bytes 0 612 0 |
| WAN1 IPv6 Status >> Drop PPP | |
| Enable Yes | Mode PPP Up Time 0:02:35 |
| IP 2001:8010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/128 (Global) FE80::50:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/128 (Link) | Gateway IP FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52 |
| DNS IP 2001:8000:168::1 2001:8000:168::2 | |
| TX Packets 7 | RX Packets TX Bytes RX Bytes 12 544 1396 |

- **TSPC – Tunnel application, both IPv6 hosts communicate through IPv4 network**

Choose **TSPC** and type the information for TSPC service.

Note: While using such mode, you have to make sure the IPv4 network connection is normal.

(In the following figure, the TSPC information is obtained from <http://gogo6.com/> after applied for the service.)

Internet Access >> IPv6

IPv6 Mode

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Internet Access Mode | |
| Connection Type | TSPC |
| TSPC Configuration | |
| Username | 88886666 |
| Password | ●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●● |
| Confirm Password | ●●●●●●●●●●●●●●●● |
| Tunnel Broker | amsterdam.freenet6.net |

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online Status

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Physical Connection | | System Uptime: 0day 0:16:37 | |
| IPv4 | IPv6 | | |
| LAN Status | | | |
| IP Address | | | |
| 2001:8010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Global) | | | |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Link) | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 12 | 46 | 1512 | 9235 |
| WAN1 IPv6 Status | | | |
| Enable | Mode | Up Time | |
| Yes | TSPC | 0:16:28 | |
| IP | | Gateway IP | |
| 2001:8010:7300:200:50:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 (Global) | | FE80::90:1A00:242:AD52 | |
| 2001:8010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/128 (Global) | | | |
| FE80::50:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/128 (Link) | | | |
| DNS IP | | | |
| 2001:8000:168::1 | | | |
| 2001:8000:168::2 | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 9 | 47 | 672 | 4846 |

- **AICCU – Tunnel application**

Choose AICCU and type the information for AICCU of IPv6.

Note: While using such mode, you have to make sure the IPv4 network connection is normal.

(In the following figure, the AICCU information is obtained from <https://www.sixxs.net/main/> after applied for the service.)

Internet Access >> IPv6

IPv6 Mode

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Internet Access Mode | |
| Connection Type | AICCU |
| AICCU Configuration | |
| Username | AHJ5-SIXXS |
| Password | ●●●●●●●● |
| Confirm Password | ●●●●●●●● |
| Tunnel Broker | tic.sixxs.net |
| Subnet Prefix | 2001:4dd0:ff00:83e4::2 / 64 |

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shows as follows:

Online Status

| | | | |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Physical Connection | | System Uptime: 0day 0:0:49 | |
| IPv4 | IPv6 | | |
| LAN Status | | | |
| IP Address | | | |
| 2001:4DD0:FF00:83E4:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Global) | | | |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Link) | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 24 | 0 | 2080 | 0 |
| WAN1 IPv6 Status | | | |
| Enable | Mode | Up Time | |
| Yes | AICCU | 0:00:35 | |
| IP | | | Gateway IP |
| 2001:4DD0:FF00:3E4::2/64 (Global) | | | --- |
| FE80::4CD0:FE00:3E4::2/64 (Link) | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 18 | 13 | 2704 | 3022 |

- **DHCPv6 Client**

Choose DHCPv6 Client. Click one of the identity associations and type the IAID number.

Internet Access >> IPv6

IPv6 Mode

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Internet Access Mode | |
| Connection Type | DHCPv6 Client |
| DHCPv6 Client Configuration | |
| Identity Association | <input type="radio"/> Prefix Delegation <input checked="" type="radio"/> Non-temporary Address |
| IAID (Identity Association ID) | 2215 |

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shown as follows:

Online Status

| Physical Connection | | System Uptime: 0day 0:6:15 | |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| IPv4 | IPv6 | | |
| LAN Status | | | |
| IP Address | | | |
| 2001:1111:2222:3333::1/64 (Global) | | | |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Link) | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 27 | 138 | 2922 | 14466 |
| WAN1 IPv6 Status | | | |
| Enable | Mode | Up Time | |
| Yes | DHCPv6 Client | 0:00:33 | |
| IP | | | Gateway IP |
| 2001:1111:2222:7777::1111/128 (Global) | | | --- |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 (Link) | | | |
| DNS IP | | | |
| 2001:4860:4860::8888 | | | |
| 2001:4860:4860::8844 | | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes | RX Bytes |
| 22 | 18 | 2110 | 1732 |

- **Static IPv6**

Choose Static IPv6. Type IPv6 address, Prefix Length and Gateway Address.

Internet Access >> IPv6

IPv6 Mode

Internet Access Mode

Connection Type: Static IPv6

Static IPv6 Address configuration

IPv6 Address: 2001:B010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1 / Prefix Length: 64 Add Delete

Current IPv6 Address Table

| Index | IPv6 Address/Prefix Length | Scope |
|-------|--|--------|
| 1 | 2001:B010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 | Global |
| 2 | FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 | Link |

Click **OK** and open **Online Status**. If the connection is successful, the physical connection will be shown as follows:

Online Status

Physical Connection System Uptime: Oday 0:0:33

| IPv4 | IPv6 | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| LAN Status | | |
| IP Address | | |
| 2001:1111:2222:3333::1/64 (Global) | | |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE0/64 (Link) | | |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | |
| 8 | 15 | |
| TX Bytes | RX Bytes | |
| 696 | 1338 | |
| WAN1 IPv6 Status | | |
| Enable | Mode | Up Time |
| Yes | Static IPv6 | 0:00:30 |
| IP | | Gateway IP |
| 2001:B010:7300:201:250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 (Global) | | --- |
| FE80::250:7FFF:FEA7:6FE1/64 (Link) | | --- |
| TX Packets | RX Packets | TX Bytes |
| 16 | 4 | 1384 |
| | | RX Bytes |
| | | 424 |

II. Configuring the LAN Settings

After finished the WAN settings for IPv6, please configure the LAN settings to make the router's client getting the IPv6 address.

1. Access into the web configurator of Vigor2110. Open **LAN>> General Setup**. Click the **IPv6** button.

Note: Only the subnet of **LAN1** supports IPv6 feature.

LAN >> General Setup

Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup | **LAN 1 IPv6 Setup**

RADVD Configuration
 Enable Disable
Advertisement Lifetime: 1800 Seconds (Range : 600 - 9000)

DHCPv6 Server Configuration
 Enable Server Disable Server
Start IPv6 Address: 2001:4DD0:FF00:8805::20
End IPv6 Address: 2001:4DD0:FF00:8805::50
DNS Server IPv6 Address
Primary DNS Server: 2001:470:20::2
Secondary DNS Server:

Static IPv6 Address configuration
IPv6 Address / Prefix Length
/ Add Delete

Current IPv6 Address Table

| Index | IPv6 Address/Prefix Length | Scope |
|-------|---|--------|
| 1 | 2001:4DD0:FF00:8805:250:7FFF:FEEA:7EE0/64 | Global |
| 2 | FE80::250:7FFF:FEEA:7EE0/64 | Link |

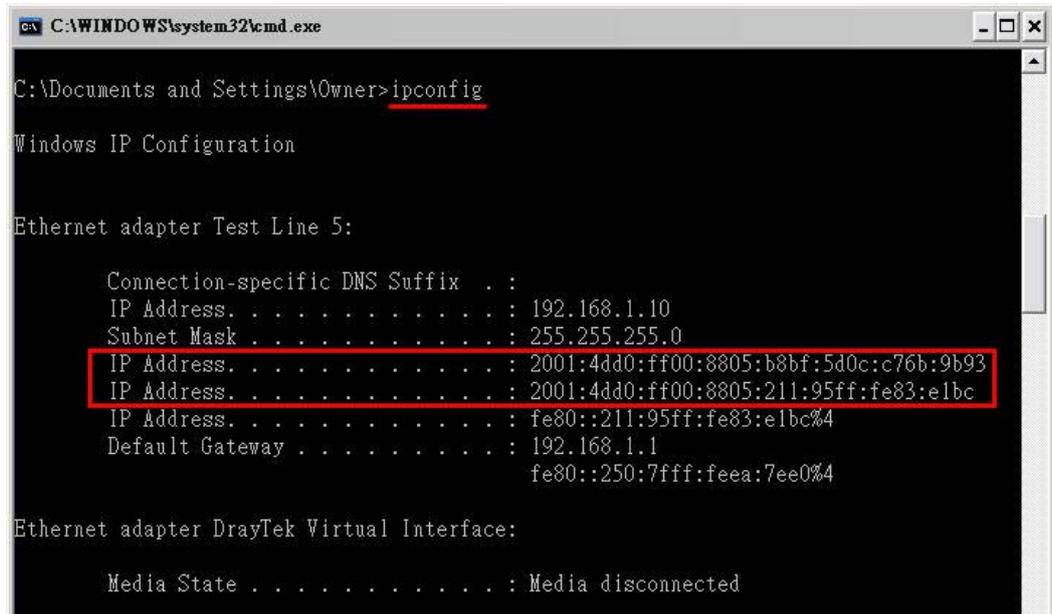
OK

2. In the field of **RADVD Configuration**, the default setting is **Enable**. The client's PC will ask RADVD service for the Prefix of IPv6 address automatically, and generate an Interface ID by itself to compose a full and unique IPv6 address.
3. In the field of **HCPv6 Server Configuration**, when DHCPv6 service is enabled, you can assign available IPv6 address for the client manually.

Note: When both mechanisms are enabled, the client can determine which mechanism to be used (e.g., the default mechanism for Windows7 is RADVD).

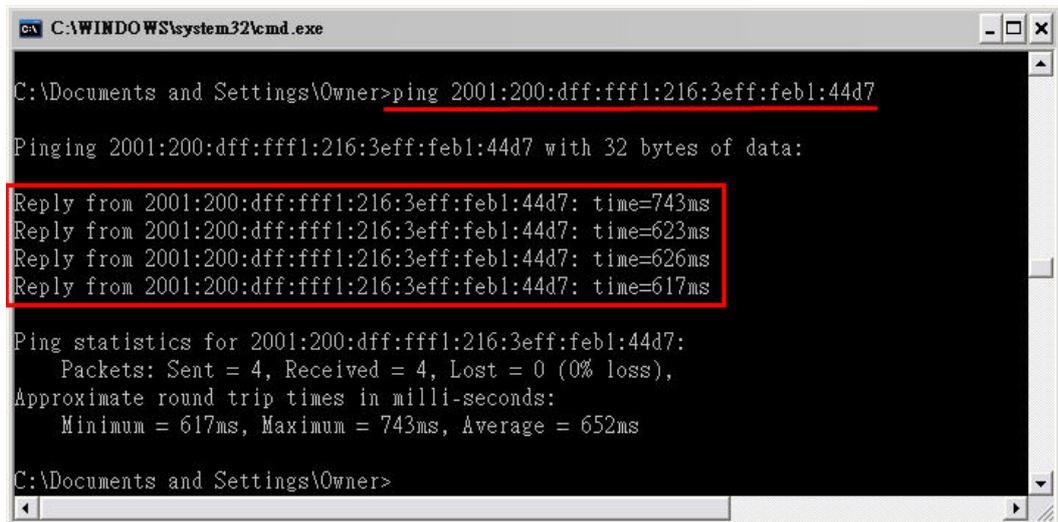
III. Confirming IPv6 Service Run Successfully

1. Make sure you have obtained the correct IPv6 IP address. Get into MS-DOS interface and type the command of “ipconfig”. Refer to the following figure.



From the above figure we can see IPv6 IP address has been detected by the system.

2. Use the Ping command to ping any IPv6 address indicating an IPv6 website. For example, www.kame.net is a website supporting IPv4 IP and IPv6 IP services. Its IPv6 address is seen with a format of 2001:200:dff:fff1:216:3eff:feb1:44d7.



After getting the above message, it means the IPv6 service has been activated successfully.

3. Connect to the website for IPv6. Open a web browser and type an URL of IPv6, e.g., www.kame.net. If your computer accesses into the website by using IPv6 address, you may see a turtle dancing on the screen. If not, only a steady turtle will be seen.



If you can see a turtle dancing on the screen, that means IPv6 service is ready for you to access and utilize.

3.2 How Can I Use FTP to Get the Files from USB Storage Device Connecting to Vigor Router?

There are three methods to get files from USB devices connecting to router.

- File Explorer – Under Administration operation, the administrator can control the files on USB storage device through USB Application>>File Explorer.
- FTP – Use common FTP utility.
- Samba – Invoke Samba service and use \\192.168.1.1 to access into the USB storage device.

Files on USB storage device can be reviewed by opening **USB Application>>File Explorer**. Below shows the example of getting files from FTP:

1. Plug the USB device to the USB port on the router. Make sure **Disk Connected** appears on the **Connection Status** as the figure shown below:

USB Application >> USB Disk Status



USB Mass Storage Device Status

Connection Status: **Disk Connected** Disconnect USB Disk

Write Protect Status: No

Disk Capacity: 2009 MB

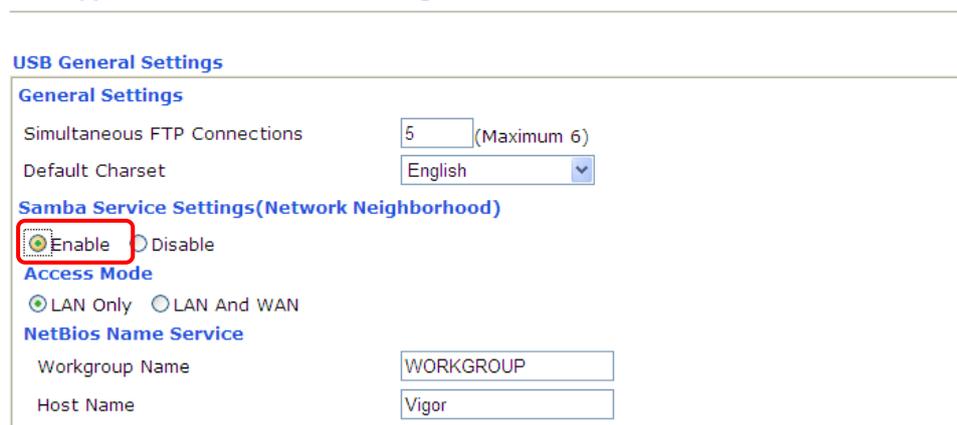
USB Disk Users Connected | Refresh |

| Index | Service | IP Address(Port) | Username |
|-------|---------|------------------|----------|
|-------|---------|------------------|----------|

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode. No data can be written to it.

2. Then, please open **USB Application >> USB General Settings** to enable Samba service.

USB Application >> USB General Settings



USB General Settings

General Settings

Simultaneous FTP Connections: 5 (Maximum 6)

Default Charset: English

Samba Service Settings(Network Neighborhood)

Enable Disable

Access Mode

LAN Only LAN And WAN

NetBios Name Service

Workgroup Name: WORKGROUP

Host Name: Vigor

3. Setup a user account for the FTP service by using **USB Application >>USB User Management**. Click **Enable** to enable FTP/Samba User account. Here we add a new account "user1" and assign authorities "Read", "Write" and "List" to it.

USB Application >> USB User Management

Profile Index: 1

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| FTP/Samba User | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable |
| Username | <input type="text" value="user1"/> |
| Password | <input type="password"/> (Maximum 11 Characters) |
| Confirm Password | <input type="password"/> |
| Home Folder | <input type="text"/> |
| Access Rule | |
| File | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Read <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Write <input type="checkbox"/> Delete |
| Directory | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> List <input type="checkbox"/> Create <input type="checkbox"/> Remove |

Note: The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - _ @ ~ ` ! () / and space.

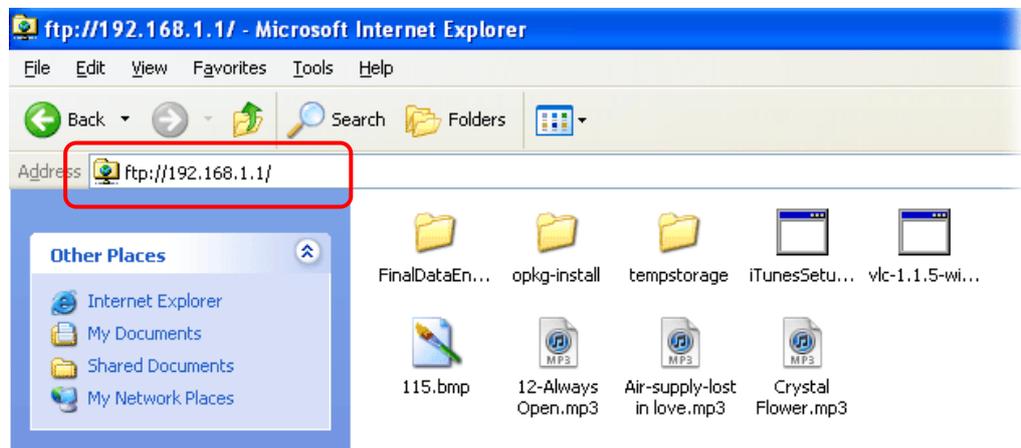
OK Clear Cancel

- Click **OK** to save the configuration.
- Make sure the FTP service is running properly. Please open a browser and type <ftp://192.168.1.1>. Use the account "user1" to login.



The 'Log On As' dialog box shows the FTP server address as 192.168.1.1. The 'User name' field contains 'user1'. The 'Password' field is empty. The 'Save password' checkbox is checked. The 'Log On' button is highlighted with a red box.

- When the following screen appears, it means the FTP service is running properly.



7. Return to **USB Application >> USB Disk Status**. The information for FTP server will be shown as below.

USB Application >> USB Disk Status

USB Mass Storage Device Status

Connection Status: Disk Connected
Write Protect Status: No
Disk Capacity: 2009 MB
Free Capacity: 1615 MB [Refresh](#)

USB Disk Users Connected | [Refresh](#) |

| Index | Service | IP Address(Port) | Username | |
|-------|---------|--------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | FTP | 192.168.1.10(3033) | user1 | <input type="button" value="Drop"/> |

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode.No data can be written to it.

Now, users in LAN of Vigor2110 can access into the USB storage device by typing ftp://192.168.1.1 on any browser. They can add or remove files / directories, depending on the Access Rule for FTP account settings in **USB Application >>USB User Management**.

3.3 How to Customize Your Login Page

Login page can be customized to fit the request of the administrator.

1. Open **System Maintenance>>Login Page Greeting**. Check the box, **Enable** to enable this function. Type a brief description (e.g., *Just for Carrie*) in the field of **Login Page Title** which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog. Type any message or description in the field of **Welcome Message and Bulletin** which will be shown on the bottom of the login dialog. Next, click **OK**.

System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting

Login Page Greeting

Enable

Login Page Title (31 char max.)

Welcome Message and Bulletin (Max 511 characters) [Preview](#) | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

```
<h1><b><font color=red>Welcome Message</font></b></h1><p>This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message. </p><ol><li>The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created </li><li>Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used</li></ol>
```

Examples of Welcome Message and Bulletin:
<h1>Welcome Message</h1>
<p>Message</p>

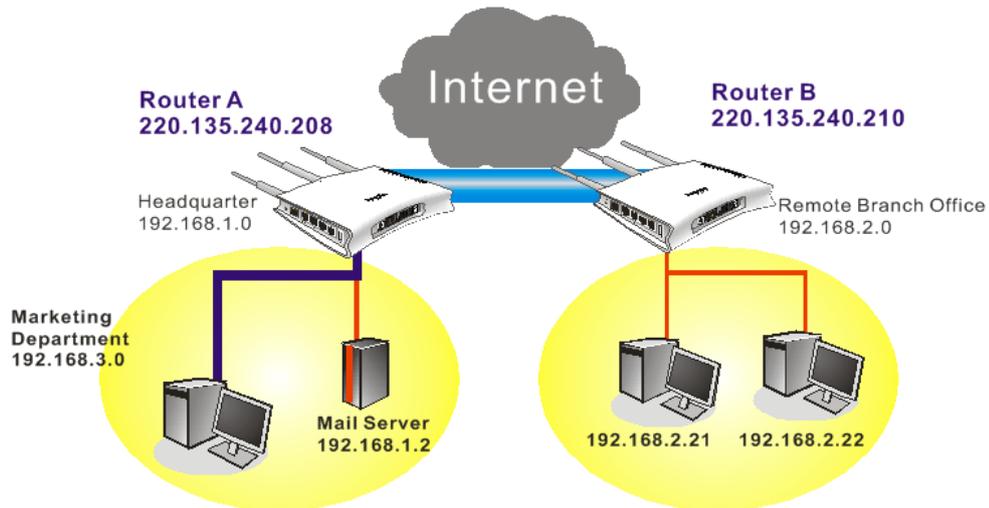
2. Log out the web user interface.
3. Open a new tab in the same browser (for IE 7.0/FireFox and above) or open a new web browser.
4. Try to access into the web configurator (e.g., 192.168.1.1) of Vigor router. Please note “*Just for Carrie*” is displayed as a heading on the login dialog box.



5. After typing the username and password (defined in **User Management>>User Profile**), click **Login**. You can access into Internet or access into the **Landing Page** if configured in **User Management>>General Setup**.

3.4 Create a LAN-to-LAN Connection Between Remote Office and Headquarter

The most common case is that you may want to connect to network securely, such as the remote branch office and headquarter. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a LAN-to-LAN profile. These two networks (LANs) should NOT have the same network address.



Settings in Router A in headquarter:

1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
2. Then,
For using **PPP** based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

[VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#)

| PPP General Setup | |
|--|--|
| PPP/MP Protocol | IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set) |
| Dial-In PPP Authentication: PAP or CHAP | Start IP Address: 192.168.1.200 |
| Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE): Optional MPPE | |
| Mutual Authentication (PAP): <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No | |
| Username: <input type="text"/> | |
| Password: <input type="text"/> | |

OK

For using **IPSec**-based service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

[VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec General Setup](#)

VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

| | |
|---|--|
| IKE Authentication Method | |
| Pre-Shared Key | ••••• |
| Confirm Pre-Shared Key | ••••• |
| IPSec Security Method | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium (AH) | Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted. |
| High (ESP) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |
| Data will be encrypted and authentic. | |

OK Cancel

3. Go to **LAN-to-LAN**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.

[VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN](#)

Profile Index : 1

1. Common Settings

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Profile Name | Branch1 | Call Direction | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-In |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile | | <input type="checkbox"/> Always on | |
| Netbios Naming Packet | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block | Idle Timeout | 300 second(s) |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive | |
| | | PING to the IP | |

5. Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router B aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.
If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

2. Dial-Out Settings

| | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>Type of Server I am calling</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="radio"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None </p> <p>Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)</p> <p><input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/></p> | | <p>Username <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="???"/></p> <p>Password <input style="width: 100px;" type="password"/></p> <p>PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP</p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p> | |
| | | <p>IKE Authentication Method</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) </p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p>None</p> | |
| | | <p>IPSec Security Method</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) DES without Authentication </p> <p><input type="button" value="Advanced"/></p> | |
| | | <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:</p> <p><input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/></p> | |

If a **PPP-based service** is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

2. Dial-Out Settings

| | | | |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>Type of Server I am calling</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPTP <input type="radio"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None </p> <p>Server IP/Host Name for VPN. (such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)</p> <p><input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/></p> | | <p>Username <input style="width: 100px;" type="text" value="draytek"/></p> <p>Password <input style="width: 100px;" type="password"/></p> <p>PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP</p> <p>VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off</p> | |
| | | <p>IKE Authentication Method</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) </p> <p>IKE Pre-Shared Key <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/></p> <p>None</p> | |
| | | <p>IPSec Security Method</p> <p> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) DES without Authentication </p> <p><input type="button" value="Advanced"/></p> | |
| | | <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:</p> <p><input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/></p> | |

6. Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router B dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In

connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

3. Dial-In Settings

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None | | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="password"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="button" value="IKE Pre-Shared Key"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) None |
| | | IPSec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |

If a **PPP-based service** is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

3. Dial-In Settings

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None | | Username <input type="text" value="draytek"/> Password <input type="password" value="....."/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.210"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="button" value="IKE Pre-Shared Key"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) None |
| | | IPSec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |

- At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router A can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router B via the VPN connection.

4. TCP/IP Network Settings

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| My WAN IP | <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> | RIP Direction | Disable |
| Remote Gateway IP | <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> | From first subnet to remote network, you have to do | |
| Remote Network IP | <input type="text" value="192.168.2.0"/> | Route | |
| Remote Network Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> | | |
| <input type="button" value="More"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this) | |

Settings in Router B in the remote office:

1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
2. Then, for using **PPP based** services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup

PPP General Setup

| | | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| PPP/MP Protocol | | IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set) |
| Dial-In PPP Authentication | PAP or CHAP | Start IP Address |
| Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE) | Optional MPPE | 192.168.2.200 |
| Mutual Authentication (PAP) | <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No | |
| Username | <input type="text"/> | |
| Password | <input type="text"/> | |

For using **IPSec-based** service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec General Setup

VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup
Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

IKE Authentication Method

Pre-Shared Key:

Confirm Pre-Shared Key:

IPSec Security Method

Medium (AH)
Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.

High (ESP) DES 3DES AES
Data will be encrypted and authentic.

3. Go to **LAN-to-LAN**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Common Settings** as shown below. You should enable both of VPN connections because any one of the parties may start the VPN connection.

VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN

Profile Index : 1
1. Common Settings

| | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Profile Name | Branch1 | Call Direction | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-In |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile | | <input type="checkbox"/> Always on | |
| Netbios Naming Packet | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block | Idle Timeout | 300 second(s) |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive | |
| | | PING to the IP | <input type="text"/> |

- Set **Dial-Out Settings** as shown below to dial to connect to Router B aggressively with the selected Dial-Out method.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-Out connection.

2. Dial-Out Settings

Type of Server I am calling

PPTP
 IPSec Tunnel
 L2TP with IPSec Policy None

Server IP/Host Name for VPN.
(such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)

Username

Password

PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP

VJ Compression On Off

IKE Authentication Method

Pre-Shared Key
 Digital Signature(X.509)

IKE Pre-Shared Key

None

IPSec Security Method

Medium(AH)
 High(ESP) DES without Authentication

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup:

, , ,

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, PPP Authentication and VJ Compression for this Dial-Out connection.

2. Dial-Out Settings

Type of Server I am calling

PPTP
 IPSec Tunnel
 L2TP with IPSec Policy None

Server IP/Host Name for VPN.
(such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)

Username

Password

PPP Authentication PAP/CHAP

VJ Compression On Off

IKE Authentication Method

Pre-Shared Key
 Digital Signature(X.509)

IKE Pre-Shared Key

None

IPSec Security Method

Medium(AH)
 High(ESP) DES without Authentication

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup:

, , ,

- Set **Dial-In settings** to as shown below to allow Router A dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an **IPSec-based** service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In

connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

3. Dial-In Settings

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None | | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="password"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.208"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) None |
| | | IPSec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

3. Dial-In Settings

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy None | | Username <input type="text" value="draytek"/> Password <input type="password" value="....."/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text" value="220.135.240.208"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) None |
| | | IPSec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |

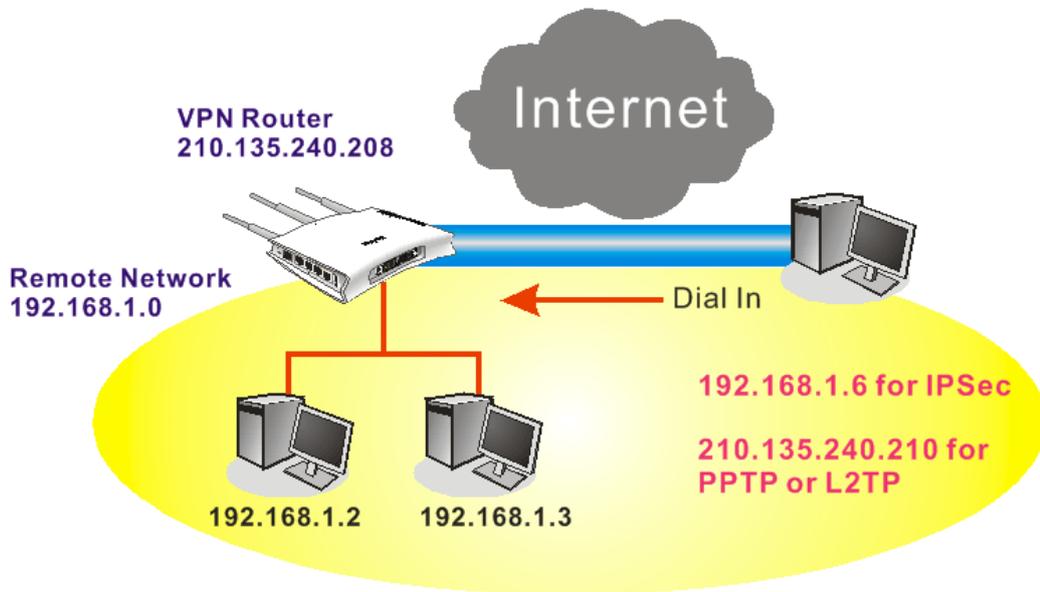
- At last, set the remote network IP/subnet in **TCP/IP Network Settings** so that Router B can direct the packets destined to the remote network to Router A via the VPN connection.

4. TCP/IP Network Settings

| | |
|---|--|
| My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="192.168.1.0"/> Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> <input type="button" value="More"/> | RIP Direction Disable From first subnet to remote network, you have to do Route <input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this) |
|---|--|

3.5 Create a Remote Dial-in User Connection Between the Teleworker and Headquarter

The other common case is that you, as a teleworker, may want to connect to the enterprise network securely. According to the network structure as shown in the below illustration, you may follow the steps to create a Remote User Profile and install Smart VPN Client on the remote host.



Settings in VPN Router in the enterprise office:

1. Go to **VPN and Remote Access** and select **Remote Access Control** to enable the necessary VPN service and click **OK**.
2. Then, for using PPP based services, such as PPTP, L2TP, you have to set general settings in **PPP General Setup**.

[VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#)

| PPP General Setup | |
|--|---|
| PPP/MP Protocol | |
| Dial-In PPP Authentication | <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> |
| Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE) | <input type="text" value="Optional MPPE"/> |
| Mutual Authentication (PAP) | <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> |
| IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set) | |
| Start IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.200"/> |

For using IPSec-based service, such as IPSec or L2TP with IPSec Policy, you have to set general settings in **IKE/IPSec General Setup**, such as the pre-shared key that both parties have known.

[VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec General Setup](#)

VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

| | |
|---|--|
| IKE Authentication Method | |
| Pre-Shared Key | |
| Confirm Pre-Shared Key | |
| IPSec Security Method | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium (AH) | Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted. |
| High (ESP) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |
| Data will be encrypted and authentic. | |

OK Cancel

3. Go to **Remote Dial-In User**. Click on one index number to edit a profile.
4. Set **Dial-In** settings to as shown below to allow the remote user dial-in to build VPN connection.

If an *IPSec-based* service is selected, you may further specify the remote peer IP Address, IKE Authentication Method and IPSec Security Method for this Dial-In connection. Otherwise, it will apply the settings defined in **IPSec General Setup** above.

[VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User](#)

Index No. 1

| | |
|---|--|
| User account and Authentication | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> |
| Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s) | Password <input type="text"/> |
| Allowed Dial-In Type | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> PPTP | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel | IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node | <input type="text" value="None"/> |
| Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number | IPSec Security Method |
| <input type="text"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) |
| or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |
| Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block | Local ID (optional) <input type="text"/> |

OK Clear Cancel

If a **PPP-based** service is selected, you should further specify the remote peer IP Address, Username, Password, and VJ Compression for this Dial-In connection.

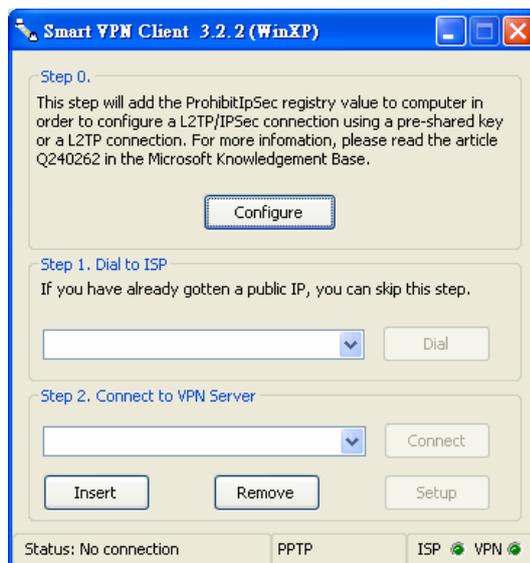
VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User

Index No. 1

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| <p>User account and Authentication</p> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s) | | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="text"/> |
| <p>Allowed Dial-In Type</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/> | | <p>IKE Authentication Method</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block | | <p>IPSec Security Method</p> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES Local ID (optional) <input type="text"/> |

Settings in the remote host:

- For Win98/ME, you may use "Dial-up Networking" to create the PPTP tunnel to Vigor router. For Win2000/XP, please use "Network and Dial-up connections" or "Smart VPN Client", complimentary software to help you create PPTP, L2TP, and L2TP over IPSec tunnel. You can find it in CD-ROM in the package or go to www.draytek.com download center. Install as instructed.
- After successful installation, for the first time user, you should click on the **Step 0. Configure** button. Reboot the host.



3. In **Step 2. Connect to VPN Server**, click **Insert** button to add a new entry.

If an IPSec-based service is selected as shown below,

Dial To VPN

Session Name: Office

VPN Server IP/HOST Name(such as 123.45.67.89 or draytek.com)

192.168.1.1

User Name : draytek_user1

Password : *****

Type of VPN

PPTP L2TP

IPSec Tunnel L2TP over IPSec

PPTP Encryption

No encryption

Require encryption

Maximum strength encryption

Use default gateway on remote network

OK Cancel

You may further specify the method you use to get IP, the security method, and authentication method. If the Pre-Shared Key is selected, it should be consistent with the one set in VPN router.

IPSec Policy Setting

My IP : 172.16.3.100

Type of IPSec

Standard IPSec Tunnel

Remote Subnet : 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Remote Subnet Mask : 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Virture IP DrayTek Virture Interface

Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP over IPSec)

Specify an IP address

IP Address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 201

Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

Security Method

Medium(AH) High(ESP)

MD5 DES

Authority Method

Pre-shared Key : *****

Certification Authority: Browse...

OK Cancel

If a PPP-based service is selected, you should further specify the remote VPN server IP address, Username, Password, and encryption method. The User Name and Password should be consistent with the one set up in the VPN router. To use default gateway on remote network means that all the packets of remote host will be directed to VPN server

then forwarded to Internet. This will make the remote host seem to be working in the enterprise network.

Dial To VPN

Session Name: office

VPN Server IP/HOST Name(such as 123.45.67.89 or draytek.com)

192.168.1.1

User Name : draytek_user1

Password : *****

Type of VPN

PPTP L2TP

IPsec Tunnel L2TP over IPsec

PPTP Encryption

No encryption

Require encryption

Maximum strength encryption

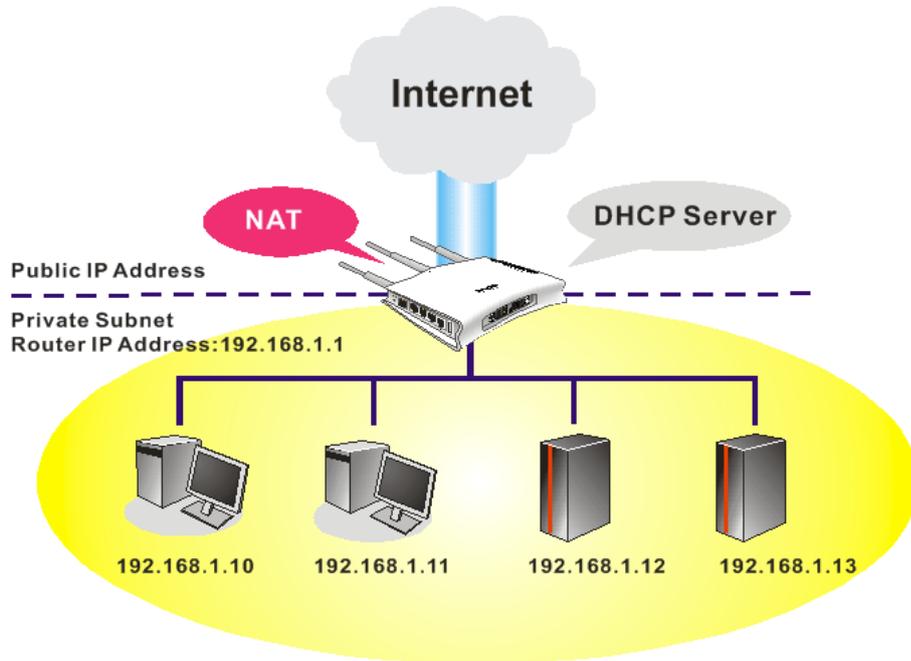
Use default gateway on remote network

OK Cancel

4. Click **Connect** button to build connection. When the connection is successful, you will find a green light on the right down corner.

3.6 LAN – Created by Using NAT

An example of default setting and the corresponding deployment are shown below. The default Vigor router private IP address/Subnet Mask is 192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0. The built-in DHCP server is enabled so it assigns every local NATed host an IP address of 192.168.1.x starting from 192.168.1.10.



You can just set the settings wrapped inside the red rectangles to fit the request of NAT usage.

[LAN >> General Setup](#)

Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup

LAN IP Network Configuration

For NAT Usage

1st IP Address: 192.168.1.5

1st Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

For IP Routing Usage: Enable Disable

2nd IP Address: 192.168.2.1

2nd Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

RIP Protocol Control: Disable

DHCP Server Configuration

Enable Server Disable Server

Relay Agent: 1st Subnet 2nd Subnet

Start IP Address: 192.168.1.10

IP Pool Counts: 50

Gateway IP Address: 192.168.1.5

DHCP Server IP Address: []

for Relay Agent: []

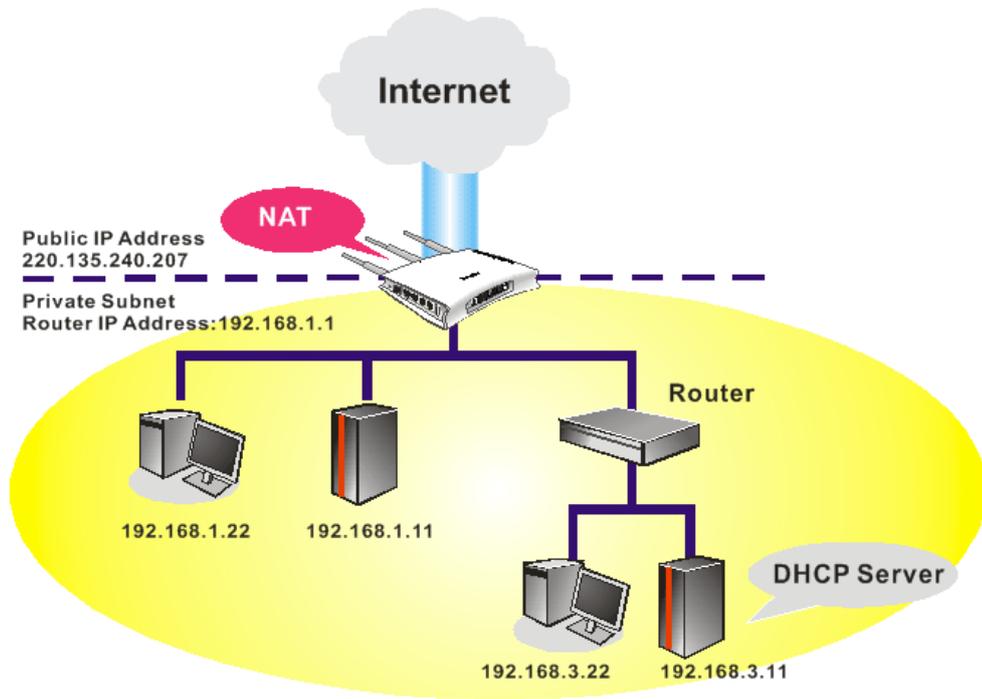
DNS Server IP Address

Force DNS manual setting

Primary IP Address: []

Secondary IP Address: []

To use another DHCP server in the network rather than the built-in one of Vigor Router, you have to change the settings as show below.



You can just set the settings wrapped inside the red rectangles to fit the request of NAT usage.

LAN >> General Setup

Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup

| LAN IP Network Configuration | | DHCP Server Configuration | |
|--|--|--|---|
| For NAT Usage | | <input type="radio"/> Enable Server <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable Server | |
| 1st IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.5"/> | Relay Agent: | <input type="radio"/> 1st Subnet <input type="radio"/> 2nd Subnet |
| 1st Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> | Start IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/> |
| For IP Routing Usage <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable | | IP Pool Counts | <input type="text" value="50"/> |
| 2nd IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/> | Gateway IP Address | <input type="text" value="192.168.1.5"/> |
| 2nd Subnet Mask | <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> | DHCP Server IP Address for Relay Agent | <input type="text" value="192.168.3.11"/> |
| <input type="button" value="2nd Subnet DHCP Server"/> | | DNS Server IP Address | |
| RIP Protocol Control | <input type="text" value="Disable"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> Force DNS manual setting | |
| | | Primary IP Address | <input type="text"/> |
| | | Secondary IP Address | <input type="text"/> |

3.7 Calling Scenario for VoIP function

3.7.1 Calling via SIP Sever

Example 1: Both John and David have SIP Addresses from different service providers.

John's SIP URL: 1234@draytel.org, David's SIP URL: 4321@iptel.org

Settings for John

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number: 1111
Display Name: David
SIP URL: 4321@iptel.org

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: draytel1
Register via: Auto
SIP Port: 5060 (default)
Domain/Realm: draytel.org
Proxy: draytel.org
Act as outbound proxy:
unchecked
Display Name: John
Account Number/Name: 1234
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: ****
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF ---

(Use default value)

Settings for David

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number:2222
Display Name: John
SIP URL:1234@draytel.org

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: iptel 1
Register via: Auto
SIP Port: 5060(default)
Domain/Realm: iptel.org
Proxy: iptel.org
Act as outbound proxy:
unchecked
Display Name: David
Account Name: 4321
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: ****
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF ---

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

| | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Phone Number | 1111 |
| Display Name | David |
| SIP URL | 4321@iptel.org |
| Dial Out Account | Default |
| Loop through | None |
| Backup Phone Number | |

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Profile Name | draytel 1 | (11 char max.) |
| Register | Auto | <input type="checkbox"/> Call without Registration |
| SIP Port | 5060 | |
| Domain/Realm | draytel.org | (63 char max.) |
| Proxy | draytel.org | (63 char max.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Act as outbound proxy | | |
| Display Name | John | (23 char max.) |
| Account Number/Name | 1234 | (63 char max.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Authentication ID | | (63 char max.) |
| Password | **** | (63 char max.) |
| Expiry Time | 1 hour | 3600 sec |
| NAT Traversal Support | None | |
| Ring Port | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Phone 2 | |
| Ring Pattern | 1 | |

OK Cancel

John calls David ---

He picks up the phone and dials 1111#. (DialPlan Phone Number for David)

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

| | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| Phone Number | 2222 |
| Display Name | John |
| SIP URL | 1234@draytel.org |
| Dial Out Account | Default |
| Loop through | None |
| Backup Phone Number | |

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| Profile Name | iptel 1 | (11 char max.) |
| Register | Auto | <input type="checkbox"/> Call without Registration |
| SIP Port | 5060 | |
| Domain/Realm | iptel.org | (63 char max.) |
| Proxy | iptel.org | (63 char max.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Act as outbound proxy | | |
| Display Name | David | (23 char max.) |
| Account Number/Name | 4321 | (63 char max.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Authentication ID | | (63 char max.) |
| Password | **** | (63 char max.) |
| Expiry Time | 1 hour | 3600 sec |
| NAT Traversal Support | None | |
| Ring Port | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Phone 2 | |
| Ring Pattern | 1 | |

OK Cancel

David calls John

He picks up the phone and dials 2222# (DialPlan

(Use default value)

Phone Number for John)

Example 2: Both John and David have SIP Addresses from the same service provider.

John's SIP URL: 1234@draytel.org , David's SIP URL: 4321@draytel.org

Settings for John

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number: 1111
Display Name: David
SIP URL: 4321@draytel.org

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: draytel 1
Register via: Auto
SIP Port: 5060 (default)
Domain/Realm: draytel.org
Proxy: draytel.org
Act as outbound proxy: unchecked
Display Name: John
Account Number/Name: 1234
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: ****
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF ---

(Use default value)

Settings for David

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number:2222
Display Name: John
SIP URL:1234@draytel.org

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: John
Register via: Auto
SIP Port: 5060(default)
Domain/Realm: draytel.org
Proxy: iptel.org
Act as outbound proxy: unchecked
Display Name: David
Account Name: 4321
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: ****
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF---

(Use default value)

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number: 1111

Display Name: David

SIP URL: 4321@draytel.org

Dial Out Account: Default

Loop through: None

Backup Phone Number:

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

Profile Name: draytel 1 (11 char max.)

Register: Auto Call without Registration

SIP Port: 5060

Domain/Realm: draytel.org (63 char max.)

Proxy: draytel.org (63 char max.)

Act as outbound proxy

Display Name: John (23 char max.)

Account Number/Name: 1234 (63 char max.)

Authentication ID (63 char max.)

Password: **** (63 char max.)

Expiry Time: 1 hour 3600 sec

NAT Traversal Support: None

Ring Port: Phone 1 Phone 2

Ring Pattern: 1

OK Cancel

John calls David

He picks up the phone and dials 1111#. (DialPlan Phone Number for David) Or,
He picks up the phone and dials 4321#. (David's Account Name)

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number: 2222

Display Name: John

SIP URL: 1234@draytel.org

Dial Out Account: Default

Loop through: None

Backup Phone Number:

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

Profile Name: draytel 1 (11 char max.)

Register: Auto Call without Registration

SIP Port: 5060

Domain/Realm: draytel.org (63 char max.)

Proxy: draytel.org (63 char max.)

Act as outbound proxy

Display Name: David (23 char max.)

Account Number/Name: 4321 (63 char max.)

Authentication ID (63 char max.)

Password: **** (63 char max.)

Expiry Time: 1 hour 3600 sec

NAT Traversal Support: None

Ring Port: Phone 1 Phone 2

Ring Pattern: 1

OK Cancel

David calls John

He picks up the phone and dials 2222# (DialPlan Phone Number for John) Or,
He picks up the phone and dials 1234# (John's Account Name)

3.7.2 Peer-to-Peer Calling

Example 3: Arnor and Paulin have Vigor routers respectively. They can call each other *without* SIP Registrar. First they must have each other's IP address and assign an Account Name for the port used for calling.

Arnor's SIP URL: 1234@214.61.172.53 Paulin's SIP URL: 4321@ 203.69.175.24

Settings for Arnor

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number: 1111
Display Name: paulin
SIP URL: 4321@ 203.69.175.24

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: Paulin
Register via: None
SIP Port: 5060(default)
Domain/Realm: (blank)
Proxy: (blank)
Act as outbound proxy: unchecked
Display Name: Arnor
Account Name: 1234
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: (blank)
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF---

(Use default value)

Settings for Paulin

DialPlan index 1
Phone Number:2222
Display Name: Arnor
SIP URL: 1234@214.61.172.53

SIP Accounts Settings ---

Profile Name: Arnor
Register via: None
SIP Port: 5060(default)
Domain/Realm: (blank)
Proxy: (blank)
Act as outbound proxy: unchecked
Display Name: Paulin
Account Name: 4321
Authentication ID: unchecked
Password: (blank)
Expiry Time: (use default value)

CODEC/RTP/DTMF---

(Use default value)

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number: 1111

Display Name: paulin

SIP URL: 4321 @ 203.69.175.24

Dial Out Account: Default

Loop through: None

Backup Phone Number:

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

Profile Name: Paulin (11 char max.)

Register: Auto Call without Registration

SIP Port: 5060

Domain/Realm: (63 char max.)

Proxy: (63 char max.)

Act as outbound proxy

Display Name: Arnor (23 char max.)

Account Number/Name: 1234 (63 char max.)

Authentication ID: (63 char max.)

Password: ***** (63 char max.)

Expiry Time: 1 hour 3600 sec

NAT Traversal Support: None

Ring Port: Phone 1 Phone 2

Ring Pattern: 1

OK Cancel

Arnor calls Paulin

He picks up the phone and dials **1111#**. (DialPlan Phone Number for Arnor)

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number: 2222

Display Name: Arnor

SIP URL: 1234 @ 214.61.172.53

Dial Out Account: Default

Loop through: None

Backup Phone Number:

OK Clear Cancel

VoIP >> SIP Accounts

SIP Account Index No. 1

Profile Name: Arnor (11 char max.)

Register: Auto Call without Registration

SIP Port: 5060

Domain/Realm: (63 char max.)

Proxy: (63 char max.)

Act as outbound proxy

Display Name: Paulin (23 char max.)

Account Number/Name: 4321 (63 char max.)

Authentication ID: (63 char max.)

Password: ***** (63 char max.)

Expiry Time: 1 hour 3600 sec

NAT Traversal Support: None

Ring Port: Phone 1 Phone 2

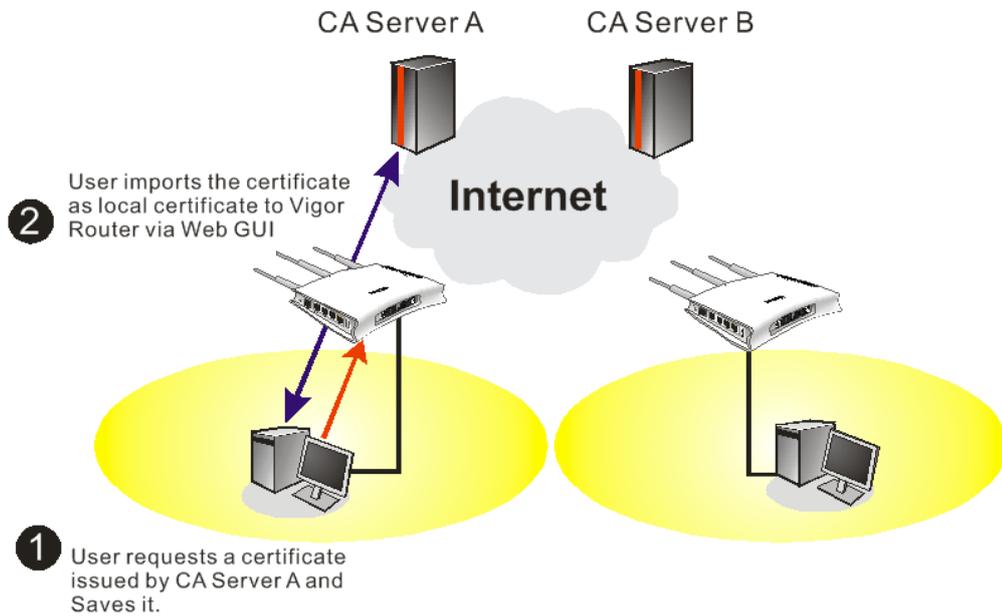
Ring Pattern: 1

OK Cancel

Paulin calls Arnor

He picks up the phone and dials **2222#** (DialPlan Phone Number for John)

3.8 Request a certificate from a CA server on Windows CA Server



1. Go to **Certificate Management** and choose **Local Certificate**.

[Certificate Management >> Local Certificate](#)

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|-------|---------|--------|---|
| Local | --- | --- | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

X509 Local Certificate

- You can click **GENERATE** button to start to edit a certificate request. Enter the information in the certificate request.

[Certificate Management >> Local Certificate](#)

Generate Certificate Request

Subject Alternative Name

Type: IP Address (dropdown)
 IP:

Subject Name

Country (C):
 State (ST):
 Location (L):
 Organization (O):
 Organization Unit (OU):
 Common Name (CN):
 Email (E):

Key Type: RSA (dropdown)
Key Size: 1024 Bit (dropdown)

- Copy and save the X509 Local Certificate Request as a text file and save it for later use.

[Certificate Management >> Local Certificate](#)

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|-------|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| Local | /C=TW/ST=HC/L=HC/O=Draytek/O... | Requesting | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

X509 Local Certificate

```

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARMCAQAwajELMAkGA1UEBhMCVFcxZzAJBgNVBAGTAkhDMQswCQYDVQQH
EwJlQzEQMA4GA1UEChMHRRHJheXR1azELMAkGA1UECzMUkQxIjAgBgkqhkiG9w0B
CQEW3N1cHBvcnRAZHJheXR1ay5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgYOAAMIGJ
AoGBALMjdTsqqfF97FEpYy+IqeJVJGuSrtqG6EtW8yTU5HQvXpAzcrGJBGr1kTUBX
a1X//fgnEccQA2LPSQIQ85Qychwq07EmOEDf10wHwCa1AZQoGvIiODMC7f5w9xAS
m6+Of4xZ4QQnjXXgcICOBj1iAa6MLScelSynZhkgN1QN5uFgMBAAGGADANBgkq
hkiG9w0BAQUFAAQBQ3sdwVc21t9qn4U6X2BJSVzu7JHafSSeUnaYDZefCmGfX
9yojHpstNsmWsmRUawGeKcWc8S/gLthHr6iccMoToQFx/LWdaEPUSLqryBKKgC9t
eorpDa1/rC9ZwCra0t8XUmPqNoiytq8BxStTE8vULiIxmwaBvc1hWFSXKVLU7g==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```

- Connect to CA server via web browser. Follow the instruction to submit the request. Below we take a Windows 2000 CA server for example. Select **Request a Certificate**.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

Welcome

You use this web site to request a certificate for your web browser, e-mail client, or other secure program. Once you acquire a certificate, you will be able to securely identify yourself to other people over the web, sign your e-mail messages, encrypt your e-mail messages, and more depending upon the type of certificate you request.

Select a task:

- Retrieve the CA certificate or certificate revocation list
- Request a certificate
- Check on a pending certificate

Select **Advanced request**.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

Choose Request Type

Please select the type of request you would like to make:

User certificate request

Advanced request

[Next >](#)

Select **Submit a certificate request a base64 encoded PKCS #10 file or a renewal request using a base64 encoded PKCS #7 file**

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

Advanced Certificate Requests

You can request a certificate for yourself, another user, or a computer using one of the following methods. Note that the policy of the certification authority (CA) will determine the certificates that you can obtain.

Submit a certificate request to this CA using a form.

Submit a certificate request using a base64 encoded PKCS #10 file or a renewal request using a base64 encoded PKCS #7 file.

Request a certificate for a smart card on behalf of another user using the Smart Card Enrollment Station.
You must have an enrollment agent certificate to submit a request for another user.

[Next >](#)

Import the X509 Local Certificate Request text file. Select **Router (Offline request)** or **IPSec (Offline request)** below.

Microsoft Certificate Services -- vigor Home

Submit A Saved Request

Paste a base64 encoded PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 renewal request generated by an external application (such as a web server) into the request field to submit the request to the certification authority (CA).

Saved Request:

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARCAQAwQTELHAKGA1UEBhMCVFcxEEDAQ
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEQEWEXByZXNzQGRyYX10ZU9uY29t
A4GNADCB1QKBgQDQYB7mmZFfFhN9/ IeQnG03Xk++
hX4bp89cUF9d1oACGG1M/tcBoekdcZdFFFvIXcP3
x/G0A7CTv0/fQzpxroCw1JTjLSjS0/Bn9v50951G
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

[Browse for a file to insert.](#)

Certificate Template: Administrator

Additional Attributes: Administrator, Authenticated Session, Basic EFS, EFS Recovery Agent, User, **IPSEC (Offline request)**, **Router (Offline request)**, Subordinate Certification Authority, Web Server

[Submit >](#)

Then you have done the request and the server now issues you a certificate. Select **Base 64 encoded** certificate and **Download CA certificate**. Now you should get a certificate (.cer file) and save it.

5. Back to Vigor router, go to **Local Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and

you will find the below window showing “-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----.....”

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|-------|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| Local | /C=TW/ST=HC/L=HC/O=Draytek/O... | Requesting | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

X509 Local Certificate

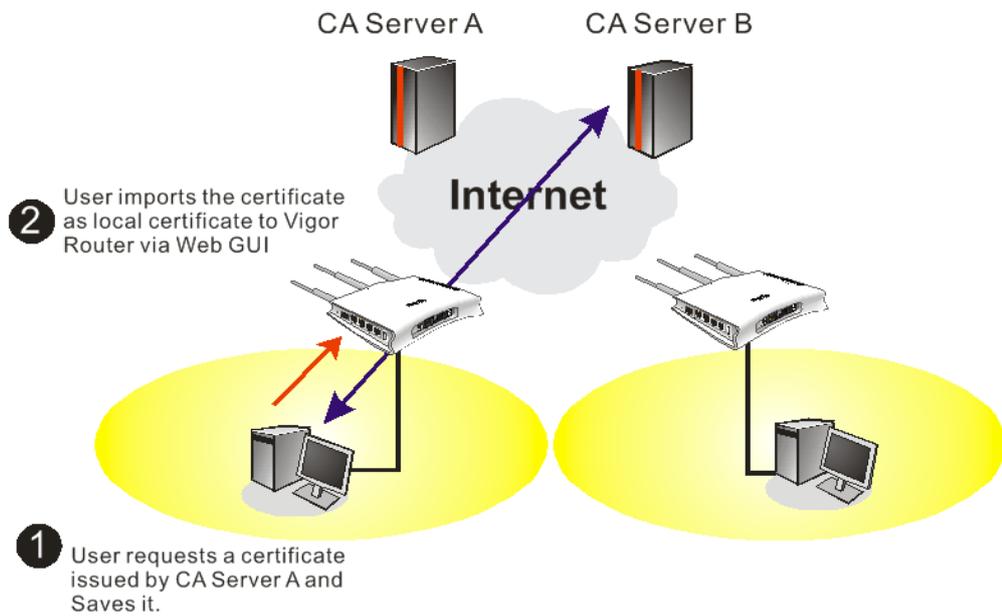
```

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARMCQAwwajELMAkGA1UEBhMCVFcx CzAJBgNVBAGTAkhDMQswCQYDVQQH
EwJlIQzEQMA4GA1UEChMHRHJheXRlay5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgYDAMIGJ
AQGBALMjdTsqfF97FEpYy+IqeJVJGuSRtqG6EtW8yTUSHQvXpAzcrGJBGrIkTUBX
a1X//fgnEccQA2LPSQIQ85Qychwq07BmOEDf10wHwCa1AZQoGvIiODMC7f5w9xA8
m6+Of4xZ4QQnjXXgcIC0Bj1iAa6MLScelSynZhkgQ1QN5uFAGMBAAGGADANBgkq
hkiG9w0BAQFAAOBgQCq3sdwVc21t9qn4U6X2BJSVzu7JHafSSeUnaYDZefCmGfX
9yojHpstNsmWsmRuAwGeKCWc8S/gLtHhr6iccMoToQFz/LWdaEPU5LqryBKKgC9t
eorpDa1/rC9ZwCra0t8XUmPqNoiytq8BxStTE8vULiIxwvaBvc1hWFSXKVLU7g==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
    
```

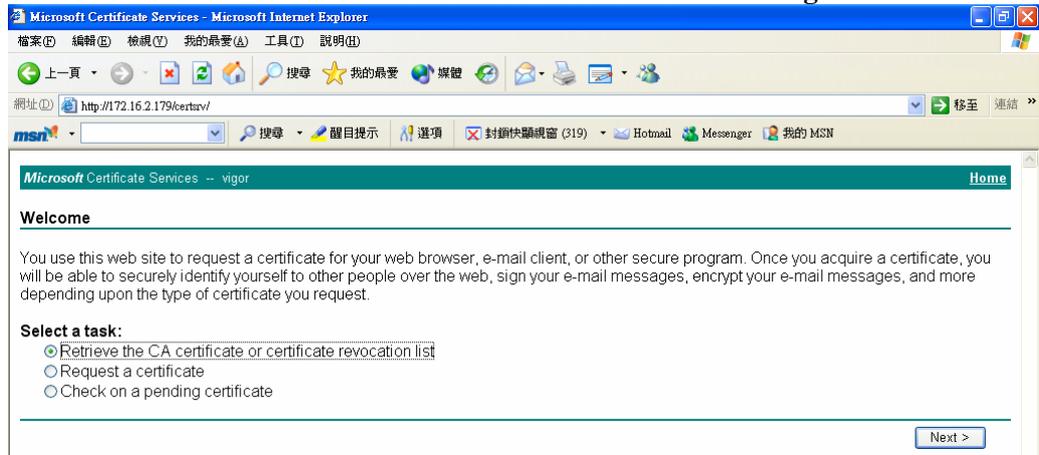
- You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Name : | Local |
| Issuer : | /C=US/CN=vigor |
| Subject : | /emailAddress=press@draytek.com/C=TW/O=Draytek |
| Subject Alternative Name : | DNS: draytek.com |
| Valid From : | Aug 30 23:08:43 2005 GMT |
| Valid To : | Aug 30 23:17:47 2007 GMT |

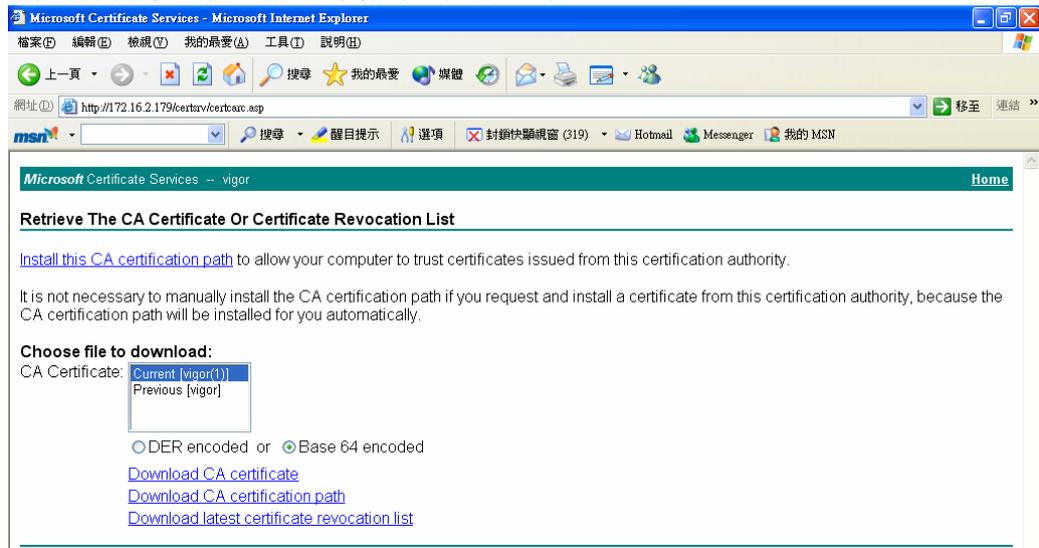
3.9 Request a CA Certificate and Set as Trusted on Windows CA Server



1. Use web browser connecting to the CA server that you would like to retrieve its CA certificate. Click **Retrieve the CA certificate or certificate recording list**.



2. In **Choose file to download**, click CA Certificate **Current** and **Base 64 encoded**, and **Download CA certificate** to save the .cer file.



3. Back to Vigor router, go to **Trusted CA Certificate**. Click **IMPORT** button and browse the file to import the certificate (.cer file) into Vigor router. When finished, click refresh and you will find the below illustration.

[Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate](#)

X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify | |
|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Trusted CA-1 | /C=US/CN=vigor | Not Yet Valid | View | Delete |
| Trusted CA-2 | --- | --- | View | Delete |
| Trusted CA-3 | --- | --- | View | Delete |

[IMPORT](#) [REFRESH](#)

4. You may review the detail information of the certificate by clicking **View** button.

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Name : | Trusted CA-1 |
| Issuer : | /C=US/CN=vigor |
| Subject : | /C=US/CN=vigor |
| Subject Alternative Name : | DNS:draytek.com |
| Valid From : | Aug 30 23:08:43 2005 GMT |
| Valid To : | Aug 30 23:17:47 2007 GMT |

[Close](#)

Note: Before setting certificate configuration, please go to **System Maintenance >> Time and Date** to reset current time of the router first.

3.10 Creating an Account for MyVigor

The website of MyVigor (a server located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>) provides several useful services (such as Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter, Anti-Intrusion, and etc.) to filtering the web pages for the sake of protecting your system.

To access into MyVigor for getting more information, please create an account for MyVigor.

3.10.1 Creating an Account via Vigor Router

1. Click **CSM>> Web Content Filter Profile**. The following page will appear.

[CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile](#)

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)
[Status:Not Activated]

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Setup Query Server | <input type="text" value="auto-selected"/> | Find more |
| Setup Test Server | <input type="text" value="auto-selected"/> | Find more |

Web Content Filter Profile Table: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|--------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 1. | Default | 5. | |
| 2. | | 6. | |

Or

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page.

[System Maintenance >> Activation](#) **Activate via interface :**

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)
[Status:Not Activated]

Authentication Message

```
WebFilter, service not activate 2010-07-27 05:44:03
```

2. Click the **Activate** link. A login page for MyVigor web site will pop up automatically.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor.
If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code : 

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#).

Forget password?

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.
Customer Service : (886) 3 697 2727 or
email to : webmaster@draytek.com

3. Click the link of **Create an account now**.
4. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.

5. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

6. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.

7. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

Completion

A confirmation email has been sent to **mary_ted@tech.com**
Please click on the activation link in the email
to activate your account

START

8. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com**.

***** This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com.*****

Thank you (**Mary**) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : [Activate my Account](#)

9. Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.

Register

Search for this site GO

Register Confirm

Thank for your register in VigorPro Web Site
The Register process is completed

Close Login

- When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**.

This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor. If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code : **T4he1C**

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#).

[Forget password?](#)

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.
Customer Service : (888) 3 597 2727 or
email to :webmaster@draytek.com

- Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

3.10.2 Creating an Account via MyVigor Web Site

- Access into <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. Find the line of **Not registered yet?**. Then, click the link **Click here!** to access into next page.

DrayTek MyVigor Customer Survey

Home Search GO

MyVigor for you

MyVigor website replaces the VigorPro site as DrayTek's portal site for the latest products and services in network security, including Anti-Virus, Anti-Spam, Web Content Filter... etc. The products and functions that are supported in this site include:

VigorPro Unified Security Firewall series:

- Activation of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter license key
- Activation of DT Anti-Virus license key
- Activation of Kaspersky Anti-Virus license key
- Activation of Commtouch™ Anti-Spam license key and membership

Vigor routers (for models that support Commtouch™)

- Activation of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter license key

The MyVigor website contains a trial version of Commtouch™ GlobalView Web Content Filter, which allows the users to set filters to block out undesirable web pages in the Internet jungle.

More customer-oriented services are planned for MyVigor site for the near future.

Please use IE 5.0 or above (resolution 1024 * 768) for best display. © DrayTek Corp.

Login

UserName

Password

AuthCode

If you can't read the AuthCode, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

Not registered yet ? [Click here!](#)

2. Check to confirm that you accept the Agreement and click **Accept**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement

MyVigor Agreement

1. Agreement
Draytek provides MyVigor(myvigor.draytek.com) service according to this agreement. When you use MyVigor service, it means that you have read, understand and agree to accept the items listed in this agreement. Draytek can modify or change the content of the items without any reasons. It is suggested for you to notice the modifications or changes at any time. If you still use MyVigor service after knowing the modifications and changes of this service, it means you have read, understand and agree to accept the modifications and changes. If you do not agree the content of this agreement, please stop using MyVigor service.

2. Registration
To use this service, you have to agree the following conditions:
(a) Provide your complete and correct information according to the registration steps of this service.
(b) If you provide any incorrect or fake information here, DrayTek has the right to pause or terminate your account.
 I have read and understand the above Agreement. (Use the scroll bar to view the entire agreement)

<< Back Accept >>

3. Type your personal information in this page and then click **Continue**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile. (Fields marked by (*) are required)

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

Account Information

UserName:* Mary Check Account
(3 ~ 20 characters)

Password:* ●●●●
(4 ~ 20 characters : Do not set the same as the username.)

Confirm Password:* ●●●●

Personal Information

First Name:* Mary

Last Name:* Ted

Company Name: Tech Ltd.

Email Address:* mary_ted@tech.com
Please note that a valid E-mail address is required to receive the Subscription Code. You will need this code to activate your account.

Tel: 0 -

Country:* SWITZERLAND

Career:* Supervisor

<< Back Continue >>

4. Choose proper selection for your computer and click **Continue**.

Register

Create an account - Please enter personal profile.

1 Agreement

2 Personal Information

3 Preferences

4 Completion

How did you find out about this website? Internet

What kind of anti-virus do you use? AntiVir

I would like to subscribe to the MyVigor e-letter.

I would like to receive DrayTek product news.

Please select the mail server for receiving the verification mail. Global Server

<< Back Continue >>

5. Now you have created an account successfully. Click START.



6. Check to see the confirmation *email* with the title of **New Account Confirmation Letter from myvigor.draytek.com**.

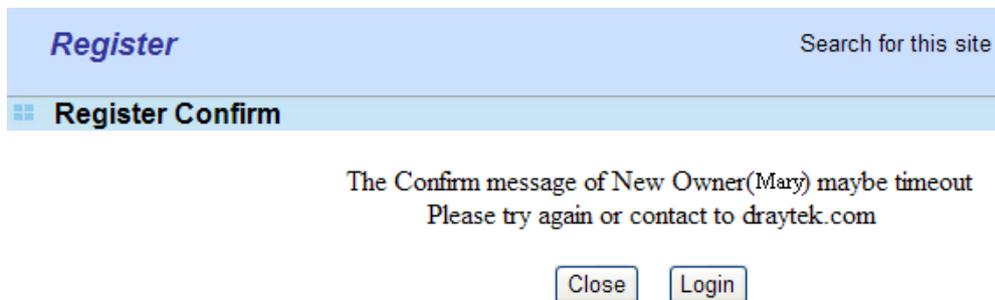
***** This is an automated message from myvigor.draytek.com.*****

Thank you (**Mary**) for creating an account.

Please click on the activation link below to activate your account

Link : [Activate my Account](#)

7. Click the **Activate my Account** link to enable the account that you created. The following screen will be shown to verify the register process is finished. Please click **Login**.



- When you see the following page, please type in the account and password (that you just created) in the fields of **UserName** and **Password**. Then type the code in the box of Auth Code according to the value displayed on the right side of it.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor.
If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

LOGIN

UserName :

Password :

Auth Code : **T4he1C**

If you cannot read the word, [click here](#)

[Forget password?](#)

Don't have a MyVigor Account ? [Create an account now](#)

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.
Customer Service : (886) 3 597 2727 or
email to :webmaster@draytek.com

Now, click **Login**. Your account has been activated. You can access into MyVigor server to activate the service (e.g., WCF) that you want.

This page is left blank.

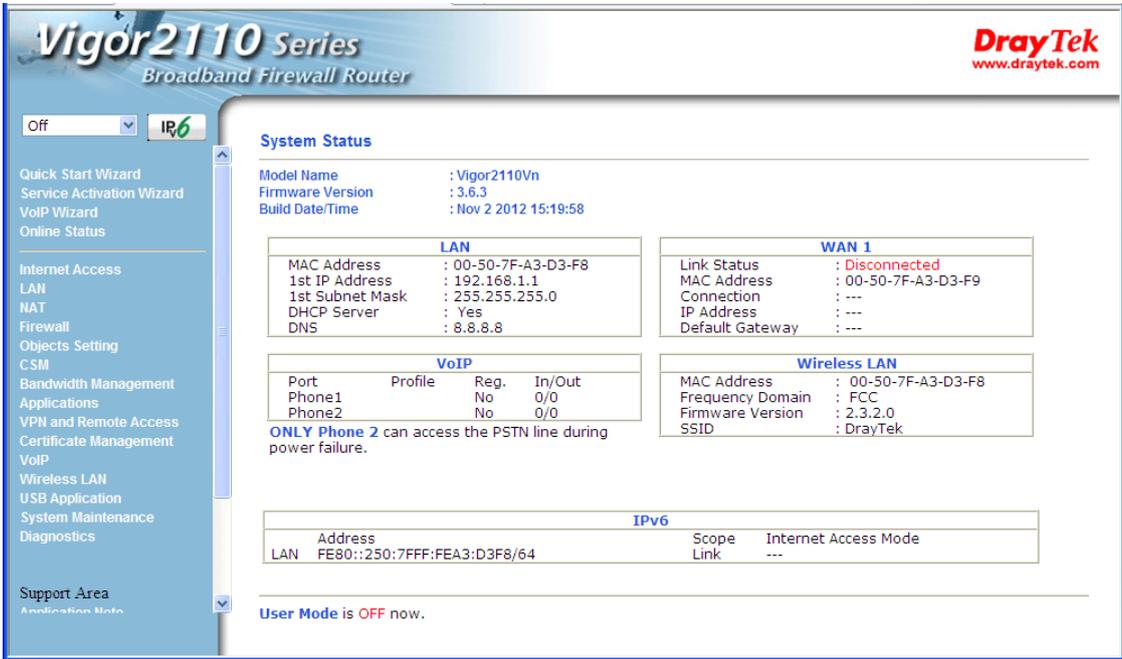
4

Advanced Configuration

This chapter will guide users to execute advanced (full) configuration through admin mode operation. As for other examples of application, please refer to chapter 5.

1. Open a web browser on your PC and type **http://192.168.1.1**. The window will ask for typing username and password.
2. Please type “admin/admin” on Username/Password for administration operation.

Now, the **Main Screen** will appear. Be aware that “Admin mode” will be displayed on the bottom left side.



Vigor2110 Series
Broadband Firewall Router

DrayTek
www.draytek.com

Off **IPv6**

Quick Start Wizard
Service Activation Wizard
VoIP Wizard
Online Status

Internet Access
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Objects Setting
CSM
Bandwidth Management
Applications
VPN and Remote Access
Certificate Management
VoIP
Wireless LAN
USB Application
System Maintenance
Diagnostics

Support Area
Application Note

System Status

Model Name : Vigor2110Vn
Firmware Version : 3.6.3
Build Date/Time : Nov 2 2012 15:19:58

| LAN | | WAN 1 | |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F8 | Link Status | : Disconnected |
| 1st IP Address | : 192.168.1.1 | MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F9 |
| 1st Subnet Mask | : 255.255.255.0 | Connection | : --- |
| DHCP Server | : Yes | IP Address | : --- |
| DNS | : 8.8.8.8 | Default Gateway | : --- |

| VoIP | | | | Wireless LAN | |
|--------|---------|------|--------|------------------|---------------------|
| Port | Profile | Reg. | In/Out | MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F8 |
| Phone1 | | No | 0/0 | Frequency Domain | : FCC |
| Phone2 | | No | 0/0 | Firmware Version | : 2.3.2.0 |

ONLY Phone 2 can access the PSTN line during power failure.

| IPv6 | | |
|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| Address | | Scope |
| LAN FE80::250:7FFF:FEA3:D3F8/64 | | Link |
| | | Internet Access Mode |
| | | --- |

User Mode is OFF now.

4.1 Internet Access

Quick Start Wizard offers user an easy method to quick setup the connection mode for the router. Moreover, if you want to adjust more settings for different WAN modes, please go to **Internet Access** group.

4.1.1 Basics of Internet Protocol (IP) Network

IP means Internet Protocol. Every device in an IP-based Network including routers, print server, and host PCs, needs an IP address to identify its location on the network. To avoid address conflicts, IP addresses are publicly registered with the Network Information Centre (NIC). Having a unique IP address is mandatory for those devices participated in the public network but not in the private TCP/IP local area networks (LANs), such as host PCs under the management of a router since they do not need to be accessed by the public. Hence, the NIC has reserved certain addresses that will never be registered publicly. These are known as *private* IP addresses, and are listed in the following ranges:

From 10.0.0.0 to 10.255.255.255
From 172.16.0.0 to 172.31.255.255
From 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255

What are Public IP Address and Private IP Address

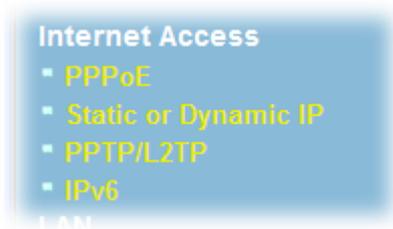
As the router plays a role to manage and further protect its LAN, it interconnects groups of host PCs. Each of them has a private IP address assigned by the built-in DHCP server of the Vigor router. The router itself will also use the default **private IP** address: 192.168.1.1 to communicate with the local hosts. Meanwhile, Vigor router will communicate with other network devices through a **public IP** address. When the data flow passing through, the Network Address Translation (NAT) function of the router will dedicate to translate public/private addresses, and the packets will be delivered to the correct host PC in the local area network. Thus, all the host PCs can share a common Internet connection.

Get Your Public IP Address from ISP

In ADSL deployment, the PPP (Point to Point)-style authentication and authorization is required for bridging customer premises equipment (CPE). Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) connects a network of hosts via an access device to a remote access concentrator or aggregation concentrator. This implementation provides users with significant ease of use. Meanwhile it provides access control, billing, and type of service according to user requirement.

When a router begins to connect to your ISP, a serial of discovery process will occur to ask for a connection. Then a session will be created. Your user ID and password is authenticated via **PAP** or **CHAP** with **RADIUS** authentication system. And your IP address, DNS server, and other related information will usually be assigned by your ISP.

Below shows the menu items for Internet Access.



4.1.2 PPPoE

To choose PPPoE as the accessing protocol of the internet, please select **PPPoE** from the **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.

[Internet Access >> PPPoE](#)

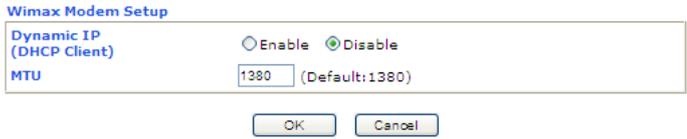
PPPoE Client Mode

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>PPPoE Setup</p> <p>PPPoE Link <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>ISP Access Setup</p> <p>ISP Name <input type="text"/></p> <p>Username <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password <input type="text"/></p> <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:</p> <p>=> <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/>, <input type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p>WAN Connection Detection</p> <p>Mode <input type="text" value="ARP Detect"/> ▼</p> <p>Ping IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>TTL:</p> <hr/> <p>PPPoE Pass-through</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> For Wired LAN</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> For Wireless LAN</p> <hr/> <p>WAN Backup Setup</p> <p>Dial Backup Mode <input type="text" value="3G USB Modem"/> ▼</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Go to 3G USB Modem Backup Setup</p> | <p>PPP/MP Setup</p> <p>PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> ▼</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Always On</p> <p>Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s)</p> <p>IP Address Assignment Method</p> <p>(IPCP) <input type="text" value="WAN IP Alias"/></p> <p>Fixed IP <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)</p> <p>Fixed IP Address <input type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address</p> <p>MAC Address:</p> <p><input type="text" value="00"/> <input type="text" value="-50"/> <input type="text" value="-7F"/> <input type="text" value="-A3"/> <input type="text" value="-D3"/> <input type="text" value="-F9"/></p> <hr/> <p>WAN physical type: Copper</p> <p><input type="text" value="Auto negotiation"/> ▼</p> |
|---|--|

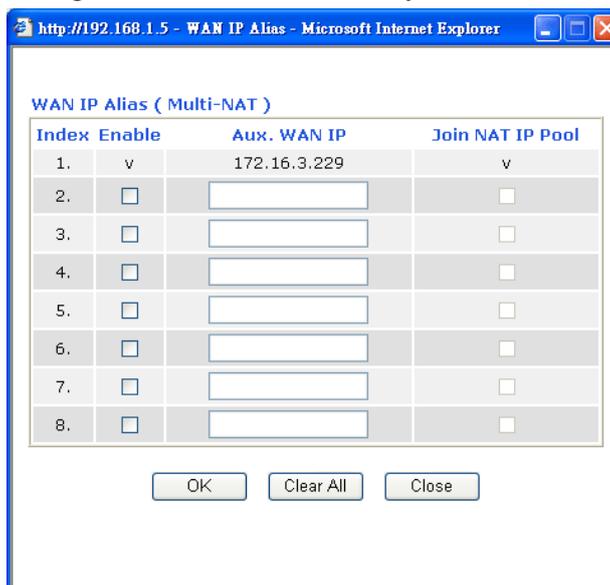
Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| PPPoE Setup | <p>PPPoE Link - Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable, this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid.</p> |
| ISP Access Setup | <p>Enter your allocated username, password and authentication parameters according to the information provided by your ISP.</p> <p>ISP Name – Type in the name of the ISP.</p> <p>Username – Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p>Password – Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p> |
| WAN Connection Detection | <p>Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p>Mode – Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system</p> |

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| | <p>to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p>Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p>TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p> |
| <p>PPPoE Pass-through</p> | <p>The router offers PPPoE dial-up connection. Besides, you also can establish the PPPoE connection directly from local clients to your ISP via the Vigor router. When PPPoA protocol is selected, the PPPoE package transmitted by PC will be transformed into PPPoA package and sent to WAN server. Thus, the PC can access Internet through such direction.</p> <p>For Wired LAN – If you check this box, PCs on the same network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.</p> <p>For Wireless LAN – If you check this box, PCs on the same wireless network can use another set of PPPoE session (different with the Host PC) to access into Internet.</p> |
| <p>WAN Backup Setup</p> | <div> </div> <p>Dial Backup Mode - If you install a 3G USB modem on the router, choose the 3G USB Modem to perform WAN backup via USB device. Then, click the 3G USB Modem Backup link to access into the following page for configuring detailed settings.</p> <p>WAN >> Internet Access</p> <div> <p>3G USB Modem Setup</p> <p>PPP Client Mode <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>SIM PIN code <input type="text"/></p> <p>Modem Initial String <input type="text" value="AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0"/> (Default: AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)</p> <p>APN Name <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/></p> <p>Modem Initial String2 <input type="text" value="AT"/></p> <p>Modem Dial String <input type="text" value="ATDT*99#"/> (Default: ATDT*99#, CDMA: ATDT#777, TD-SCDMA: ATDT*98*1#)</p> <p>PPP Username <input type="text"/> (Optional)</p> <p>PPP Password <input type="text"/> (Optional)</p> <p>PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/></p> <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: => <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p>WAN Connection Detection</p> <p>Mode <input type="text" value="ARP Detect"/></p> <p>Ping IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>TTL: <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Default"/></p> </div> <p>PPP Client Mode - Click Enable to activate this mode for WAN2.</p> <p>SIM PIN code - Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.</p> <p>Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> |

| | |
|---|---|
| | <p>APN Name – APN (Access Point Name) is provided by your ISP for identifying different access points. Simply click Apply to apply such name. Finally, you have to click OK to save the setting.</p> <p>Apply – Activate the function of identification.</p> <p>Modem Dial String - Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> <p>PPP Username - Type the PPP username (optional).</p> <p>PPP Password - Type the PPP password (optional).</p> <p>PPP Authentication – Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP.</p> <p>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p> <p>WAN Connection Detection - Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.</p> <p>Mode – Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p>Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p>TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p> <p>Default – Click this button to reset to factory setting.</p> <p>If you choose WiMAX, you are allowed to go to WiMAX Backup setup page to configure detailed settings.</p> <p>Internet Access >> Internet Access</p> <hr/>  |
| <p>PPP/MP Setup</p> | <p>PPP Authentication – Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP. If you want to connect to Internet all the time, you can check Always On.</p> <p>Idle Timeout – Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.</p> |
| <p>IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)</p> | <p>Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function.</p> <p>WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using. Notice that this</p> |

setting is available for WAN1 only.



Fixed IP – Click **Yes** to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box of **Fixed IP Address**.

Default MAC Address – You can use **Default MAC Address** or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.

Specify a MAC Address – Type the MAC address for the router manually.

WAN physical type

Choose **Auto negotiation** as the physical type for your router.



After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

4.1.3 Static or Dynamic IP

For static IP mode, you usually receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet, namely multiple public IP addresses from your DSL or Cable ISP service providers. In most cases, a Cable service provider will offer a fixed public IP, while a DSL service provider will offer a public subnet. If you have a public subnet, you could assign an IP address or many IP address to the WAN interface.

To use **Static or Dynamic IP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **Static or Dynamic IP** mode from **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.

Static or Dynamic IP

Access Control
 Broadband Access Enable Disable

Keep WAN Connection
 Enable PING to keep alive
 PING to the IP
 PING Interval minute(s)

WAN physical type: Copper

WAN Connection Detection
 Mode
 Ping IP
 TTL:

RIP Protocol
 Enable RIP

Bridge Mode
 Enable Bridge Mode

WAN Backup Setup
 Dial Backup Mode
 Go to [3G USB Modem Backup](#) Setup

WAN IP Network Settings

Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP Client)
 Router Name *
 Domain Name *
 * : Required for some ISPs

Specify an IP address
 IP Address
 Subnet Mask
 Gateway IP Address

Default MAC Address
 Specify a MAC Address
 MAC Address:

DNS Server IP Address
 Primary IP Address
 Secondary IP Address

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Access Control | Broadband Access - Click Enable for activating this function. If you click Disable , this function will be closed and all the settings that you adjusted in this page will be invalid. |
| Keep WAN Connection | Normally, this function is designed for Dynamic IP environments because some ISPs will drop connections if there is no traffic within certain periods of time. Check Enable PING to keep alive box to activate this function. PING to the IP - If you enable the PING function, please specify the IP address for the system to PING it for keeping alive. PING Interval - Enter the interval for the system to execute the PING operation. |
| WAN Physical Type | Choose Auto negotiation as the physical type for your router. |
| WAN Connection Detection | Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect. |

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| | <p>Mode – Choose ARP Detect or Ping Detect for the system to execute for WAN detection.</p> <p>Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.</p> <p>TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.</p> |
| RIP Protocol | <p>Routing Information Protocol is abbreviated as RIP(RFC1058) specifying how routers exchange routing tables information. Click Enable RIP for activating this function.</p> |
| Enable Bridge Mode | <p>Check this box to invoke the Bridge function for WAN connection. The router will work as a bridge modem.</p> |
| WAN Backup Setup | <p>Dial Backup Mode - If you install a 3G USB modem on the router, choose the 3G USB Modem to perform WAN backup via USB device. Then, click the 3G USB Modem Backup link to access into the following page for configuring detailed settings.</p> <p>WAN >> Internet Access</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>3G USB Modem Setup</p> <p>PPP Client Mode <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>SIM PIN code <input type="text"/></p> <p>Modem Initial String <input type="text" value="AT&F&E0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0"/> (Default: AT&F&E0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)</p> <p>APN Name <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/></p> <p>Modem Initial String2 <input type="text" value="AT"/></p> <p>Modem Dial String <input type="text" value="ATDT*99#"/> (Default: ATDT*99#, CDMA: ATDT#777, TD-SCDMA: ATDT*98*1#)</p> <p>PPP Username <input type="text"/> (Optional)</p> <p>PPP Password <input type="text"/> (Optional)</p> <p>PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/></p> <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: => <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/></p> <hr/> <p>WAN Connection Detection</p> <p>Mode <input type="text" value="ARP Detect"/></p> <p>Ping IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>TTL: <input type="text"/></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Default"/></p> </div> <p>PPP Client Mode - Click Enable to activate this mode for WAN2.</p> <p>SIM PIN code - Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.</p> <p>Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> <p>APN Name – APN (Access Point Name) is provided by your ISP for identifying different access points. Simply click Apply to apply such name. Finally, you have to click OK to save the setting.</p> <p>Apply – Activate the function of identification.</p> <p>Modem Dial String - Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.</p> <p>PPP Username - Type the PPP username (optional).</p> <p>PPP Password - Type the PPP password (optional).</p> |

PPP Authentication – Select **PAP only** or **PAP or CHAP** for PPP.

Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in **Application >> Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

WAN Connection Detection - Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.

Mode – Choose **ARP Detect** or **Ping Detect** for the system to execute for WAN detection.

Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.

TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference. TTL value is set by telnet command.

Default – Click this button to reset to factory setting.

If you choose **WiMAX**, you are allowed to go to WiMAX Backup setup page to configure detailed settings.

[Internet Access >> Internet Access](#)

Wimax Modem Setup

| | |
|---|---|
| Dynamic IP (DHCP Client) | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| MTU | <input type="text" value="1380"/> (Default:1380) |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> | |

WAN IP Network Settings

This group allows you to obtain an IP address automatically and allows you type in IP address manually.

WAN IP Alias - If you have multiple public IP addresses and would like to utilize them on the WAN interface, please use WAN IP Alias. You can set up to 8 public IP addresses other than the current one you are using.

| Index | Enable | Aux. WAN IP | Join NAT IP Pool |
|-------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 172.16.3.229 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8. | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Obtain an IP address automatically – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically if you want to use

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| | <p>Dynamic IP mode.</p> <p>Router Name: Type in the router name provided by ISP.</p> <p>Domain Name: Type in the domain name that you have assigned.</p> |
| Specify an IP address | <p>Click this radio button to specify some data if you want to use Static IP mode.</p> <p>IP Address: Type the IP address.</p> <p>Subnet Mask: Type the subnet mask.</p> <p>Gateway IP Address: Type the gateway IP address.</p> <p>Default MAC Address – You can use Default MAC Address or specify another MAC address by typing on the boxes of MAC Address for the router.</p> <p>Specify a MAC Address: Some Cable service providers specify a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to click the Specify a MAC Address and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address field.</p> |
| DNS Server IP Address | <p>Type in the primary IP address for the router if you want to use Static IP mode. If necessary, type in secondary IP address for necessity in the future.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

4.1.4 PPTP/L2TP

To use **PPTP/L2TP** as the accessing protocol of the internet, please choose **PPTP/L2TP** from **Internet Access** menu. The following web page will be shown.

[Internet Access >> PPTP/L2TP](#)

PPTP/L2TP Client Mode

PPTP/L2TP Setup

PPTP/L2TP Link
 Enable PPTP Enable L2TP Disable

Server Address

Specify Gateway IP Address

ISP Access Setup

Username

Password

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup:
=> , , ,

WAN Backup Setup

Dial Backup Mode

Go to [3G USB Modem Backup](#) Setup

PPP Setup

PPP Authentication

Always On

Idle Timeout second(s)

IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)

Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP)

Fixed IP Address

WAN IP Network Settings

Obtain an IP address automatically
 Specify an IP address

IP Address

Subnet Mask

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| PPTP/L2TP Link | <p>Enable PPTP- Click this radio button to enable a PPTP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.</p> <p>Enable L2TP- Click this radio button to enable a L2TP client to establish a tunnel to a DSL modem on the WAN interface.</p> <p>Disable – Click this radio button to close the connection through PPTP.</p> <p>Server Address- Specify the IP address of the PPTP/L2TP server if you enable PPTP/L2TP client mode.</p> <p>Specify Gateway IP Address - Specify the gateway IP address for DHCP server.</p> |
| ISP Access Setup | <p>Username -Type in the username provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p>Password -Type in the password provided by ISP in this field.</p> <p>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p> |
| WAN Backup Setup | <p>Dial Backup Mode - If you install a 3G USB modem on</p> |

the router, choose the **3G USB Modem** to perform WAN backup via USB device. Then, click the **3G USB Modem Backup** link to access into the following page for configuring detailed settings.

[WAN >> Internet Access](#)

3G USB Modem Setup

PPP Client Mode Enable Disable

SIM PIN code

Modem Initial String (Default: AT&FE0V1X1&D2&C1S0=0)

APN Name

Modem Initial String2

Modem Dial String (Default: ATDT*99#, CDMA: ATDT#777, TD-SCDMA: ATDT*98*1#)

PPP Username (Optional)

PPP Password (Optional)

PPP Authentication

Index(1-15) in [Schedule Setup](#):
=> , , ,

WAN Connection Detection

Mode

Ping IP

TTL:

PPP Client Mode - Click Enable to activate this mode for WAN2.

SIM PIN code - Type PIN code of the SIM card that will be used to access Internet.

Modem Initial String - Such value is used to initialize USB modem. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.

APN Name – APN (Access Point Name) is provided by your ISP for identifying different access points. Simply click **Apply** to apply such name. Finally, you have to click **OK** to save the setting.

Apply – Activate the function of identification.

Modem Dial String - Such value is used to dial through USB mode. Please use the default value. If you have any question, please contact to your ISP.

PPP Username - Type the PPP username (optional).

PPP Password - Type the PPP password (optional).

PPP Authentication – Select **PAP only** or **PAP or CHAP** for PPP.

Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in **Application >> Schedule** web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.

WAN Connection Detection - Such function allows you to verify whether network connection is alive or not through ARP Detect or Ping Detect.

Mode – Choose **ARP Detect** or **Ping Detect** for the system to execute for WAN detection.

Ping IP – If you choose Ping Detect as detection mode, you have to type IP address in this field for pinging.

TTL (Time to Live) – Displays value for your reference.

| | |
|--|--|
| | <p>TTL value is set by telnet command.</p> <p>Default – Click this button to reset to factory setting.</p> <p>If you choose WiMAX, you are allowed to go to WiMAX Backup setup page to configure detailed settings.</p> <p>Internet Access >> Internet Access</p> <hr/> <p>Wimax Modem Setup</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Dynamic IP (DHCP Client) <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>MTU <input type="text" value="1380"/> (Default:1380)</p> </div> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> |
| <p>PPP Setup</p> | <p>PPP Authentication – Select PAP only or PAP or CHAP for PPP. If you want to connect to Internet all the time, you can check Always On.</p> <p>Idle Timeout – Set the timeout for breaking down the Internet after passing through the time without any action.</p> |
| <p>IP Address Assignment Method(IPCP)</p> | <p>Fixed IP - Usually ISP dynamically assigns IP address to you each time you connect to it and request. In some case, your ISP provides service to always assign you the same IP address whenever you request. In this case, you can fill in this IP address in the Fixed IP field. Please contact your ISP before you want to use this function. Click Yes to use this function and type in a fixed IP address in the box.</p> <p>Fixed IP Address -Type a fixed IP address.</p> |
| <p>WAN IP Network Settings</p> | <p>Obtain an IP address automatically – Click this button to obtain the IP address automatically.</p> <p>Specify an IP address – Click this radio button to specify some data.</p> <p>IP Address – Type the IP address.</p> <p>Subnet Mask – Type the subnet mask.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

4.1.5 IPv6

During the procedure of IPv4 PPPoE connection, we can get the IPv6 Link Local Address between the gateway and Vigor router through IPv6CP. Later, use DHCPv6 or Accept RA to acquire the IPv6 prefix address (such as: 2001:B010:7300:200::/64) offered by the ISP. In addition, PCs under LAN also can have the public IPv6 address for Internet access by means of the generated prefix.

IPv6 – PPP

No need to type any other information for PPP mode.

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

IPv6 Mode

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Internet Access Mode | |
| Connection Type | <input type="text" value="PPP"/> |
| Note : IPv4 WAN setting should be PPPoE client. | |

OK

Note: At present, the **IPv6 prefix** can be acquired via the PPPoE mode connection which is available for the areas such as Taiwan (hinet), the Netherlands, Australia and UK.

IPv6 – TSPC

Tunnel setup protocol client (TSPC) is an application which could help you to connect to IPv6 network easily.

Please make sure your IPv4 WAN connection is OK and apply one free account from hexago (<http://gogonet.gogo6.com/page/freenet6-account>) before you try to use TSPC for network connection. TSPC would connect to tunnel broker and requests a tunnel according to the specifications inside the configuration file. It gets a public IPv6 IP address and an IPv6 prefix from the tunnel broker and then monitors the state of the tunnel in background.

After getting the IPv6 prefix and starting router advertisement daemon (RADVD), the PC behind this router can directly connect to IPv6 the Internet.

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

IPv6 Mode

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Internet Access Mode | |
| Connection Type | <input type="text" value="TSPC"/> |
| TSPC Configuration | |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Tunnel Broker | <input type="text"/> |

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Username | Type the name obtained from the broker. |
| Password | Type the password assigned with the user name. |
| Confirm Password | Type the password again to make the confirmation. |
| Tunnel Broker | Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

IPv6 – AICCU

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

IPv6 Mode

Internet Access Mode

Connection Type AICCU ▼

AICCU Configuration

Username

Password

Confirm Password

Tunnel Broker

Subnet Prefix /

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Username | Type the name obtained from the broker. Please apply new account at http://www.sixxs.net/ . It is suggested for you to apply another username and password. |
| Password | Type the password assigned with the user name. |
| Confirm Password | Type the password again to make the confirmation. |
| Tunnel Broker | Type the address for the tunnel broker IP, FQDN or an optional port number. |
| Subnet Prefix | Type the subnet prefix address getting from service provider |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

IPv6 – DHCPv6

DHCPv6 client mode would use DHCPv6 protocol to obtain IPv6 address from server.

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

IPv6 Mode

Internet Access Mode
 Connection Type DHCPv6 Client ▾

DHCPv6 Client Configuration
 Identity Association Prefix Delegation Non-temporary Address
 IAID (Identity Association ID)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Identify Association | Choose Prefix Delegation or Non-temporary Address as the identify association. |
| IAID | Type a number as IAID. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

IPv6 – Static IPv6

This type allows you to setup static IPv6 address for WAN interface.

[Internet Access >> IPv6](#)

IPv6 Mode

Internet Access Mode
 Connection Type Static IPv6 ▾

Static IPv6 Address configuration
 IPv6 Address / Prefix Length

Current IPv6 Address Table

| Index | IPv6 Address/Prefix Length | Scope |
|-------|----------------------------|-------|
| | | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| Static IPv6 Address | IPv6 Address – Type the IPv6 Static IP Address. |

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| configuration | Prefix Length – Type the fixed value for prefix length. Add – Click it to add a new entry. Delete – Click it to remove an existed entry. |
| Current IPv6 Address Table | Display current interface IPv6 address. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to activate them.

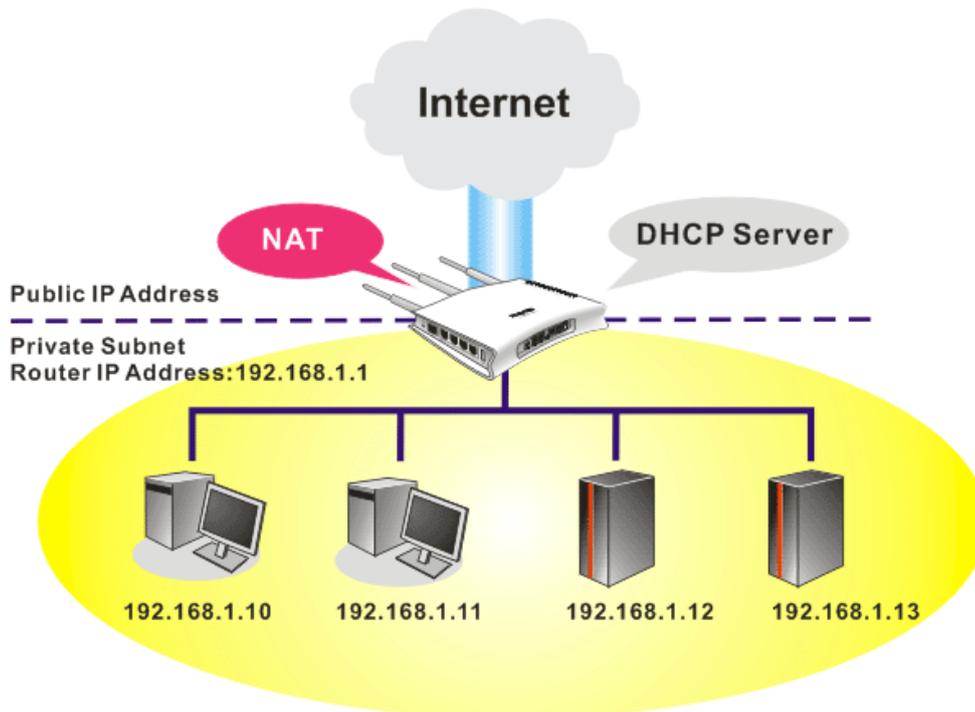
4.2 LAN

Local Area Network (LAN) is a group of subnets regulated and ruled by router. The design of network structure is related to what type of public IP addresses coming from your ISP.



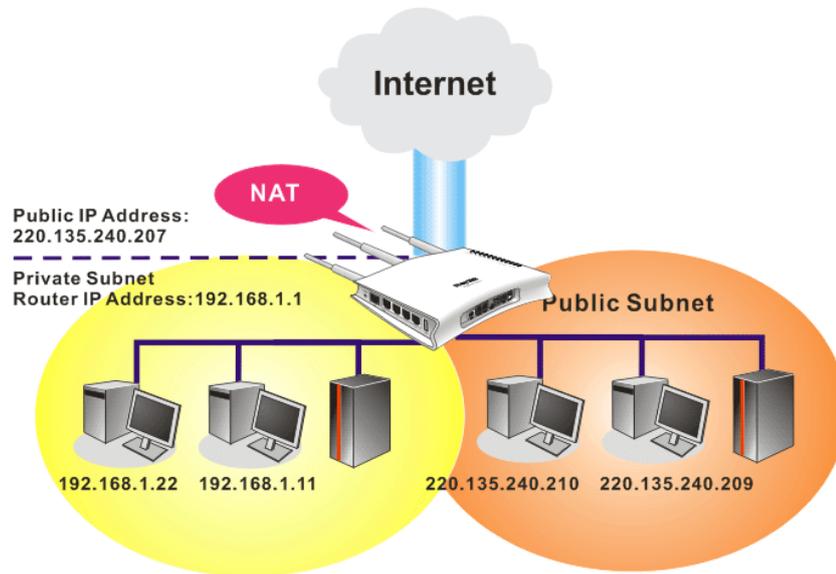
4.2.1 Basics of LAN

The most generic function of Vigor router is NAT. It creates a private subnet of your own. As mentioned previously, the router will talk to other public hosts on the Internet by using public IP address and talking to local hosts by using its private IP address. What NAT does is to translate the packets from public IP address to private IP address to forward the right packets to the right host and vice versa. Besides, Vigor router has a built-in DHCP server that assigns private IP address to each local host. See the following diagram for a briefly understanding.



In some special case, you may have a public IP subnet from your ISP such as 220.135.240.0/24. This means that you can set up a public subnet or call second subnet that each host is equipped with a public IP address. As a part of the public subnet, the Vigor router

will serve for IP routing to help hosts in the public subnet to communicate with other public hosts or servers outside. Therefore, the router should be set as the gateway for public hosts.



What is Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

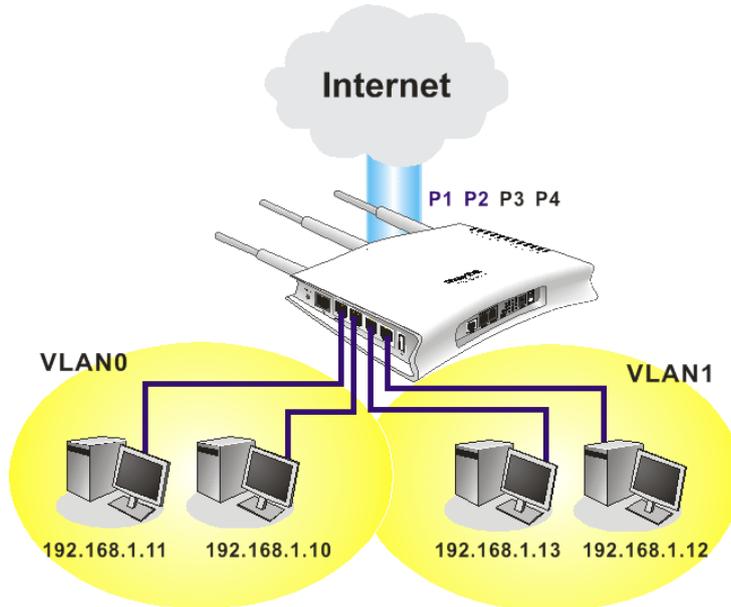
Vigor router will exchange routing information with neighboring routers using the RIP to accomplish IP routing. This allows users to change the information of the router such as IP address and the routers will automatically inform for each other.

What is Static Route

When you have several subnets in your LAN, sometimes a more effective and quicker way for connection is the **Static routes** function rather than other method. You may simply set rules to forward data from one specified subnet to another specified subnet without the presence of RIP.

What are Virtual LANs and Rate Control

You can group local hosts by physical ports and create up to 4 virtual LANs. To manage the communication between different groups, please set up rules in Virtual LAN (VLAN) function and the rate of each.



4.2.2 General Setup

This page provides you the general settings for LAN.

Click **LAN** to open the LAN settings page and choose **General Setup**.

Details Page for Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup

[LAN >> General Setup](#)

| Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup | LAN 1 IPv6 Setup |
|---|--|
| <p>LAN IP Network Configuration</p> <p>For NAT Usage</p> <p>1st IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>1st Subnet Mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <p>For IP Routing Usage: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable</p> <p>2nd IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/></p> <p>2nd Subnet Mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="2nd Subnet DHCP Server"/></p> <p>RIP Protocol Control: <input type="text" value="Disable"/></p> | <p>DHCP Server Configuration</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable Server <input type="radio"/> Disable Server</p> <p>Relay Agent: <input type="radio"/> 1st Subnet <input type="radio"/> 2nd Subnet</p> <p>DHCP Server IP Address: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Start IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.10"/></p> <p>IP Pool Counts: <input type="text" value="150"/></p> <p>Gateway IP Address: <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/></p> <p>Lease Time: <input type="text" value="259200"/> (s)</p> <p>DNS Server IP Address</p> <p>Primary IP Address: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Secondary IP Address: <input type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Force router to use address for DNS</p> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------|---------------|
| LAN IP Network | For NAT Usage |

Configuration

1st IP Address - Type in private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).

1st Subnet Mask - Type in an address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)

For IP Routing Usage - Click **Enable** to invoke this function. The default setting is **Disable**.

2nd Address - Type in secondary IP address for connecting to a subnet. (Default: 192.168.2.1/ 24)

2nd Subnet Mask - An address code that determines the size of the network. (Default: 255.255.255.0/ 24)

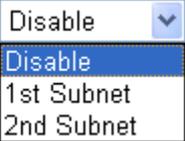
2nd Subnet DHCP Server - You can configure the router to serve as a DHCP server for the 2nd subnet.

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "http://192.168.1.1 - Router Web Configurator - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The main content area is titled "2nd DHCP Server". It contains the following elements:

- "Start IP Address" input field.
- "IP Pool Counts" input field with the value "0" and "(max. 10)" text.
- A table with three columns: "Index", "Matched MAC Address", and "given IP Address". The table is currently empty.
- "MAC Address :" input field with six small boxes for each octet.
- Buttons: "Add", "Delete", "Edit", "Cancel", "OK", "Clear All", and "Close".

- **Start IP Address:** Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 2nd IP address of your router is 220.135.240.1, the starting IP address must be 220.135.240.2 or greater, but smaller than 220.135.240.254.
- **IP Pool Counts:** Enter the number of IP addresses in the pool. The maximum is 10. For example, if you type 3 and the 2nd IP address of your router is 220.135.240.1, the range of IP address by the DHCP server will be from 220.135.240.2 to 220.135.240.11.
- **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC Address of the host one by one and click **Add** to create a list of hosts to be assigned, deleted or edited IP address from above pool. Set a list of MAC Address for 2nd DHCP server will help router to assign the correct IP address of the correct subnet to the correct host. So those hosts in 2nd subnet won't get an IP address belonging to 1st subnet.

RIP Protocol Control - Disable deactivates the RIP protocol. It will lead to a stoppage of the exchange of routing information between routers. (Default)

| | |
|---|--|
| | <p>RIP Protocol Control </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 1st Subnet - Select the router to change the RIP information of the 1st subnet with neighboring routers. ● 2nd Subnet - Select the router to change the RIP information of the 2nd subnet with neighboring routers. |
| <p>DHCP Server Configuration</p> | <p>DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. The router by factory default acts a DHCP server for your network so it automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. It is highly recommended that you leave the router enabled as a DHCP server if you do not have a DHCP server for your network.</p> <p>If you want to use another DHCP server in the network other than the Vigor Router's, you can let Relay Agent help you to redirect the DHCP request to the specified location.</p> <p>Enable Server - Let the router assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p>Disable Server – Let you manually assign IP address to every host in the LAN.</p> <p>Relay Agent – (1st subnet/2nd subnet) Specify which subnet that DHCP server is located the relay agent should redirect the DHCP request to.</p> <p>DHCP Server IP Address - Set the IP address of the DHCP server you are going to use so the Relay Agent can help to forward the DHCP request to the DHCP server.</p> <p>Start IP Address - Enter a value of the IP address pool for the DHCP server to start with when issuing IP addresses. If the 1st IP address of your router is 192.168.1.1, the starting IP address must be 192.168.1.2 or greater, but smaller than 192.168.1.254.</p> <p>IP Pool Counts - Enter the maximum number of PCs that you want the DHCP server to assign IP addresses to. The default is 50 and the maximum is 253.</p> <p>Gateway IP Address - Enter a value of the gateway IP address for the DHCP server. The value is usually as same as the 1st IP address of the router, which means the router is the default gateway.</p> <p>Lease Time – Enter the time to determine how long the IP address assigned by DHCP server can be used.</p> |
| <p>DNS Server IP Address</p> | <p>DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address.</p> <p>Primary IP Address -You must specify a DNS server IP address here because your ISP should provide you with usually more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not</p> |

provide it, the router will automatically apply default DNS Server IP address: 194.109.6.66 to this field.

Secondary IP Address - You can specify secondary DNS server IP address here because your ISP often provides you more than one DNS Server. If your ISP does not provide it, the router will automatically apply default secondary DNS Server IP address: 194.98.0.1 to this field.

The default DNS Server IP address can be found via Online Status:

| System Status | | System Uptime: 5:11:0 | |
|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| LAN Status | Primary DNS: 194.109.6.66 | Secondary DNS: 168.95.1.1 | |
| IP Address | TX Packets | RX Packets | |
| 192.168.1.5 | 9326 | 9487 | |

If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left empty, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server and maintain a DNS cache.

If the IP address of a domain name is already in the DNS cache, the router will resolve the domain name immediately. Otherwise, the router forwards the DNS query packet to the external DNS server by establishing a WAN (e.g. DSL/Cable) connection.

Force router to use address for DNS - Force Vigor router to use DNS servers in this page instead of DNS servers given by the Internet Access server (PPPoE, PPTP, L2TP or DHCP server).

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Details Page for LAN1 – IPv6 Setup

There are two configuration pages for LAN1, Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup (based on IPv4) and IPv6 Setup. Click the tab for each type and refer to the following explanations for detailed information. Below shows the settings page for IPv6.

[LAN >> General Setup](#)

Ethernet TCP / IP and DHCP Setup
LAN 1 IPv6 Setup

RADVD Configuration

Enable Disable

Advertisement Lifetime Seconds (Range : 600 - 9000)

DHCPv6 Server Configuration

Enable Server Disable Server

Start IPv6 Address

End IPv6 Address

DNS Server IPv6 Address

Primary DNS Server

Secondary DNS Server

Static IPv6 Address configuration

IPv6 Address / Prefix Length

Current IPv6 Address Table

| Index | IPv6 Address/Prefix Length | Scope |
|-------|-----------------------------|-------|
| 1 | FE80::250:7FFF:FEA3:D3F8/64 | Link |

It provides 2 daemons for LAN side IPv6 address configuration. One is **RADVD**(stateless) and the other is **DHCPv6 Server** (Stateful).

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| RADVD Configuration | <p>Enable – Click it to enable RADVD server. The router advertisement daemon (radvd) sends Router Advertisement messages, specified by RFC 2461, to a local Ethernet LAN periodically and when requested by a node sending a Router Solicitation message. These messages are required for IPv6 stateless auto-configuration.</p> <p>Disable – Click it to disable RADVD server.</p> <p>Advertisement Lifetime - The lifetime associated with the default router in units of seconds. It's used to control the lifetime of the prefix. The maximum value corresponds to 18.2 hours. A lifetime of 0 indicates that the router is not a default router and should not appear on the default router list.</p> |

| | |
|--|---|
| DHCPv6 Server Configuration | <p>Enable Server –Click it to enable DHCPv6 server. DHCPv6 Server could assign IPv6 address to PC according to the Start/End IPv6 address configuration.</p> <p>Disable Server –Click it to disable DHCPv6 server.</p> <p>Start IPv6 Address / End IPv6 Address –Type the start and end address for IPv6 server.</p> |
| DNS Server IPv6 Address | <p>Primary DNS Sever – Type the IPv6 address for Primary DNS server.</p> <p>Secondary DNS Server –Type another IPv6 address for DNS server if required.</p> |
| Static IPv6 Address configuration | <p>IPv6 Address –Type static IPv6 address for LAN.</p> <p>Prefix Length – Type the fixed value for prefix length.</p> <p>Add – Click it to add a new entry.</p> <p>Delete – Click it to remove an existed entry.</p> |
| Current IPv6 Address Table | Display current used IPv6 addresses. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.2.3 Static Route

Go to **LAN** to open setting page and choose **Static Route**. The router offers IPv4 and IPv6 for you to configure the static route. Both protocols bring different web pages.

Static Route for IPv4

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

| IPv4 | | | IPv6 | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Index | Destination Address | Status | Index | Destination Address | Status |
| 1. | ??? | ? | 6. | ??? | ? |
| 2. | ??? | ? | 7. | ??? | ? |
| 3. | ??? | ? | 8. | ??? | ? |
| 4. | ??? | ? | 9. | ??? | ? |
| 5. | ??? | ? | 10. | ??? | ? |

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings. |
| Viewing Routing Table | <p>Displays the routing table for your reference.</p> <p>Diagnostics >> View Routing Table</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 5px;"> <p>Current Running Routing Table Refresh</p> <p>Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private</p> <p>C~ 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, LAN</p> </div> |
| Index | The number (1 to 10) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route. |
| Destination Address | Displays the destination address of the static route. |
| Status | Displays the status of the static route. |

Static Route for IPv6

You can set up to 40 profiles for IPv6 static route. Click the IPv6 tab to open the following page:

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

| IPv4 | | | IPv6 | | | Set to Factory Default | View IPv6 Routing Table |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|--|---|
| Index | Destination Address | Status | Index | Destination Address | Status | | |
| 1. | ::/0 | x | 11. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 2. | ::/0 | x | 12. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 3. | ::/0 | x | 13. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 4. | ::/0 | x | 14. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 5. | ::/0 | x | 15. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 6. | ::/0 | x | 16. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 7. | ::/0 | x | 17. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 8. | ::/0 | x | 18. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 9. | ::/0 | x | 19. | ::/0 | x | | |
| 10. | ::/0 | x | 20. | ::/0 | x | | |

<< [1 - 20](#) | [21 - 40](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings. |
| Viewing IPv6 Routing Table | Displays the routing table for your reference. |
| Index | The number (1 to 40) under Index allows you to open next page to set up static route. |
| Destination Address | Displays the destination address of the static route. |
| Status | Displays the status of the static route. |

Click any underline of index number to get the following page.

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

Index No. 1

Enable

Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len: /

Gateway IPv6 Address:

Network Interface:

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Enable | Click it to enable this profile. |

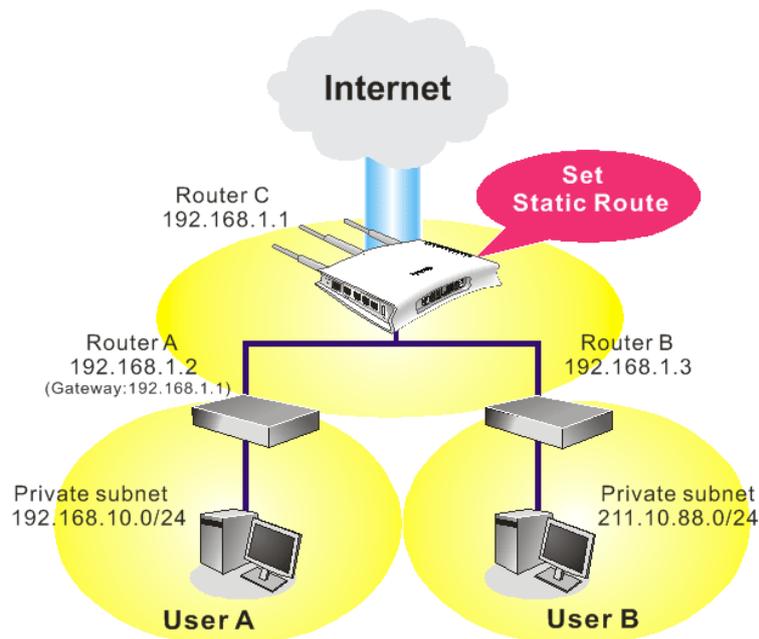
| | |
|--|--|
| Destination IPv6 Address / Prefix Len | Type the IP address with the prefix length for this entry. |
| Gateway IPv6 Address | Type the gateway address for this entry. |
| Network Interface | Use the drop down list to specify an interface for this static route.  |

Add Static Routes to Private and Public Networks (based on IPv4)

Here is an example of setting Static Route in Main Router so that user A and B locating in different subnet can talk to each other via the router. Assuming the Internet access has been configured and the router works properly:

- use the Main Router to surf the Internet.
- create a private subnet 192.168.10.0 using an internal Router A (192.168.1.2)
- create a public subnet 211.100.88.0 via an internal Router B (192.168.1.3).
- have set Main Router 192.168.1.1 as the default gateway for the Router A 192.168.1.2.

Before setting Static Route, user A cannot talk to user B for Router A can only forward recognized packets to its default gateway Main Router.



1. Go to **LAN** page and click **General Setup**, select 1st Subnet as the **RIP Protocol Control**. Then click the **OK** button.

Note: There are two reasons that we have to apply RIP Protocol Control on 1st Subnet. The first is that the LAN interface can exchange RIP packets with the neighboring routers via the 1st subnet (192.168.1.0/24). The second is that those hosts on the internal private subnets (ex. 192.168.10.0/24) can access the Internet via the router, and continuously exchange of IP routing information with different subnets.

- Click the **LAN - Static Route** and click on the **Index Number 1**. Check the **Enable** box. Please add a static route as shown below, which regulates all packets destined to 192.168.10.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.2. Click **OK**.

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

Index No. 1

| | |
|--|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable | |
| Destination IP Address | 192.168.10.0 |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway IP Address | 192.168.1.2 |
| Network Interface | LAN |

- Return to **Static Route Setup** page. Click on another **Index Number** to add another static route as show below, which regulates all packets destined to 211.100.88.0 will be forwarded to 192.168.1.3.

[LAN >> Static Route Setup](#)

Index No. 1

| | |
|--|---------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable | |
| Destination IP Address | 211.100.88.0 |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 |
| Gateway IP Address | 192.168.1.3 |
| Network Interface | LAN |

- Go to **Diagnostics** and choose **Routing Table** to verify current routing table.

[Diagnostics >> View Routing Table](#)

Current Running Routing Table [Refresh](#)

```

Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private
S~   192.168.10.0/ 255.255.255.0 via 192.168.1.2, LAN
C~   192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0 is directly connected, LAN
S~   211.100.88.0/ 255.255.255.0 via 192.168.1.3, LAN

```

4.2.4 VLAN

Virtual LAN function provides you a very convenient way to manage hosts by grouping them based on the physical port. You can also manage the in/out rate of each port. Go to **LAN** page and select **VLAN**. The following page will appear. Click **Enable** to invoke VLAN function.

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configuration

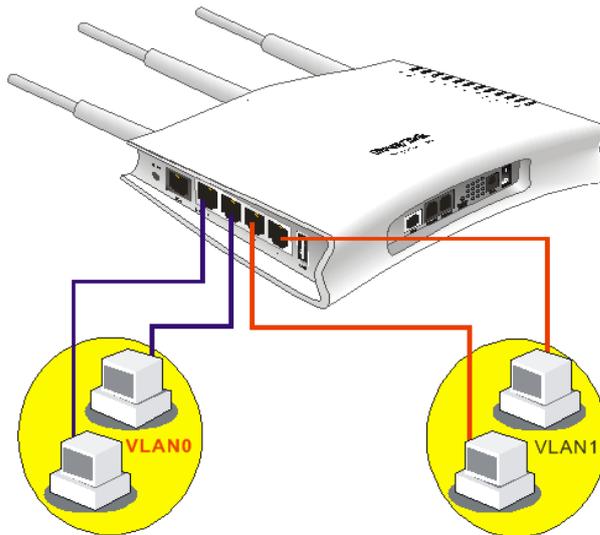
Enable

| | P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 |
|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| VLAN0 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

OK Clear Cancel

To add or remove a VLAN, please refer to the following example.

1. If, VLAN 0 is consisted of hosts linked to P1 and P2 and VLAN 1 is consisted of hosts linked to P3 and P4.



2. After checking the box to enable VLAN function, you will check the table according to the needs as shown below.

LAN >> VLAN Configuration

VLAN Configuration

Enable

| | P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 |
|-------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| VLAN0 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| VLAN3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

OK Clear Cancel

To remove VLAN, uncheck the needed box and click **OK** to save the results.

4.2.5 Bind IP to MAC

This function is used to bind the IP and MAC address in LAN to have a strengthening control in network. When this function is enabled, all the assigned IP and MAC address binding together cannot be changed. If you modified the binding IP or MAC address, it might cause you not access into the Internet.

Click **LAN** and click **Bind IP to MAC** to open the setup page.

[LAN >> Bind IP to MAC](#)

Bind IP to MAC

Enable
 Disable
 Strict Bind

ARP Table | [Select All](#) | [Sort](#) | [Refresh](#)

| IP Address | Mac Address |
|---------------|-------------------|
| 192.168.1.5 | 00-50-7F-00-00-00 |
| 192.168.1.12 | 00-23-14-8C-51-78 |
| 192.168.1.100 | E0-CB-4E-DA-48-79 |

IP Bind List | [Select All](#) | [Sort](#)

| Index | IP Address | Mac Address |
|-------|------------|-------------|
| | | |

Add or Update

IP Address

Mac Address : : : : :

Comment

Show Comment

Note: IP-MAC binding presets DHCP Allocations.
If you select Strict Bind, unspecified LAN clients cannot access the Internet.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Enable | Click this radio button to invoke this function. However, IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List also can connect to Internet. |
| Disable | Click this radio button to disable this function. All the settings on this page will be invalid. |
| Strict Bind | Click this radio button to block the connection of the IP/MAC which is not listed in IP Bind List. |
| ARP Table | This table is the LAN ARP table of this router. The information for IP and MAC will be displayed in this field. Each pair of IP and MAC address listed in ARP table can be selected and added to IP Bind List by clicking Add below. |
| Select All | Click this link to select all the items in the ARP table. |
| Sort | Reorder the table based on the IP address. |
| Refresh | Refresh the ARP table listed below to obtain the newest |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| | ARP table information. |
| IP Bind List | It displays a list for the IP bind to MAC information. |
| Add and Edit | <p>IP Address – Type the IP address that will be used for the specified MAC address.</p> <p>Mac Address – Type the MAC address that is used to bind with the assigned IP address.</p> <p>Comment – Type a brief description for the entry.</p> <p>Show Comment – Check it to display the content of the comment.</p> |
| Add | It allows you to add the one you choose from the ARP table or the IP/MAC address typed in Add and Edit to the table of IP Bind List . |
| Update | It allows you to edit and modify the selected IP address and MAC address that you create before. |
| Delete | You can remove any item listed in IP Bind List . Simply click and select the one, and click Delete . The selected item will be removed from the IP Bind List . |

Note: Before you select **Strict Bind**, you have to bind one set of IP/MAC address for one PC. If not, no one of the PCs can access into Internet. And the web configurator of the router might not be accessed.

4.3 NAT

Usually, the router serves as an NAT (Network Address Translation) router. NAT is a mechanism that one or more private IP addresses can be mapped into a single public one. Public IP address is usually assigned by your ISP, for which you may get charged. Private IP addresses are recognized only among internal hosts.

When the outgoing packets destined to some public server on the Internet reach the NAT router, the router will change its source address into the public IP address of the router, select the available public port, and then forward it. At the same time, the router shall list an entry in a table to memorize this address/port-mapping relationship. When the public server response, the incoming traffic, of course, is destined to the router's public IP address and the router will do the inversion based on its table. Therefore, the internal host can communicate with external host smoothly.

The benefit of the NAT includes:

- **Save cost on applying public IP address and apply efficient usage of IP address.** NAT allows the internal IP addresses of local hosts to be translated into one public IP address, thus you can have only one IP address on behalf of the entire internal hosts.
- **Enhance security of the internal network by obscuring the IP address.** There are many attacks aiming victims based on the IP address. Since the attacker cannot be aware of any private IP addresses, the NAT function can protect the internal network.

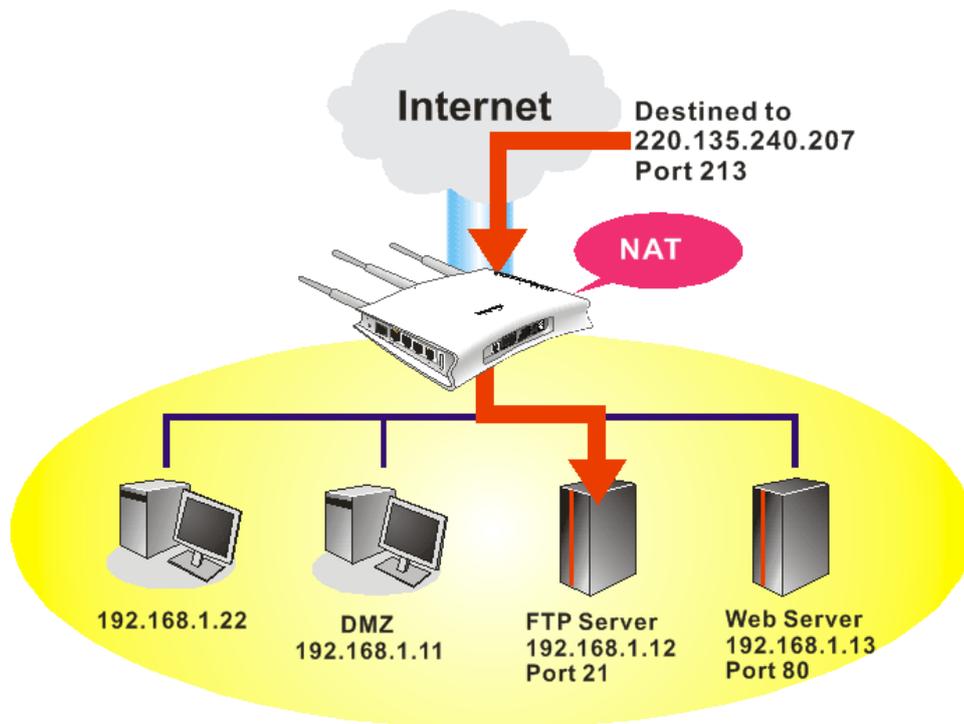
On NAT page, you will see the private IP address defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router. As stated before, the NAT facility can map one or more IP addresses and/or service ports into different specified services. In other words, the NAT function can be achieved by using port mapping methods.

Below shows the menu items for NAT.

- LAN
- NAT
 - Port Redirection
 - DMZ Host
 - Open Ports
 - Address Mapping
- Firewall

4.3.1 Port Redirection

Port Redirection is usually set up for server related service inside the local network (LAN), such as web servers, FTP servers, E-mail servers etc. Most of the case, you need a public IP address for each server and this public IP address/domain name are recognized by all users. Since the server is actually located inside the LAN, the network well protected by NAT of the router, and identified by its private IP address/port, the goal of Port Redirection function is to forward all access request with public IP address from external users to the mapping private IP address/port of the server.



The port redirection can only apply to incoming traffic.

To use this function, please go to **NAT** page and choose **Port Redirection** web page. The **Port Redirection Table** provides 20 port-mapping entries for the internal hosts.

NAT >> Port Redirection

Port Redirection [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Service Name | WAN Interface | Protocol | Public Port | Private IP | Status |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|-------------|------------|--------|
| 1. | | All | | | | x |
| 2. | | All | | | | x |
| 3. | | All | | | | x |
| 4. | | All | | | | x |
| 5. | | All | | | | x |
| 6. | | All | | | | x |
| 7. | | All | | | | x |
| 8. | | All | | | | x |
| 9. | | All | | | | x |
| 10. | | All | | | | x |

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Index | Display the number of the profile. |
| Service Name | Display the description of the specific network service. |
| WAN Interface | Display the WAN IP address or interface used by the profile. |
| Protocol | Display the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP). |
| Public Port | Display the port number which will be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host. |
| Private IP | Display the IP address of the internal host providing the service. |
| Status | Display if the profile is enabled (v) or not (x). |

Press any number under Index to access into next page for configuring port redirection.

NAT >> Port Redirection

Index No. 1

Enable

Mode: Range
Single
Range

Protocol: ---

WAN IP: 1.All

Public Port: -

Private IP: -

Private Port:

Note: In "Range" Mode the End IP will be calculated automatically once the Public Port and Start IP have been entered.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------|---|
| Enable | Check this box to enable such port redirection setting. |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Mode | Two options (Single and Range) are provided here for you to choose. To set a range for the specific service, select Range . In Range mode, if the public port (start port and end port) and the starting IP of private IP had been entered, the system will calculate and display the ending IP of private IP automatically. |
| Service Name | Enter the description of the specific network service. |
| Protocol | Select the transport layer protocol (TCP or UDP). |
| WAN IP | Select the WAN IP used for port redirection. There are eight WAN IP alias that can be selected and used for port redirection. The default setting is All which means all the incoming data from any port will be redirected to specified range of IP address and port. |
| Public Port | Specify which port can be redirected to the specified Private IP and Port of the internal host. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Simply type the required number on the first box. The second one will be assigned automatically later. |
| Private IP | Specify the private IP address of the internal host providing the service. If you choose Range as the port redirection mode, you will see two boxes on this field. Type a complete IP address in the first box (as the starting point) and the fourth digits in the second box (as the end point). |
| Private Port | Specify the private port number of the service offered by the internal host. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Note that the router has its own built-in services (servers) such as Telnet, HTTP and FTP etc. Since the common port numbers of these services (servers) are all the same, you may need to reset the router in order to avoid confliction.

For example, the built-in web configurator in the router is with default port 80, which may conflict with the web server in the local network, `http://192.168.1.13:80`. Therefore, you need to **change the router's http port to any one other than the default port 80** to avoid conflict, such as 8080. This can be set in the **System Maintenance >>Management Setup**. You then will access the admin screen of by suffixing the IP address with 8080, e.g., `http://192.168.1.1:8080` instead of port 80.

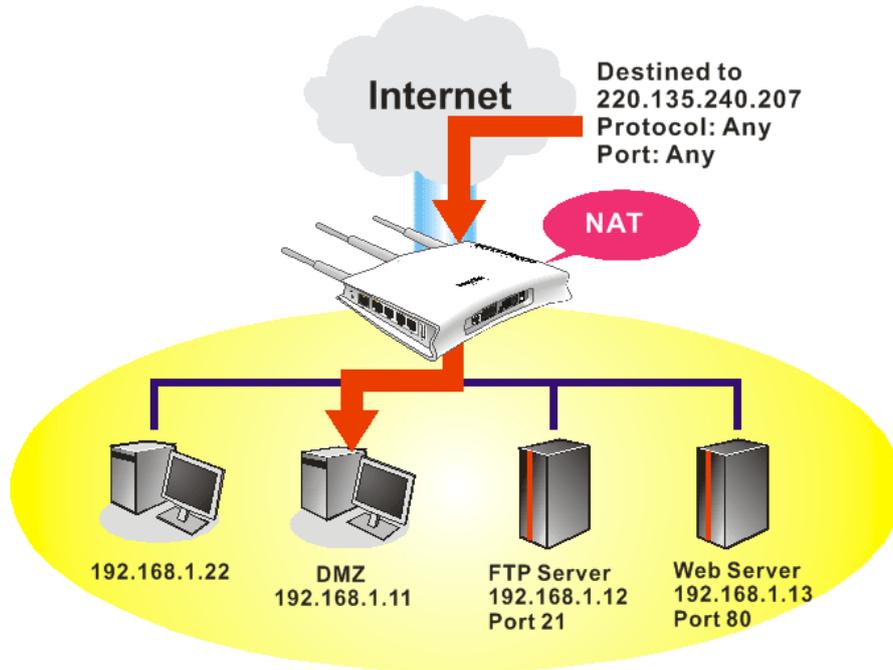
Management Setup

| <p>Management Access Control</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow management from the Internet</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> FTP Server</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> SSH Server</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disable PING from the Internet</p> | <p>Management Port Setup</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> User Define Ports <input type="radio"/> Default Ports</p> <p>Telnet Port <input type="text" value="23"/> (Default: 23)</p> <p>HTTP Port <input type="text" value="80"/> (Default: 80)</p> <p>HTTPS Port <input type="text" value="443"/> (Default: 443)</p> <p>FTP Port <input type="text" value="21"/> (Default: 21)</p> <p>SSH Port <input type="text" value="22"/> (Default: 22)</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| <p>Access List</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>List</th><th>IP</th><th>Subnet Mask</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td><input type="text"/></td><td><input type="text" value=""/></td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td><input type="text"/></td><td><input type="text" value=""/></td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td><input type="text"/></td><td><input type="text" value=""/></td></tr></tbody></table> | List | IP | Subnet Mask | 1 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | 2 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | 3 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | <p>SNMP Setup</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Enable SNMP Agent</p> <p>Get Community <input type="text" value="public"/></p> <p>Set Community <input type="text" value="private"/></p> <p>Manager Host IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>Trap Community <input type="text" value="public"/></p> <p>Notification Host IP <input type="text"/></p> <p>Trap Timeout <input type="text" value="10"/> seconds</p> |
| List | IP | Subnet Mask | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text" value=""/> | | | | | | | | | | | |

OK

4.3.2 DMZ Host

As mentioned above, **Port Redirection** can redirect incoming TCP/UDP or other traffic on particular ports to the specific private IP address/port of host in the LAN. However, other IP protocols, for example Protocols 50 (ESP) and 51 (AH), do not travel on a fixed port. Vigor router provides a facility **DMZ Host** that maps ALL unsolicited data on any protocol to a single host in the LAN. Regular web surfing and other such Internet activities from other clients will continue to work without inappropriate interruption. **DMZ Host** allows a defined internal user to be totally exposed to the Internet, which usually helps some special applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.



The security properties of NAT are somewhat bypassed if you set up DMZ host. We suggest you to add additional filter rules or a secondary firewall.

Click **DMZ Host** to open the following page:

[NAT >> DMZ Host Setup](#)

DMZ Host Setup

WAN 1

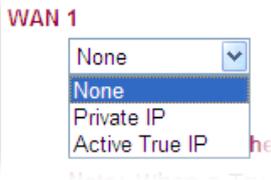
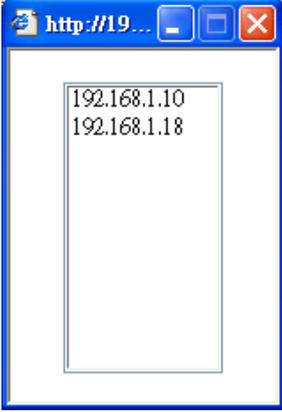
Private IP

MAC Address of the True IP DMZ Host

Note: When a True-IP DMZ host is turned on, it will force the router's WAN connection to be always on.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|---|
| WAN 1 <input type="text" value="None"/> <input type="button" value="v"/> | Choose None , Private IP or Active True IP first. Active True IP selection is available for WAN1 only. |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| |  |
| Private IP | Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one. |
| Choose PC | <p>Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.</p>  <p>When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the screen. Click OK to save the setting.</p> |

If you previously have set up **WAN Alias** for **PPPoE** or **Static or Dynamic IP** mode, you will find them in **Aux. WAN IP** for your selection.

NAT >> DMZ Host Setup

DMZ Host Setup

WAN1

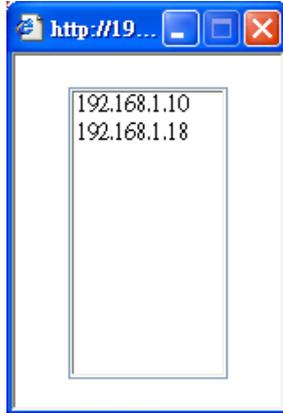
| WAN 1 | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| Index | Enable | Aux. WAN IP | Private IP | |
| 1. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | --- | 192.168.1.5 | Choose PC |
| 2. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 192.168.1.56 | 0.0.0.0 | Choose PC |
| 3. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 192.168.1.23 | 0.0.0.0 | Choose PC |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Enable | Check to enable the DMZ Host function. |
| Private IP | Enter the private IP address of the DMZ host, or click Choose PC to select one. |

Choose PC

Click this button and then a window will automatically pop up, as depicted below. The window consists of a list of private IP addresses of all hosts in your LAN network. Select one private IP address in the list to be the DMZ host.



When you have selected one private IP from the above dialog, the IP address will be shown on the following screen. Click **OK** to save the setting.

DMZ Host Setup

| | | WAN1 | WAN2 | WAN3 |
|-------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| WAN 2 | | | | |
| Index | Enable | Aux. WAN IP | Private IP | |
| 1. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 172.16.3.102 | 192.168.1.10 | <input type="button" value="Choose PC"/> |
| 2. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 172.16.3.200 | 0.0.0.0 | <input type="button" value="Choose PC"/> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.3.3 Open Ports

Open Ports allows you to open a range of ports for the traffic of special applications.

Common application of Open Ports includes P2P application (e.g., BT, KaZaA, Gnutella, WinMX, eMule and others), Internet Camera etc. Ensure that you keep the application involved up-to-date to avoid falling victim to any security exploits.

Click **Open Ports** to open the following page:

[NAT >> Open Ports](#)

Open Ports Setup [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Comment | Local IP Address | Status |
|---------------------|---------|------------------|--------|
| 1. | | | X |
| 2. | | | X |
| 3. | | | X |
| 4. | | | X |
| 5. | | | X |
| 6. | | | X |
| 7. | | | X |
| 8. | | | X |
| 9. | | | X |
| 10. | | | X |

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Index | Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to offer service in a local host. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry. |
| Comment | Display the name for the defined network service. |
| Local IP Address | Display the private IP address of the local host offering the service. |
| Status | Display the state for the corresponding entry. X or V is to represent the Inactive or Active state. |

To add or edit port settings, click one index number on the page. The index entry setup page will pop up. In each index entry, you can specify **10** port ranges for diverse services.

[NAT >> Open Ports >> Edit Open Ports](#)

Index No. 1

Enable Open Ports

Comment

Local Computer

| | Protocol | Start Port | End Port | | Protocol | Start Port | End Port |
|----|----------|------------|----------|-----|----------|------------|----------|
| 1. | TCP | 4500 | 4700 | 2. | ---- | 0 | 0 |
| 3. | UDP | 4600 | 4800 | 4. | ---- | 0 | 0 |
| 5. | ---- | 0 | 0 | 6. | ---- | 0 | 0 |
| 7. | ---- | 0 | 0 | 8. | ---- | 0 | 0 |
| 9. | ---- | 0 | 0 | 10. | ---- | 0 | 0 |

Available settings are explained as follows:

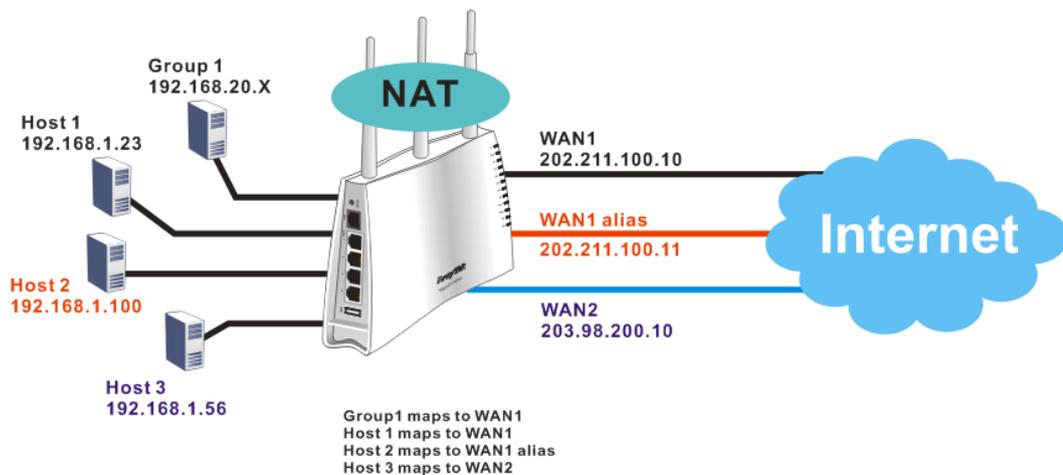
| Item | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Enable Open Ports | Check to enable this entry. |
| Comment | Make a name for the defined network application/service. |
| WAN IP | This setting is available when WAN IP Alias is configured. Specify the WAN IP address that will be used for this entry. |
| Local Computer | Enter the private IP address of the local host or click Choose PC to select one. Choose PC - Click this button and, subsequently, a window having a list of private IP addresses of local hosts will automatically pop up. Select the appropriate IP address of the local host in the list. |
| Protocol | Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be TCP , UDP , or ---- (none) for selection. |

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Start Port | Specify the starting port number of the service offered by the local host. |
| End Port | Specify the ending port number of the service offered by the local host. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.3.4 Address Mapping

Address Mapping is used to map a specified private IP or a range of private IPs of NAT subnet into a specified WAN IP (or WAN IP alias IP). Refer to the following figure.



Suppose the WAN settings for a router are configured as follows:

WAN1: 202.211.100.10, WAN1 alias: 202.211.100.11
WAN2: 203.98.200.10

Without address mapping feature, when a NAT host with an IP say "192.168.1.10" sends a packet to the WAN side (or the Internet), the source address of the NAT host will be mapped into either 202.211.100.10 or 203.98.200.10 (which IP or mapping is decided by the internal load balancing algorithm).

With address mapping feature, you can manually configure any host mapping to any WAN interface to fit the request. In the above example, you can configure NAT Host1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1); Host2 to always map to 202.211.100.11 (WAN1 alias); Host3 always map to 203.98.200.10 (WAN2) and Group 1 to always map to 202.211.100.10 (WAN1).

[NAT >> Address Mapping](#)

| Address Mapping Setup | | | | | Set to Factory Default |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|------------|------|--|
| Index | Protocol | Public IP | Private IP | Mask | Status |
| 1. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 2. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 3. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 4. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 5. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 6. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 7. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 8. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 9. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |
| 10. | ALL | --- | | /32 | x |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Index | Indicate the relative number for the particular entry that you want to configure. You should click the appropriate index number to edit or clear the corresponding entry. |
| Protocol | Display the protocol used for this address mapping. |
| Public IP | Display the public IP address selected for this entry, e.g., 172.16.3.102. |
| Private IP | Display the private IP set for this address mapping, e.g., 192.168.1.10. |
| Mask | Display the subnet mask selected for this address mapping. |
| Status | Display the status for the entry, enable or disable. |

Click the index number link to open the configuration page.

[NAT >> Address Mapping](#)

Index No. 1

Enable

Protocol: ALL ▾

WAN Interface: WAN1 ▾

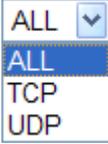
WAN IP: 2-192.168.1.56 ▾

Private IP:

Subnet Mask: /32 ▾

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Enable | Check to enable this entry. |

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Protocol | Specify the transport layer protocol. It could be TCP , UDP , or ALL for selection.  |
| WAN Interface | Choose the WAN interface for such address mapping profile. |
| WAN IP | This is the source IP of a packet captured on the WAN side and sent by a NAT host specified in the Private IP field. The drop down menu contains WAN interface IPs and WAN IP alias IPs. |
| Private IP | This is the source IP of a NAT host which wishes to send packets to the WAN side and have source address as configured in the WAN IP field. |
| Subnet Mask | Select a value of subnet mask for private IP address. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.4 Firewall

4.4.1 Basics for Firewall

While the broadband users demand more bandwidth for multimedia, interactive applications, or distance learning, security has been always the most concerned. The firewall of the Vigor router helps to protect your local network against attack from unauthorized outsiders. It also restricts users in the local network from accessing the Internet. Furthermore, it can filter out specific packets that trigger the router to build an unwanted outgoing connection.

Firewall Facilities

The users on the LAN are provided with secured protection by the following firewall facilities:

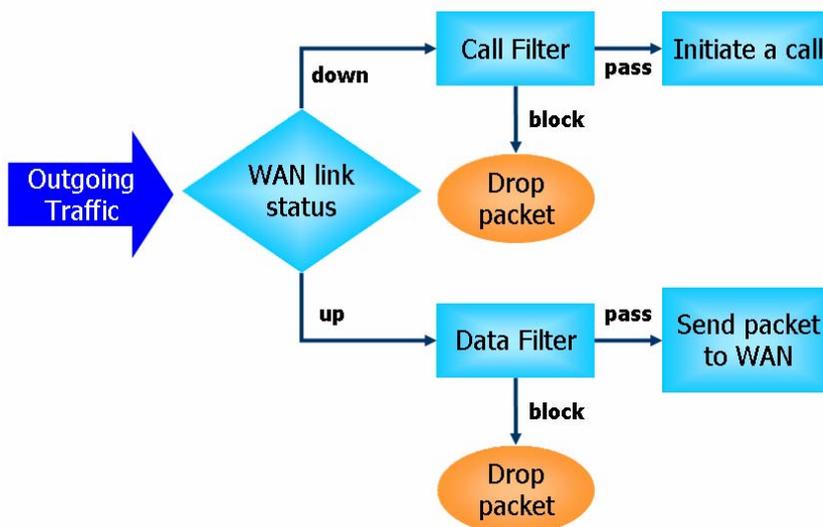
- User-configurable IP filter (Call Filter/ Data Filter).
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI): tracks packets and denies unsolicited incoming data
- Selectable Denial of Service (DoS) /Distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks protection

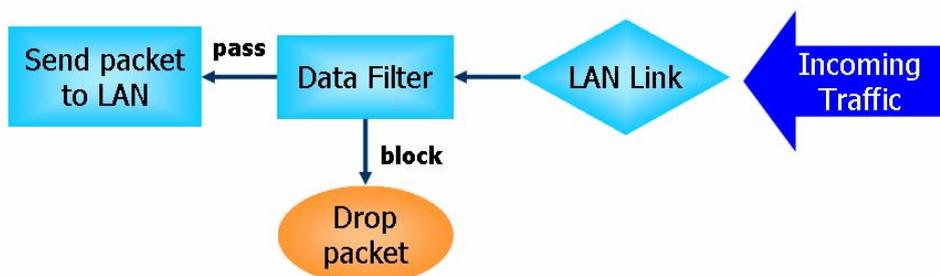
IP Filters

Depending on whether there is an existing Internet connection, or in other words “the WAN link status is up or down”, the IP filter architecture categorizes traffic into two: **Call Filter** and **Data Filter**.

- **Call Filter** - When there is no existing Internet connection, **Call Filter** is applied to all traffic, all of which should be outgoing. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass. Then the router shall “**initiate a call**” to build the Internet connection and send the packet to Internet.
- **Data Filter** - When there is an existing Internet connection, **Data Filter** is applied to incoming and outgoing traffic. It will check packets according to the filter rules. If legal, the packet will pass the router.

The following illustrations are flow charts explaining how router will treat incoming traffic and outgoing traffic respectively.





Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)

Stateful inspection is a firewall architecture that works at the network layer. Unlike legacy static packet filtering, which examines a packet based on the information in its header, stateful inspection builds up a state machine to track each connection traversing all interfaces of the firewall and makes sure they are valid. The stateful firewall of Vigor router not just examine the header information also monitor the state of the connection.

Denial of Service (DoS) Defense

The **DoS Defense** functionality helps you to detect and mitigate the DoS attack. The attacks are usually categorized into two types, the flooding-type attacks and the vulnerability attacks. The flooding-type attacks will attempt to exhaust all your system's resource while the vulnerability attacks will try to paralyze the system by offending the vulnerabilities of the protocol or operation system.

The **DoS Defense** function enables the Vigor router to inspect every incoming packet based on the attack signature database. Any malicious packet that might duplicate itself to paralyze the host in the secure LAN will be strictly blocked and a Syslog message will be sent as warning, if you set up Syslog server.

Also the Vigor router monitors the traffic. Any abnormal traffic flow violating the pre-defined parameter, such as the number of thresholds, is identified as an attack and the Vigor router will activate its defense mechanism to mitigate in a real-time manner.

The below shows the attack types that DoS/DDoS defense function can detect:

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. SYN flood attack | 9. SYN fragment |
| 2. UDP flood attack | 10. Fraggle attack |
| 3. ICMP flood attack | 11. TCP flag scan |
| 4. Port Scan attack | 12. Tear drop attack |
| 5. IP options | 13. Ping of Death attack |
| 6. Land attack | 14. ICMP fragment |
| 7. Smurf attack | 15. Unknown protocol |
| 8. Trace route | |

Below shows the menu items for Firewall.



4.4.2 General Setup

General Setup allows you to adjust settings of IP Filter and common options. Here you can enable or disable the **Call Filter** or **Data Filter**. Under some circumstance, your filter set can be linked to work in a serial manner. So here you assign the **Start Filter Set** only. Also you can configure the **Log Flag** settings, **Apply IP filter to VPN incoming packets**, and **Accept incoming fragmented UDP packets**.

Click **Firewall** and click **General Setup** to open the general setup page.

[Firewall >> General Setup](#)

General Setup

General Setup **Default Rule**

Call Filter Enable Disable

Data Filter Enable Disable

Start Filter Set ▼

Start Filter Set ▼

Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP packets (for some games, ex. CS)

Enable Strict Security Firewall

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|--|
| Call Filter | Check Enable to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Call Filter. |
| Data Filter | Check Enable to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for the Data Filter. |
| Accept large incoming... | Some on-line games (for example: Half Life) will use lots of fragmented UDP packets to transfer game data. Instinctively as a secure firewall, Vigor router will reject these fragmented packets to prevent attack unless you enable “ Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets ”. By checking this box, you can play these kinds of on-line games. If security concern is in higher priority, you cannot enable “ Accept large incoming fragmented UDP or ICMP Packets ”. |
| Enable Strict Security Firewall | Check the box to enable such function. For the sake of security, the router will execute strict security checking for data transmission. Such feature is enabled in default. All the packets, while transmitting through Vigor router, will be filtered by firewall. If the firewall system (e.g., content filter server) does not |

make any response (pass or block) for these packets, then the router's firewall will block the packets directly.

Default Rule Page

Such page allows you to choose filtering profiles including QoS, Load-Balance policy, WCF, APP Enforcement, URL Content Filter for data transmission via Vigor router.

[Firewall >> General Setup](#)

General Setup

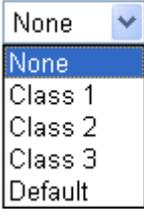
General Setup **Default Rule**

Actions for default rule:

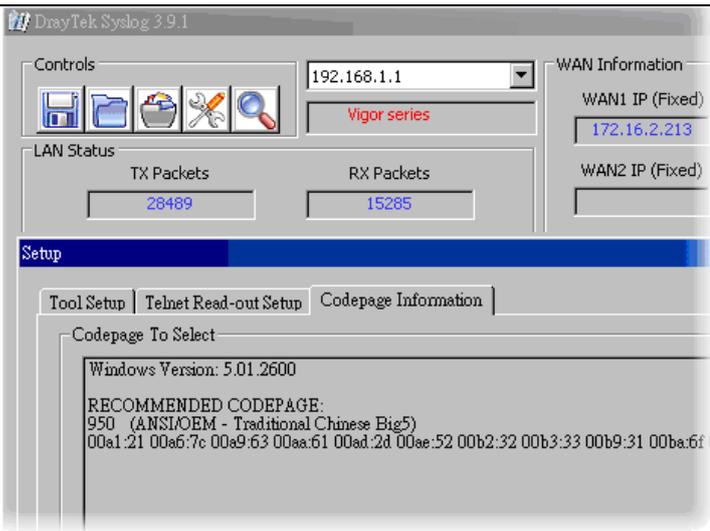
| Application | Action/Profile | Syslog |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Filter | Pass ▾ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Sessions Control | 0 / 12000 | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Quality of Service | None ▾ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| APP Enforcement | None ▾ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| URL Content Filter | None ▾ | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Web Content Filter | 1-Default ▾ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Advance Setting

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------|---|
| Filter | <p>Select Pass or Block for the packets that do not match with the filter rules.</p> <p>Filter </p> |
| Sessions Control | <p>The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 60000.</p> |
| Quality of Service | <p>Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.</p> <p></p> |

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| APP Enforcement | <p>Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.</p> |
| URL Content Filter | <p>Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.</p> |
| Web Content Filter | <p>Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information.</p> |
| Advance Setting | <p>Click Edit to open the following window. However, it is strongly recommended to use the default settings here.</p> <p>Firewall >> General Setup</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 10px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Advance Setting</p> <p>Codepage: <input type="text" value="ANSI(1252)-Latin I"/> ▼</p> <p>Window size: <input type="text" value="65535"/></p> <p>Session timeout: <input type="text" value="1440"/> Minute</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Close"/> </p> </div> <p>Codepage - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage. If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.</p> |

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| |  <p>The screenshot shows the DrayTek Syslog 3.9.1 interface. At the top, there are 'Controls' with icons for save, refresh, and search, and a dropdown menu set to '192.168.1.1'. Below this is the 'LAN Status' section, which displays 'TX Packets' as 28489 and 'RX Packets' as 15285. To the right, 'WAN Information' shows 'WAN1 IP (Fixed)' as 172.16.2.213 and 'WAN2 IP (Fixed)' as blank. The 'Setup' section is active, with tabs for 'Tool Setup', 'Telnet Read-out Setup', and 'Codepage Information'. Under 'Codepage To Select', it shows 'Windows Version: 5.01.2600' and a 'RECOMMENDED CODEPAGE: 950 (ANSI/OEM - Traditional Chinese Big5)'. Below the recommendation is a list of codepage options: 00a1:21 00a6:7c 00a9:63 00aa:61 00ad:2d 00ae:52 00b2:32 00b3:33 00b9:31 00ba:6f 00bc:00 00c1:00 00c2:01 00c4:00 00c5:01 00c6:02 00c7:03 00c8:04 00c9:05 00ca:06 00cb:07 00cc:08 00cd:09 00ce:0a 00cf:0b 00d0:0c 00d1:0d 00d2:0e 00d3:0f 00d4:10 00d5:11 00d6:12 00d7:13 00d8:14 00d9:15 00da:16 00db:17 00dc:18 00dd:19 00de:1a 00df:1b 00e0:1c 00e1:1d 00e2:1e 00e3:1f 00e4:20 00e5:21 00e6:22 00e7:23 00e8:24 00e9:25 00ea:26 00eb:27 00ec:28 00ed:29 00ee:2a 00ef:2b 00f0:2c 00f1:2d 00f2:2e 00f3:2f 00f4:30 00f5:31 00f6:32 00f7:33 00f8:34 00f9:35 00fa:36 00fb:37 00fc:38 00fd:39 00fe:3a 00ff:3b 0100:3c 0101:3d 0102:3e 0103:3f 0104:40 0105:41 0106:42 0107:43 0108:44 0109:45 010a:46 010b:47 010c:48 010d:49 010e:4a 010f:4b 0110:4c 0111:4d 0112:4e 0113:4f 0114:50 0115:51 0116:52 0117:53 0118:54 0119:55 011a:56 011b:57 011c:58 011d:59 011e:5a 011f:5b 0120:5c 0121:5d 0122:5e 0123:5f 0124:60 0125:61 0126:62 0127:63 0128:64 0129:65 012a:66 012b:67 012c:68 012d:69 012e:6a 012f:6b 0130:6c 0131:6d 0132:6e 0133:6f 0134:70 0135:71 0136:72 0137:73 0138:74 0139:75 013a:76 013b:77 013c:78 013d:79 013e:7a 013f:7b 0140:7c 0141:7d 0142:7e 0143:7f 0144:80 0145:81 0146:82 0147:83 0148:84 0149:85 014a:86 014b:87 014c:88 014d:89 014e:8a 014f:8b 0150:8c 0151:8d 0152:8e 0153:8f 0154:90 0155:91 0156:92 0157:93 0158:94 0159:95 015a:96 015b:97 015c:98 015d:99 015e:9a 015f:9b 0160:9c 0161:9d 0162:9e 0163:9f 0164:a0 0165:a1 0166:a2 0167:a3 0168:a4 0169:a5 016a:a6 016b:a7 016c:a8 016d:a9 016e:aa 016f:ab 0170:ac 0171:ad 0172:ae 0173:af 0174:b0 0175:b1 0176:b2 0177:b3 0178:b4 0179:b5 017a:b6 017b:b7 017c:b8 017d:b9 017e:ba 017f:bb 0180:bc 0181:bd 0182:be 0183:bf 0184:c0 0185:c1 0186:c2 0187:c3 0188:c4 0189:c5 018a:c6 018b:c7 018c:c8 018d:c9 018e:ca 018f:cb 0190:cc 0191:cd 0192:ce 0193:cf 0194:d0 0195:d1 0196:d2 0197:d3 0198:d4 0199:d5 019a:d6 019b:d7 019c:d8 019d:d9 019e:da 019f:db 01a0:dc 01a1:dd 01a2:de 01a3:df 01a4:80 01a5:81 01a6:82 01a7:83 01a8:84 01a9:85 01aa:86 01ab:87 01ac:88 01ad:89 01ae:8a 01af:8b 01b0:8c 01b1:8d 01b2:8e 01b3:8f 01b4:90 01b5:91 01b6:92 01b7:93 01b8:94 01b9:95 01ba:96 01bb:97 01bc:98 01bd:99 01be:9a 01bf:9b 01c0:9c 01c1:9d 01c2:9e 01c3:9f 01c4:a0 01c5:a1 01c6:a2 01c7:a3 01c8:a4 01c9:a5 01ca:a6 01cb:a7 01cc:a8 01cd:a9 01ce:aa 01cf:ab 01d0:ac 01d1:ad 01d2:ae 01d3:af 01d4:b0 01d5:b1 01d6:b2 01d7:b3 01d8:b4 01d9:b5 01da:b6 01db:b7 01dc:b8 01dd:b9 01de:ba 01df:bb 01e0:bc 01e1:bd 01e2:be 01e3:bf 01e4:c0 01e5:c1 01e6:c2 01e7:c3 01e8:c4 01e9:c5 01ea:c6 01eb:c7 01ec:c8 01ed:c9 01ee:ca 01ef:cb 01f0:cc 01f1:cd 01f2:ce 01f3:cf 01f4:d0 01f5:d1 01f6:d2 01f7:d3 01f8:d4 01f9:d5 01fa:d6 01fb:d7 01fc:d8 01fd:d9 01fe:da 01ff:db 0200:dc 0201:dd 0202:de 0203:df 0204:80 0205:81 0206:82 0207:83 0208:84 0209:85 020a:86 020b:87 020c:88 020d:89 020e:8a 020f:8b 0210:8c 0211:8d 0212:8e 0213:8f 0214:90 0215:91 0216:92 0217:93 0218:94 0219:95 021a:96 021b:97 021c:98 021d:99 021e:9a 021f:9b 0220:9c 0221:9d 0222:9e 0223:9f 0224:a0 0225:a1 0226:a2 0227:a3 0228:a4 0229:a5 022a:a6 022b:a7 022c:a8 022d:a9 022e:aa 022f:ab 0230:ac 0231:ad 0232:ae 0233:af 0234:b0 0235:b1 0236:b2 0237:b3 0238:b4 0239:b5 023a:b6 023b:b7 023c:b8 023d:b9 023e:ba 023f:bb 0240:bc 0241:bd 0242:be 0243:bf 0244:c0 0245:c1 0246:c2 0247:c3 0248:c4 0249:c5 024a:c6 024b:c7 024c:c8 024d:c9 024e:ca 024f:cb 0250:cc 0251:cd 0252:ce 0253:cf 0254:d0 0255:d1 0256:d2 0257:d3 0258:d4 0259:d5 025a:d6 025b:d7 025c:d8 025d:d9 025e:da 025f:db 0260:dc 0261:dd 0262:de 0263:df 0264:e0 0265:e1 0266:e2 0267:e3 0268:e4 0269:e5 026a:e6 026b:e7 026c:e8 026d:e9 026e:ea 026f:eb 0270:ec 0271:ed 0272:ee 0273:ef 0274:f0 0275:f1 0276:f2 0277:f3 0278:f4 0279:f5 027a:f6 027b:f7 027c:f8 027d:f9 027e:fa 027f:fb 0280:fc 0281:fd 0282:fe 0283:ff 0284:00 0285:01 0286:02 0287:03 0288:04 0289:05 028a:06 028b:07 028c:08 028d:09 028e:0a 028f:0b 0290:0c 0291:0d 0292:0e 0293:0f 0294:10 0295:11 0296:12 0297:13 0298:14 0299:15 029a:16 029b:17 029c:18 029d:19 029e:1a 029f:1b 02a0:1c 02a1:1d 02a2:1e 02a3:1f 02a4:20 02a5:21 02a6:22 02a7:23 02a8:24 02a9:25 02aa:26 02ab:27 02ac:28 02ad:29 02ae:2a 02af:2b 02b0:2c 02b1:2d 02b2:2e 02b3:2f 02b4:30 02b5:31 02b6:32 02b7:33 02b8:34 02b9:35 02ba:36 02bb:37 02bc:38 02bd:39 02be:3a 02bf:3b 02c0:3c 02c1:3d 02c2:3e 02c3:3f 02c4:40 02c5:41 02c6:42 02c7:43 02c8:44 02c9:45 02ca:46 02cb:47 02cc:48 02cd:49 02ce:4a 02cf:4b 02d0:4c 02d1:4d 02d2:4e 02d3:4f 02d4:50 02d5:51 02d6:52 02d7:53 02d8:54 02d9:55 02da:56 02db:57 02dc:58 02dd:59 02de:5a 02df:5b 02e0:5c 02e1:5d 02e2:5e 02e3:5f 02e4:60 02e5:61 02e6:62 02e7:63 02e8:64 02e9:65 02ea:66 02eb:67 02ec:68 02ed:69 02ee:6a 02ef:6b 02f0:6c 02f1:6d 02f2:6e 02f3:6f 02f4:70 02f5:71 02f6:72 02f7:73 02f8:74 02f9:75 02fa:76 02fb:77 02fc:78 02fd:79 02fe:7a 02ff:7b 0300:7c 0301:7d 0302:7e 0303:7f 0304:80 0305:81 0306:82 0307:83 0308:84 0309:85 030a:86 030b:87 030c:88 030d:89 030e:8a 030f:8b 0310:8c 0311:8d 0312:8e 0313:8f 0314:90 0315:91 0316:92 0317:93 0318:94 0319:95 031a:96 031b:97 031c:98 031d:99 031e:9a 031f:9b 0320:9c 0321:9d 0322:9e 0323:9f 0324:a0 0325:a1 0326:a2 0327:a3 0328:a4 0329:a5 032a:a6 032b:a7 032c:a8 032d:a9 032e:aa 032f:ab 0330:ac 0331:ad 0332:ae 0333:af 0334:b0 0335:b1 0336:b2 0337:b3 0338:b4 0339:b5 033a:b6 033b:b7 033c:b8 033d:b9 033e:ba 033f:bb 0340:bc 0341:bd 0342:be 0343:bf 0344:c0 0345:c1 0346:c2 0347:c3 0348:c4 0349:c5 034a:c6 034b:c7 034c:c8 034d:c9 034e:ca 034f:cb 0350:cc 0351:cd 0352:ce 0353:cf 0354:d0 0355:d1 0356:d2 0357:d3 0358:d4 0359:d5 035a:d6 035b:d7 035c:d8 035d:d9 035e:da 035f:db 0360:dc 0361:dd 0362:de 0363:df 0364:80 0365:81 0366:82 0367:83 0368:84 0369:85 036a:86 036b:87 036c:88 036d:89 036e:8a 036f:8b 0370:8c 0371:8d 0372:8e 0373:8f 0374:90 0375:91 0376:92 0377:93 0378:94 0379:95 037a:96 037b:97 037c:98 037d:99 037e:9a 037f:9b 0380:9c 0381:9d 0382:9e 0383:9f 0384:a0 0385:a1 0386:a2 0387:a3 0388:a4 0389:a5 038a:a6 038b:a7 038c:a8 038d:a9 038e:aa 038f:ab 0390:ac 0391:ad 0392:ae 0393:af 0394:b0 0395:b1 0396:b2 0397:b3 0398:b4 0399:b5 039a:b6 039b:b7 039c:b8 039d:b9 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0515:31 0516:32 0517:33 0518:34 0519:35 051a:36 051b:37 051c:38 051d:39 051e:3a 051f:3b 0520:3c 0521:3d 0522:3e 0523:3f 0524:40 0525:41 0526:42 0527:43 0528:44 0529:45 052a:46 052b:47 052c:48 052d:49 052e:4a 052f:4b 0530:4c 0531:4d 0532:4e 0533:4f 0534:50 0535:51 0536:52 0537:53 0538:54 0539:55 053a:56 053b:57 053c:58 053d:59 053e:5a 053f:5b 0540:5c 0541:5d 0542:5e 0543:5f 0544:60 0545:61 0546:62 0547:63 0548:64 0549:65 054a:66 054b:67 054c:68 054d:69 054e:6a 054f:6b 0550:6c 0551:6d 0552:6e 0553:6f 0554:70 0555:71 0556:72 0557:73 0558:74 0559:75 055a:76 055b:77 055c:78 055d:79 055e:7a 055f:7b 0560:7c 0561:7d 0562:7e 0563:7f 0564:80 0565:81 0566:82 0567:83 0568:84 0569:85 056a:86 056b:87 056c:88 056d:89 056e:8a 056f:8b 0570:8c 0571:8d 0572:8e 0573:8f 0574:90 0575:91 0576:92 0577:93 0578:94 0579:95 057a:96 057b:97 057c:98 057d:99 057e:9a 057f:9b 0580:9c 0581:9d 0582:9e 0583:9f 0584:a0 0585:a1 0586:a2 0587:a3 0588:a4 0589:a5 058a:a6 058b:a7 058c:a8 058d:a9 058e:aa 058f:ab 0590:ac 0591:ad 0592:ae 0593:af 0594:b0 0595:b1 0596:b2 0597:b3 0598:b4 0599:b5 059a:b6 059b:b7 059c:b8 059d:b9 059e:ba 059f:bb 05a0:bc 05a1:bd 05a2:be 05a3:bf 05a4:c0 05a5:c1 05a6:c2 05a7:c3 05a8:c4 05a9:c5 05aa:c6 05ab:c7 05ac:c8 05ad:c9 05ae:ca 05af:cb 05b0:cc 05b1:cd 05b2:ce 05b3:cf 05b4:d0 05b5:d1 05b6:d2 05b7:d3 05b8:d4 05b9:d5 05ba:d6 05bb:d7 05bc:d8 05bd:d9 05be:da 05bf:db 05c0:dc 05c1:dd 05c2:de 05c3:df 05c4:e0 05c5:e1 05c6:e2 05c7:e3 05c8:e4 05c9:e5 05ca:e6 05cb:e7 05cc:e8 05cd:e9 05ce:ea 05cf:eb 05d0:ec 05d1:ed 05d2:ee 05d3:ef 05d4:f0 05d5:f1 05d6:f2 05d7:f3 05d8:f4 05d9:f5 05da:f6 05db:f7 05dc:f8 05dd:f9 05de:fa 05df:fb 05e0:fc 05e1:fd 05e2:fe 05e3:ff 05e4:00 05e5:01 05e6:02 05e7:03 05e8:04 05e9:05 05ea:06 05eb:07 05ec:08 05ed:09 05ee:0a 05ef:0b 05f0:0c 05f1:0d 05f2:0e 05f3:0f 05f4:10 05f5:11 05f6:12 05f7:13 05f8:14 05f9:15 05fa:16 05fb:17 05fc:18 05fd:19 05fe:1a 05ff:1b 0600:1c 0601:1d 0602:1e 0603:1f 0604:20 0605:21 0606:22 0607:23 0608:24 0609:25 060a:26 060b:27 060c:28 060d:29 060e:2a 060f:2b 0610:2c 0611:2d 0612:2e 0613:2f 0614:30 0615:31 0616:32 0617:33 0618:34 0619:35 061a:36 061b:37 061c:38 061d:39 061e:3a 061f:3b 0620:3c 0621:3d 0622:3e 0623:3f 0624:40 0625:41 0626:42 0627:43 0628:44 0629:45 062a:46 062b:47 062c:48 062d:49 062e:4a 062f:4b 0630:4c 0631:4d 0632:4e 0633:4f 0634:50 0635:51 0636:52 0637:53 0638:54 0639:55 063a:56 063b:57 063c:58 063d:59 063e:5a 063f:5b 0640:5c 0641:5d 0642:5e 0643:5f 0644:60 0645:61 0646:62 0647:63 0648:64 0649:65 064a:66 064b:67 064c:68 064d:69 064e:6a 064f:6b 0650:6c 0651:6d 0652:6e 0653:6f 0654:70 0655:71 0656:72 0657:73 0658:74 0659:75 065a:76 065b:77 065c:78 065d:79 065e:7a 065f:7b 0660:7c 0661:7d 0662:7e 0663:7f 0664:80 0665:81 0666:82 0667:83 0668:84 0669:85 066a:86 066b:87 066c:88 066d:89 066e:8a 066f:8b 0670:8c 0671:8d 0672:8e 0673:8f 0674:90 0675:91 0676:92 0677:93 0678:94 0679:95 067a:96 067b:97 067c:98 067d:99 067e:9a 067f:9b 0680:9c 0681:9d 0682:9e 0683:9f 0684:a0 0685:a1 0686:a2 0687:a3 0688:a4 0689:a5 068a:a6 068b:a7 068c:a8 068d:a9 068e:aa 068f:ab 0690:ac 0691:ad 0692:ae 0693:af 0694:b0 0695:b1 0696:b2 0697:b3 0698:b4 0699:b5 069a:b6 069b:b7 069c:b8 069d:b9 069e:ba 069f:bb 06a0:bc 06a1:bd 06a2:be 06a3:bf 06a4:c0 06a5:c1 06a6:c2 06a7:c3 06a8:c4 06a9:c5 06aa:c6 06ab:c7 06ac:c8 06ad:c9 06ae:ca 06af:cb 06b0:cc 06b1:cd 06b2:ce 06b3:cf 06b4:d0 06b5:d1 06b6:d2 06b7:d3 06b8:d4 06b9:d5 06ba:d6 06bb:d7 06bc:d8 06bd:d9 06be:da 06bf:db 06c0:dc 06c1:dd 06c2:de 06c3:df 06c4:e0 06c5:e1 06c6:e2 06c7:e3 06c8:e4 06c9:e5 06ca:e6 06cb:e7 06cc:e8 06cd:e9 06ce:ea 06cf:eb 06d0:ec 06d1:ed 06d2:ee 06d3:ef 06d4:f0 06d5:f1 06d6:f2 06d7:f3 06d8:f4 06d9:f5 06da:f6 06db:f7 06dc:f8 06dd:f9 06de:fa 06df:fb 06e0:fc 06e1:fd 06e2:fe 06e3:ff 06e4:00 06e5:01 06e6:02 06e7:03 06e8:04 06e9:05 06ea:06 06eb:07 06ec:08 06ed:09 06ee:0a 06ef:0b 06f0:0c 06f1:0d 06f2:0e 06f3:0f 06f4:10 06f5:11 06f6:12 06f7:13 06f8:14 06f9:15 06fa:16 06fb:17 06fc:18 06fd:19 06fe:1a 06ff:1b 0700:1c </p> |

4.4.3 Filter Setup

Click **Firewall** and click **Filter Setup** to open the setup page.

[Firewall >> Filter Setup](#)

| Filter Setup | | Set to Factory Default | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|----------|
| Set | Comments | Set | Comments |
| 1. | Default Call Filter | 7. | |
| 2. | Default Data Filter | 8. | |
| 3. | | 9. | |
| 4. | | 10. | |
| 5. | | 11. | |
| 6. | | 12. | |

To edit or add a filter, click on the set number to edit the individual set. The following page will be shown. Each filter set contains up to 7 rules. Click on the rule number button to edit each rule. Check **Active** to enable the rule.

[Firewall >> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set](#)

Filter Set 1

Comments :

| Filter Rule | Active | Comments | Move Up | Move Down |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="button" value="1"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Block NetBios | | Down |
| <input type="button" value="2"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | Down |
| <input type="button" value="3"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | Down |
| <input type="button" value="4"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | Down |
| <input type="button" value="5"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | Down |
| <input type="button" value="6"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | Down |
| <input type="button" value="7"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | UP | |

Next Filter Set

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Filter Rule | Click a button numbered (1 ~ 7) to edit the filter rule. Click the button will open Edit Filter Rule web page. For the detailed information, refer to the following page. |
| Active | Enable or disable the filter rule. |
| Comment | Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 23-character long. |
| Move Up/Down | Use Up or Down link to move the order of the filter rules. |
| Next Filter Set | Set the link to the next filter set to be executed after the current filter run. Do not make a loop with many filter sets. |

To edit **Filter Rule**, click the **Filter Rule** index button to enter the **Filter Rule** setup page.

[Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule](#)

Filter Set 1 Rule 1

Check to enable the Filter Rule

Comments:

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup: , , ,

Clear sessions when schedule ON: Enable

Direction:

Source IP:

Destination IP:

Service Type:

Fragments:

| Application | Action/Profile | Syslog |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Filter: | <input type="text" value="Block Immediately"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Branch to Other Filter Set: | <input type="text" value="None"/> | |
| Sessions Control | <input type="text" value="0 / 12000"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| MAC Bind IP | <input type="text" value="Non-Strict"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Quality of Service | <input type="text" value="None"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| APP Enforcement: | <input type="text" value="None"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| URL Content Filter: | <input type="text" value="None"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Web Content Filter: | <input type="text" value="None"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

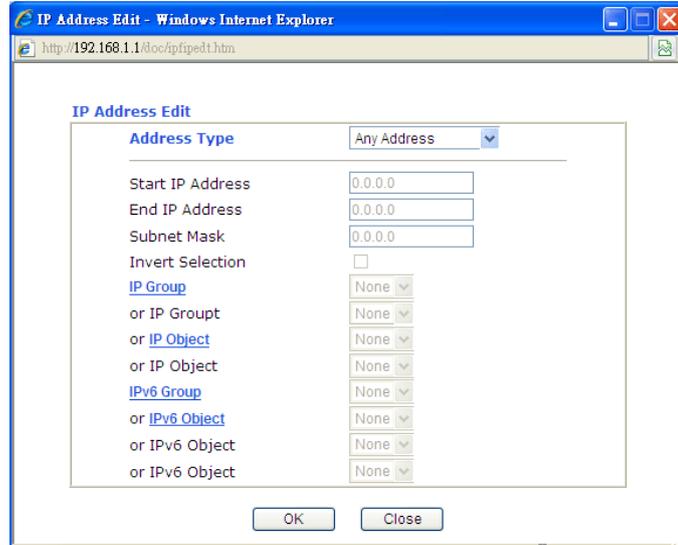
Advance Setting

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|---|
| Check to enable the Filter Rule | Check this box to enable the filter rule. |
| Comments | Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length is 14-character long. |
| Index(1-15) | Set PCs on LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this field is blank and the function will always work. |
| Clear sessions when schedule ON | Check this box to clear all the sessions when the schedule is configured and specified above. |
| Direction | Set the direction of packet flow. It is for Data Filter only. For the Call Filter , this setting is not available since Call Filter is only applied to outgoing traffic. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 5px 0;"> <input type="text" value="LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> LAN/RT/VPN -> WAN WAN -> LAN/RT/VPN LAN/RT/VPN -> LAN/RT/VPN </div> <p>Note: RT means routing domain for 2nd subnet.</p> |

Source/Destination IP

Click **Edit** to access into the following dialog to choose the source/destination IP or IP ranges.



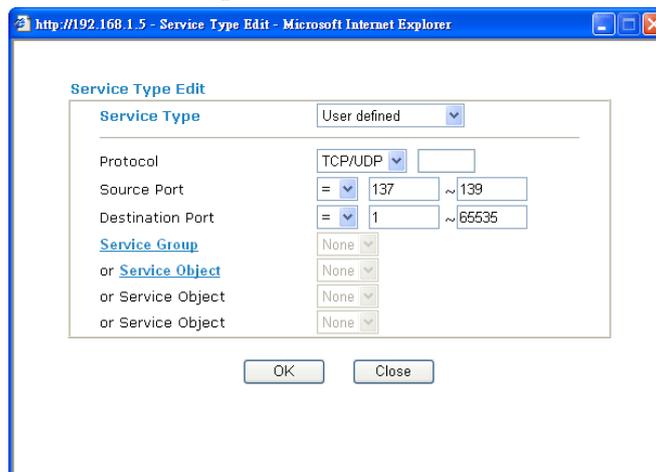
To set the IP address manually, please choose **Any Address/Single Address/Range Address/Subnet Address** as the Address Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the IP range from defined groups or objects, please choose **Group and Objects** as the Address Type.



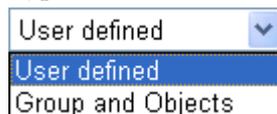
From the **IP Group** drop down list, choose the one that you want to apply. Or use the **IP Object** drop down list to choose the object that you want.

Service Type

Click **Edit** to access into the following dialog to choose a suitable service type.



To set the service type manually, please choose **User defined** as the Service Type and type them in this dialog. In addition, if you want to use the service type from defined groups or objects, please choose **Group and Objects** as the Service Type.



Protocol - Specify the protocol(s) which this filter rule will apply to.

Source/Destination Port –

(=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this service type.

(!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.

(>) – the port number greater than this value is available.

(<) – the port number less than this value is available for this profile.

Service Group/Object - Use the drop down list to choose the one that you want.

Fragments

Specify the action for fragmented packets. And it is used for **Data Filter** only.

Don't care - No action will be taken towards fragmented packets.

Unfragmented - Apply the rule to unfragmented packets.

Fragmented - Apply the rule to fragmented packets.

Too Short - Apply the rule only to packets that are too short to contain a complete header.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Filter | <p>Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.</p> <p>Block Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.</p> <p>Pass Immediately - Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.</p> <p>Block If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.</p> <p>Pass If No Further Match - A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed through.</p> |
| Branch to other Filter Set | <p>If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set. Select next filter rule to branch from the drop-down menu. Be aware that the router will apply the specified filter rule for ever and will not return to previous filter rule any more.</p> |
| Sessions Control | <p>The number typed here is the total sessions of the packets that do not match the filter rule configured in this page. The default setting is 12000.</p> |
| MAC Bind IP | <p>When the IP Object Profile (with specified MAC Address and IP address for Address Type) is selected for Source IP /Destination IP setting, the system will process the packet according to the following rules:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● If the MAC address of the packet meets the specified MAC address listed in IP Object Profile, no matter which IP address that the packet is, it can pass through Vigor router easily. ● If the MAC address of the packet cannot meet the specified MAC address listed in IP Object Profile, the system will consider the IP settings (Non-Strict or Strict) to determine if the packets can pass or be blocked. <p>If Non-Strict is selected: The packet can pass. If Strict is selected: The packet will be blocked.</p> |
| Quality of Service | <p>Choose one of the QoS rules to be applied as firewall rule. For detailed information of setting QoS, please refer to the related section later.</p>  |

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| APP Enforcement | Select an APP Enforcement profile for global IM/P2P application blocking. If there is no profile for you to select, please choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. All the hosts in LAN must follow the standard configured in the APP Enforcement profile selected here. For detailed information, refer to the section of APP Enforcement profile setup. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for IM/P2P by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information. |
| URL Content Filter | Select one of the URL Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> URL Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for choosing in CSM>> URL Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for URL Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information. |
| Web Content Filter | Select one of the Web Content Filter profile settings (created in CSM>> Web Content Filter) for applying with this router. Please set at least one profile for anti-virus in CSM>> Web Content Filter web page first. Or choose [Create New] from the drop down list in this page to create a new profile. For troubleshooting needs, you can specify to record information for Web Content Filter by checking the Log box. It will be sent to Syslog server. Please refer to section Syslog/Mail Alert for more detailed information. |
| SysLog | For troubleshooting needs you can specify the filter log and/or CSM log here. Check the corresponding box to enable the log function. Then, the filter log and/or CSM log will be shown on Draytek Syslog window. |

Advance Setting

Click **Edit** to open the following window. However, it is **strongly recommended** to use the default settings here.

[Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule](#)

Filter Set 1 Rule 1

Advance Setting

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Codepage | ANSI(1252)-Latin I |
| Window size: | 65535 |
| Session timeout: | 1440 Minute |
| DrayTek Banner: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

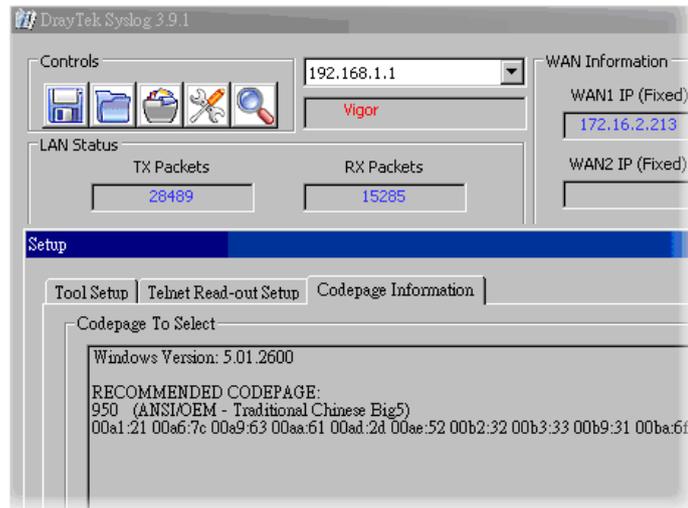
Strict Security Checking

| |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> APP Enforcement |
|--|

OK Close

Codepage - This function is used to compare the characters among different languages. Choose correct codepage can help the system obtaining correct ASCII after decoding data from URL and enhance the correctness of URL Content Filter. The default value for this setting is ANSI 1252 Latin I. If you do not choose any codepage, no decoding job of URL will be processed. Please use the drop-down list to choose a codepage.

If you do not have any idea of choosing suitable codepage, please open Syslog. From Codepage Information of Setup dialog, you will see the recommended codepage listed on the dialog box.



Window size – It determines the size of TCP protocol (0~65535). The more the value is, the better the performance will be. However, if the network is not stable, small value will be proper.

Session timeout–Setting timeout for sessions can make the best utilization of network resources. However, Queue timeout is configured for TCP protocol only; session timeout is configured for the data flow which matched with the firewall rule.

DrayTek Banner – Please uncheck this box and the following screen will not be shown for the unreachable web page. The default setting is Enabled.



Example

As stated before, all the traffic will be separated and arbitrated using one of two IP filters: call filter or data filter. You may preset 12 call filters and data filters in **Filter Setup** and even link them in a serial manner. Each filter set is composed by 7 filter rules, which can be further defined. After that, in **General Setup** you may specify one set for call filter and one set for data filter to execute first.

The image displays four screenshots from the DrayTek Firewall configuration interface, connected by red arrows to show the workflow:

- Firewall >> General Setup:** Shows the 'General Setup' tab. The 'Call Filter' and 'Data Filter' are both enabled. The 'Start Filter Set' dropdowns are set to 'Set#1' and 'Set#2' respectively.
- Firewall >> Filter Setup:** Shows a table of 12 filter sets. The first two rows are highlighted: '1. Default Call Filter' and '2. Default Data Filter'.
- Firewall >> Filter Setup >> Edit Filter Set:** Shows 'Filter Set 1' with a list of 7 filter rules. Rule 1 is highlighted.
- Firewall >> Edit Filter Set >> Edit Filter Rule:** Shows the configuration for 'Filter Set 1 Rule 1'. The rule is active and configured to block NetBios traffic from LAN/WRT/VPN to WAN.

4.4.4 DoS Defense

As a sub-functionality of IP Filter/Firewall, there are 15 types of detect/ defense function in the **DoS Defense** setup. The DoS Defense functionality is disabled for default.

Click **Firewall** and click **DoS Defense** to open the setup page.

[Firewall >> DoS defense Setup](#)

DoS defense Setup

Enable DoS Defense Select All

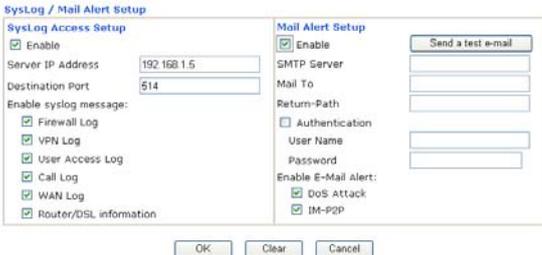
| | | | |
|---|-----------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable SYN flood defense | Threshold | <input type="text" value="50"/> | packets / sec |
| | Timeout | <input type="text" value="10"/> | sec |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable UDP flood defense | Threshold | <input type="text" value="150"/> | packets / sec |
| | Timeout | <input type="text" value="10"/> | sec |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable ICMP flood defense | Threshold | <input type="text" value="50"/> | packets / sec |
| | Timeout | <input type="text" value="10"/> | sec |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Port Scan detection | Threshold | <input type="text" value="150"/> | packets / sec |

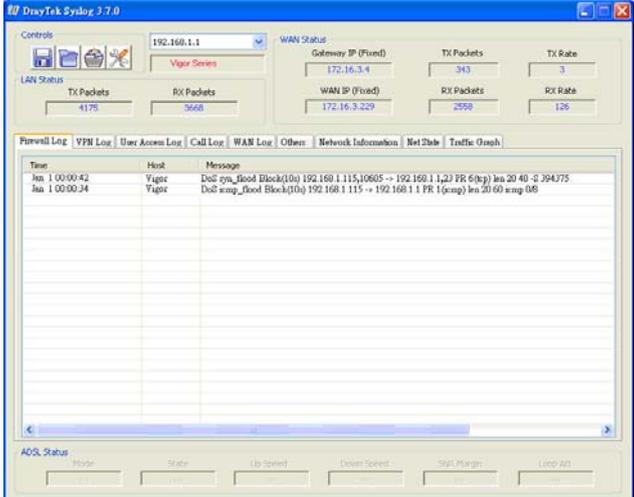
Block IP options Block TCP flag scan
 Block Land Block Tear Drop
 Block Smurf Block Ping of Death
 Block trace route Block ICMP fragment
 Block SYN fragment Block UnknownProtocol
 Block Fraggle Attack

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Enable Dos Defense | Check the box to activate the DoS Defense Functionality. |
| Select All | Click this button to select all the items listed below. |
| Enable SYN flood defense | <p>Check the box to activate the SYN flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the TCP SYN packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent TCP SYN packets for a period defined in Timeout. The goal for this is prevent the TCP SYN packets' attempt to exhaust the limited-resource of Vigor router.</p> <p>By default, the threshold and timeout values are set to 50 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 50 packets per second received, they will be regarded as "attack event" and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.</p> |
| Enable UDP flood defense | Check the box to activate the UDP flood defense function. Once detecting the Threshold of the UDP packets from the Internet has exceeded the defined value, the Vigor router will start to randomly discard the subsequent UDP packets for a period |

| Item | Description |
|---|--|
| | <p>defined in Timeout.</p> <p>The default setting for threshold and timeout are 150 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 150 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event” and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.</p> |
| <p>Enable ICMP flood defense</p> | <p>Check the box to activate the ICMP flood defense function. Similar to the UDP flood defense function, once if the Threshold of ICMP packets from Internet has exceeded the defined value, the router will discard the ICMP echo requests coming from the Internet.</p> <p>The default setting for threshold and timeout are 50 packets per second and 10 seconds, respectively. That means, when 50 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event” and the session will be paused for 10 seconds.</p> |
| <p>Enable PortScan detection</p> | <p>Port Scan attacks the Vigor router by sending lots of packets to many ports in an attempt to find ignorant services would respond. Check the box to activate the Port Scan detection. Whenever detecting this malicious exploration behavior by monitoring the port-scanning Threshold rate, the Vigor router will send out a warning.</p> <p>By default, the Vigor router sets the threshold as 150 packets per second. That means, when 150 packets per second received, they will be regarded as “attack event”.</p> |
| <p>Block IP options</p> | <p>Check the box to activate the Block IP options function. The Vigor router will ignore any IP packets with IP option field in the datagram header. The reason for limitation is IP option appears to be a vulnerability of the security for the LAN because it will carry significant information, such as security, TCC (closed user group) parameters, a series of Internet addresses, routing messages...etc. An eavesdropper outside might learn the details of your private networks.</p> |
| <p>Block Land</p> | <p>Check the box to enforce the Vigor router to defense the Land attacks. The Land attack combines the SYN attack technology with IP spoofing. A Land attack occurs when an attacker sends spoofed SYN packets with the identical source and destination addresses, as well as the port number to victims.</p> |
| <p>Block Smurf</p> | <p>Check the box to activate the Block Smurf function. The Vigor router will ignore any broadcasting ICMP echo request.</p> |
| <p>Block trace router</p> | <p>Check the box to enforce the Vigor router not to forward any trace route packets.</p> |
| <p>Block SYN fragment</p> | <p>Check the box to activate the Block SYN fragment function. The Vigor router will drop any packets having SYN flag and more fragment bit set.</p> |
| <p>Block Fraggle Attack</p> | <p>Check the box to activate the Block fraggle Attack function. Any broadcast UDP packets received from the Internet is blocked.</p> <p>Activating the DoS/DDoS defense functionality might block some legal packets. For example, when you activate the fraggle</p> |

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | attack defense, all broadcast UDP packets coming from the Internet are blocked. Therefore, the RIP packets from the Internet might be dropped. |
| Block TCP flag scan | Check the box to activate the Block TCP flag scan function. Any TCP packet with anomaly flag setting is dropped. Those scanning activities include <i>no flag scan</i> , <i>FIN without ACK scan</i> , <i>SYN FINscan</i> , <i>Xmas scan</i> and <i>full Xmas scan</i> . |
| Block Tear Drop | Check the box to activate the Block Tear Drop function. Many machines may crash when receiving ICMP datagrams (packets) that exceed the maximum length. To avoid this type of attack, the Vigor router is designed to be capable of discarding any fragmented ICMP packets with a length greater than 1024 octets. |
| Block Ping of Death | Check the box to activate the Block Ping of Death function. This attack involves the perpetrator sending overlapping packets to the target hosts so that those target hosts will hang once they re-construct the packets. The Vigor routers will block any packets realizing this attacking activity. |
| Block ICMP Fragment | Check the box to activate the Block ICMP fragment function. Any ICMP packets with more fragment bit set are dropped. |
| Block Unknown Protocol | Check the box to activate the Block Unknown Protocol function. Individual IP packet has a protocol field in the datagram header to indicate the protocol type running over the upper layer. However, the protocol types greater than 100 are reserved and undefined at this time. Therefore, the router should have ability to detect and reject this kind of packets. |
| Warning Messages | <p>We provide Syslog function for user to retrieve message from Vigor router. The user, as a Syslog Server, shall receive the report sending from Vigor router which is a Syslog Client.</p> <p>All the warning messages related to DoS Defense will be sent to user and user can review it through Syslog daemon. Look for the keyword DoS in the message, followed by a name to indicate what kind of attacks is detected.</p> <p>System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert Setup</p>  |

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| |  <p>The screenshot shows the DrayTek Syntel 3-7.0 configuration interface. At the top, there are controls for the WAN interface, including a dropdown menu set to 'Vigor Series' and a 'WAN Status' section. The WAN Status section displays Gateway IP (Fixed) as 172.16.3.4, TX Packets as 343, TX Rate as 3, WAN IP (Fixed) as 172.16.3.229, RX Packets as 2998, and RX Rate as 126. Below this, there are tabs for Firewall Log, VPN Log, User Access Log, Call Log, WAN Log, Others, Network Information, Net State, and Traffic Graph. The Firewall Log tab is active, showing a table with columns for Time, Host, and Message. The table contains two entries: one at Jan 1 00:00:42 and another at Jan 1 00:00:34, both from Vigor. The bottom of the interface shows ADSL Status with fields for Mode, State, Up Speed, Down Speed, SNR Margin, and Load All.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.5 Objects Settings

For IPs in a range and service ports in a limited range usually will be applied in configuring router's settings, therefore we can define them with *objects* and bind them with *groups* for using conveniently. Later, we can select that object/group that can apply it. For example, all the IPs in the same department can be defined with an IP object (a range of IP address).



4.5.1 IP Object

You can set up to 192 sets of IP Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> IP Object](#)

IP Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) | [97-128](#) | [129-160](#) | [161-192](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Name | Display a name for this profile. |
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IP Object](#)

IP Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

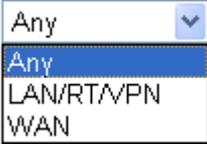
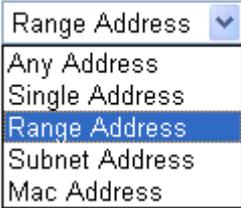
[Objects Setting >> IP Object](#)

Profile Index : 1

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Name: | RD Department |
| Interface: | Any |
| Address Type: | Range Address |
| Mac Address: | 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 : 00 |
| Start IP Address: | 192.168.1.64 |
| End IP Address: | 192.168.1.75 |
| Subnet Mask: | 0.0.0.0 |
| Invert Selection: | <input type="checkbox"/> |

OK Clear Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed. |
| Interface | <p>Choose a proper interface.</p>  <p>For example, the Direction setting in Edit Filter Rule will ask you specify IP or IP range for WAN or LAN or any IP address. If you choose LAN as the Interface here, and choose LAN as the direction setting in Edit Filter Rule, then all the IP addresses specified with LAN interface will be opened for you to choose in Edit Filter Rule page.</p> |
| Address Type | <p>Determine the address type for the IP address.</p> <p>Select Single Address if this object contains one IP address only.</p> <p>Select Range Address if this object contains several IPs within a range.</p> <p>Select Subnet Address if this object contains one subnet for IP address.</p> <p>Select Any Address if this object contains any IP address.</p> <p>Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address.</p>  |
| MAC Address | Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled. |
| Start IP Address | Type the start IP address for Single Address type. |

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| End IP Address | Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected. |
| Subnet Mask | Type the subnet mask if the Subnet Address type is selected. |
| Invert Selection | If it is checked, all the IP addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen. |

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.
4. Below is an example of IP objects settings.

Objects Setting >> IP Object

IP Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1. | RD Department |
| 2. | Finanical Dept. |
| 3. | HR Department |
| 4. | |

4.5.2 IP Group

This page allows you to bind several IP objects into one IP group.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IP Group Table:

[| Set to Factory Default |](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the group profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IP Group Table:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

Profile Index : 1

Name:

Interface: ▾

Available IP Objects

1-RD Department

2-Finanical Dept.

3-HR Department

Selected IP Objects

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed. |
| Interface | Choose WAN, LAN or Any to display all the available IP objects with the specified interface. |
| Available IP Objects | All the available IP objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box. |
| Selected IP Objects | Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box. |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IP Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | Administration | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |

4.5.3 IPv6 Object

You can set up to 64 sets of IPv6 Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object](#)

IPv6 Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the object profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object](#)

IPv6 Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Object](#)

Profile Index : 1

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Name: | <input type="text" value="Games"/> |
| Address Type: | <input type="button" value="Mac Address"/> |
| Mac Address: | <input type="text" value="00:50:7F:66:12:31"/> |
| Start IP Address: | <input type="text"/> |
| End IP Address: | <input type="text"/> |
| Prefix Len: | <input type="text"/> |
| Invert Selection: | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed. |
| Address Type | <p>Determine the address type for the IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select Single Address if this object contains one IPv6 address only.</p> <p>Select Range Address if this object contains several IPv6s within a range.</p> <p>Select Subnet Address if this object contains one subnet for IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select Any Address if this object contains any IPv6 address.</p> <p>Select Mac Address if this object contains Mac address.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content;"> <input type="button" value="Range Address"/> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any Address Single Address <li style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Range Address Subnet Address Mac Address </div> |
| MAC Address | Type the MAC address of the network card which will be controlled. |
| Start IP Address | Type the start IP address for Single Address type. |
| End IP Address | Type the end IP address if the Range Address type is selected. |
| Prefix Len | Type the fixed value for prefix length. |
| Invert Selection | If it is checked, all the IPv6 addresses except the ones listed above will be applied later while it is chosen. |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.5.4 IPv6 Group

This page allows you to bind several IPv6 objects into one IPv6 group.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IPv6 Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the group profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IPv6 Group Table:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| 4. | |

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> IPv6 Group](#)

Profile Index : 1

Name:

Available IPv6 Objects

| |
|---------|
| 1-Games |
|---------|

>>

<<

Selected IPv6 Objects

| |
|--|
| |
|--|

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. Maximum 15 characters are allowed. |
| Available IPv6 Objects | All the available IPv6 objects with the specified interface chosen above will be shown in this box. |
| Selected IPv6 Objects | Click >> button to add the selected IPv6 objects in this box. |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> IP Group](#)

IPv6 Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|--------------------|---------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | v6_grp1 | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |

4.5.5 Service Type Object

You can set up to 96 sets of Service Type Objects with different conditions.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Object](#)

Service Type Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) >> [Next >>](#)

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the object profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Object](#)

Service Type Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| 4. | |

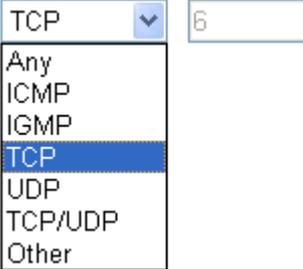
- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Object Setup](#)

Profile Index : 1

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Name | <input type="text" value="www"/> |
| Protocol | TCP <input type="text" value="6"/> |
| Source Port | = <input type="text" value="1"/> ~ <input type="text" value="65535"/> |
| Destination Port | = <input type="text" value="1"/> ~ <input type="text" value="65535"/> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. |
| Protocol | Specify the protocol(s) which this profile will apply to.  |
| Source/Destination Port | <p>Source Port and the Destination Port column are available for TCP/UDP protocol. It can be ignored for other protocols. The filter rule will filter out any port number.</p> <p>(=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates one port; when the first and last values are different, it indicates a range for the port and available for this profile.</p> <p>(!=) – when the first and last value are the same, it indicates all the ports except the port defined here; when the first and last values are different, it indicates that all the ports except the range defined here are available for this service type.</p> <p>(>) – the port number greater than this value is available.</p> <p>(<) – the port number less than this value is available for this profile.</p> |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration. Below is an example of service type objects settings.

Objects Setting >> Service Type Object

Service Type Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | SIP |
| 2. | RTP |
| 3. | |

4.5.6 Service Type Group

This page allows you to bind several service types into one group.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group](#)

Service Type Group Table:

[Set to Factory Default](#)

| Group | Name | Group | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the group profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Group column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group](#)

Service Type Group Table:

| Group | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group Setup](#)

Profile Index : 1

Name:

Available Service Type Objects

1-SIP
2-RTP

Selected Service Type Objects

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this profile. |
| Available Service Type Objects | All the available service objects that you have added on Objects Setting>>Service Type Object will be shown in this box. |
| Selected Service Type Objects | Click >> button to add the selected IP objects in this box. |

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> Service Type Group](#)

Service Type Group Table:

[Set to Factory Default](#)

| Group | Name | Group | Name |
|--------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | VoIP | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |

4.5.7 Keyword Object

You can set 200 keyword object profiles for choosing as black /white list in **CSM >>URL Web Content Filter Profile**.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object](#)

Keyword Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

<< [1-32](#) | [33-64](#) | [65-96](#) | [97-128](#) | [129-160](#) | [161-192](#) | [193-200](#) >> [Next](#) >>

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the object profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object](#)

Keyword Object Profiles:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

2. The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object Setup](#)

Profile Index : 1

| | |
|----------|----------------------|
| Name | <input type="text"/> |
| Contents | <input type="text"/> |

Limit of Contents: Max **3** Words and **63** Characters.
Each word should be separated by a single space.

You can replace a character with %HEX.
Example:
Contents: backdoo%72 virus keep%20out

Result:
1. backdoor
2. virus
3. keep out

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| Name | Type a name for this profile, e.g., game. |
| Contents | Type the content for such profile. For example, type <i>gambling</i> as Contents. When you browse the webpage, the page with gambling information will be watched out and be passed/blocked based on the configuration on Firewall settings. |

3. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Object](#)

Keyword Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|--------------------|--------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | gamble | 17. | |
| 2. | sex | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |

4.5.8 Keyword Group

This page allows you to bind several keyword objects into one group. The keyword groups set here will be chosen as black /white list in **CSM >>URL Web Content Filter Profile**.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group](#)

Keyword Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the group profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Index column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group](#)

Keyword Group Table:

| Index | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group Setup](#)

Profile Index : 1

Name:

Available Keyword Objects

1-gamble

2-sex

Selected Keyword Objects(Max 16 Objects)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Name | Type a name for this group. |
| Available Keyword Objects | You can gather keyword objects from Keyword Object page within one keyword group. All the available Keyword objects that you have created will be shown in this box. |
| Selected Keyword Objects | Click <input type="button" value=">>"/> button to add the selected Keyword objects in this box. |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> Keyword Group](#)

Keyword Group Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Index | Name |
|--------------------|-------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | night | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |

4.5.9 File Extension Object

This page allows you to set eight profiles which will be applied in **CSM>>URL Content Filter**. All the files with the extension names specified in these profiles will be processed according to the chosen action.

Profile 1 with name of “default” is the default profile, some files with the file extensions specified in this profile will be ignored and not be scanned by Vigor router.

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object](#)

File Extension Object Profiles: | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|--------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| 1. | | 5. | |
| 2. | | 6. | |
| 3. | | 7. | |
| 4. | | 8. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all of the settings and return to factory default settings. |
| Index | Display the profile number that you can configure. |
| Name | Display the name of the object profile. |

To set a new profile, please do the steps listed below:

1. Click the number (e.g., #1) under Profile column for configuration in details.

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object](#)

File Extension Object Profiles:

| Profile | Name |
|--------------------|------|
| 1. | |
| 2. | |
| 3. | |
| 4. | |

- The configuration page will be shown as follows:

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object Setup](#)

Profile Index: 1 Profile Name:

| Categories | File Extensions |
|---|--|
| Image <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .bmp <input type="checkbox"/> .dib <input type="checkbox"/> .gif <input type="checkbox"/> .jpeg <input type="checkbox"/> .jpg <input type="checkbox"/> .jpg2 <input type="checkbox"/> .jp2 <input type="checkbox"/> .pct <input type="checkbox"/> .pcx <input type="checkbox"/> .pic <input type="checkbox"/> .pict <input type="checkbox"/> .png <input type="checkbox"/> .tif <input type="checkbox"/> .tiff |
| Video <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .asf <input type="checkbox"/> .avi <input type="checkbox"/> .mov <input type="checkbox"/> .mpe <input type="checkbox"/> .mpeg <input type="checkbox"/> .mpg <input type="checkbox"/> .mp4 <input type="checkbox"/> .qt <input type="checkbox"/> .rm <input type="checkbox"/> .wmv <input type="checkbox"/> .3gp <input type="checkbox"/> .3gpp <input type="checkbox"/> .3gpp2 <input type="checkbox"/> .3g2 |
| Audio <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .aac <input type="checkbox"/> .aiff <input type="checkbox"/> .au <input type="checkbox"/> .mp3 <input type="checkbox"/> .m4a <input type="checkbox"/> .m4p <input type="checkbox"/> .ogg <input type="checkbox"/> .ra <input type="checkbox"/> .ram <input type="checkbox"/> .vox <input type="checkbox"/> .wav <input type="checkbox"/> .wma |
| Java <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .class <input type="checkbox"/> .jad <input type="checkbox"/> .jar <input type="checkbox"/> .jav <input type="checkbox"/> .java <input type="checkbox"/> .jcm <input type="checkbox"/> .js <input type="checkbox"/> .jse <input type="checkbox"/> .jsp <input type="checkbox"/> .jtk |
| ActiveX <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .alx <input type="checkbox"/> .apb <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> .axs <input type="checkbox"/> .ocx <input type="checkbox"/> .olb <input type="checkbox"/> .ole <input type="checkbox"/> .tlb <input type="checkbox"/> .viv <input type="checkbox"/> .vrm |
| Compression <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .ace <input type="checkbox"/> .arj <input type="checkbox"/> .bzip2 <input type="checkbox"/> .bz2 <input type="checkbox"/> .cab <input type="checkbox"/> .gz <input type="checkbox"/> .gzip <input type="checkbox"/> .rar <input type="checkbox"/> .sit <input type="checkbox"/> .zip |
| Execution <input type="button" value="Select All"/> <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> .bas <input type="checkbox"/> .bat <input type="checkbox"/> .com <input type="checkbox"/> .exe <input type="checkbox"/> .inf <input type="checkbox"/> .pif <input type="checkbox"/> .reg <input type="checkbox"/> .scr |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Profile Name | Type a name for this profile (maximum 7 characters). |

- Type a name for such profile and check all the items of file extension that will be processed in the router.
- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[Objects Setting >> File Extension Object](#)

File Extension Object Profiles: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|--------------------|---------|--------------------|------|
| 1. | bigimag | 5. | |
| 2. | | 6. | |
| 3. | | 7. | |
| 4. | | 8. | |

4.6 CSM Profile

Content Security Management (CSM)

CSM is an abbreviation of **Content Security Management** which is used to control IM/P2P usage, filter the web content and URL content to reach a goal of security management.

APP Enforcement Filter

As the popularity of all kinds of instant messenger application arises, communication cannot become much easier. Nevertheless, while some industry may leverage this as a great tool to connect with their customers, some industry may take reserve attitude in order to reduce employee misuse during office hour or prevent unknown security leak. It is similar situation for corporation towards peer-to-peer applications since file-sharing can be convenient but insecure at the same time. To address these needs, we provide CSM functionality.

URL Content Filter

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

Web Content Filter

We all know that the content on the Internet just like other types of media may be inappropriate sometimes. As a responsible parent or employer, you should protect those in your trust against the hazards. With Web filtering service of the Vigor router, you can protect your business from common primary threats, such as productivity, legal liability, network and security threats. For parents, you can protect your children from viewing adult websites or chat rooms.

Once you have activated your Web Filtering service in Vigor router and chosen the categories of website you wish to restrict, each URL address requested (e.g. www.bbc.co.uk) will be checked against our server database. This database is updated as frequent as daily by a global team of Internet researchers. The server will look up the URL and return a category to your router. Your Vigor router will then decide whether to allow access to this site according to the categories you have selected. Please note that this action will not introduce any delay in your Web surfing because each of multiple load balanced database servers can handle millions of requests for categorization.

| |
|--|
| Note: The priority of URL Content Filter is higher than Web Content Filter. |
|--|



4.6.1 APP Enforcement Profile

You can define policy profiles for IM (Instant Messenger)/P2P (Peer to Peer)/Misc application. This page allows you to set 32 profiles for different requirements. The APP Enforcement Profile will be applied in **Default Rule** of **Firewall**>>**General Setup** for filtering.

[CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile](#)

APP Enforcement Profile Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|---------------------|------|---------------------|------|
| 1. | | 17. | |
| 2. | | 18. | |
| 3. | | 19. | |
| 4. | | 20. | |
| 5. | | 21. | |
| 6. | | 22. | |
| 7. | | 23. | |
| 8. | | 24. | |
| 9. | | 25. | |
| 10. | | 26. | |
| 11. | | 27. | |
| 12. | | 28. | |
| 13. | | 29. | |
| 14. | | 30. | |
| 15. | | 31. | |
| 16. | | 32. | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Profile | Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy. |
| Name | Display the name of the APP Enforcement Profile. |

Click the number under Index column for settings in detail.

There are three tabs IM, P2P, and Misc displayed on this page. Each tab will bring out different items that you can choose to disallow people using.

Below shows the items which are categorized under **P2P**.

[CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile](#)

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

| IM | P2P | Misc |
|---|---|------|
| <input type="button" value="Select All"/> | <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | |
| Protocol | Applications | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SoulSeek | SoulSeek | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> eDonkey | eDonkey, eMule, Shareaza | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FastTrack | KazaA, BearShare, iMesh | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OpenFT | KCeasy, FilePipe | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Gnutella | BearShare, Limewire, Shareaza, Foxy, KCeasy | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> OpenNap | Lopster, XNap, WinLop | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> BitTorrent | BitTorrent, BitSpirit, BitComet | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Profile Name | Type a name for the CSM profile. |
| Select All | Click it to choose all of the items in this page. |
| Clear All | Uncheck all the selected boxes. |

The profiles configured here can be applied in the **Firewall>>General Setup** and **Firewall>>Filter Setup** pages as the standard for the host(s) to follow.

The items categorized under **IM** -----

[CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile](#)

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

| IM | P2P | Misc |
|---|--|--|
| <input type="button" value="Select All"/> | <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | |
| IM Application | | VoIP |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MSN | <input type="checkbox"/> YahooIM | <input type="checkbox"/> Skype <input type="checkbox"/> Kubao |
| <input type="checkbox"/> QQ/TM | <input type="checkbox"/> iChat | <input type="checkbox"/> Gizmo <input type="checkbox"/> SIP/RTP |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AliWW | <input type="checkbox"/> AIM | <input type="checkbox"/> TelTel <input type="checkbox"/> TeamSpeak |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Jabber/GoogleTalk | <input type="checkbox"/> GoogleChat |
| Web IM (* = more than one address) | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> WebIM URLs | eMessenger | WebMSN |
| | ICQ Java* | meebo* |
| | ICQ Flash* | goowy* |
| | IMUnitive* | mabber* |
| | Wabtel* | eBuddy |
| | MessengerFX* | IMhaha* |
| | MessengerAdictos | MSN2GO* |
| | WebYahooIM | I Love IM* |
| | | getMessenger |
| | | KoolIM |

The items categorized under **Misc** -----

[CSM >> APP Enforcement Profile](#)

Profile Index : 1 Profile Name:

| IM | P2P | Misc |
|---|--|------------------------------------|
| <input type="button" value="Select All"/> | <input type="button" value="Clear All"/> | |
| Streaming | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> MMS | <input type="checkbox"/> RTSP | <input type="checkbox"/> TVAnts |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FeiDian | <input type="checkbox"/> UUSee | <input type="checkbox"/> NSPlayer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> SopCast | <input type="checkbox"/> UDLiveX | <input type="checkbox"/> TVUPlayer |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FlashVideo | <input type="checkbox"/> SilverLight | <input type="checkbox"/> Slingbox |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> PPStream |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> PCAST |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> MySee |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> QVOD |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> PPTV |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> TVKoo |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Joost |

4.6.2 URL Content Filter Profile

To provide an appropriate cyberspace to users, Vigor router equips with **URL Content Filter** not only to limit illegal traffic from/to the inappropriate web sites but also prohibit other web feature where malicious code may conceal.

Once a user type in or click on an URL with objectionable keywords, URL keyword blocking facility will decline the HTTP request to that web page thus can limit user's access to the website. You may imagine **URL Content Filter** as a well-trained convenience-store clerk who won't sell adult magazines to teenagers. At office, **URL Content Filter** can also provide a job-related only environment hence to increase the employee work efficiency. How can URL Content Filter work better than traditional firewall in the field of filtering? Because it checks the URL strings or some of HTTP data hiding in the payload of TCP packets while legacy firewall inspects packets based on the fields of TCP/IP headers only.

On the other hand, Vigor router can prevent user from accidentally downloading malicious codes from web pages. It's very common that malicious codes conceal in the executable objects, such as ActiveX, Java Applet, compressed files, and other executable files. Once downloading these types of files from websites, you may risk bringing threat to your system. For example, an ActiveX control object is usually used for providing interactive web feature. If malicious code hides inside, it may occupy user's system.

For example, if you add key words such as "sex", Vigor router will limit web access to web sites or web pages such as "www.sex.com", "www.backdoor.net/images/sex/p_386.html". Or you may simply specify the full or partial URL such as "www.sex.com" or "sex.com".

Also the Vigor router will discard any request that tries to retrieve the malicious code.

Click **CSM** and click **URL Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page.

[CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile](#)

URL Content Filter Profile Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|--------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| 1. | | 5. | |
| 2. | | 6. | |
| 3. | | 7. | |
| 4. | | 8. | |

Administration Message (Max 255 characters)

```
<body><center><br><p>The requested Web page has been blocked by URL Content Filter.<p>Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>
```

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles. |
| Profile | Display the number of the profile which allows you to click to set different policy. |
| Name | Display the name of the URL Content Filter Profile. |

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| Default Message | You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message . |
|------------------------|--|

You can set eight profiles as URL content filter. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page.

[CSM >> URL Content Filter Profile](#)

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name:

Priority: **Log:**

1.URL Access Control

Enable URL Access Control Prevent web access from IP address

Action: Group/Object Selections:

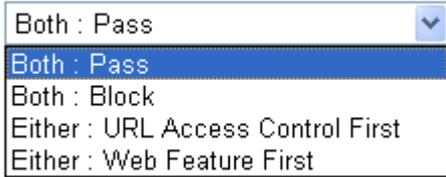
2.Web Feature

Enable Restrict Web Feature

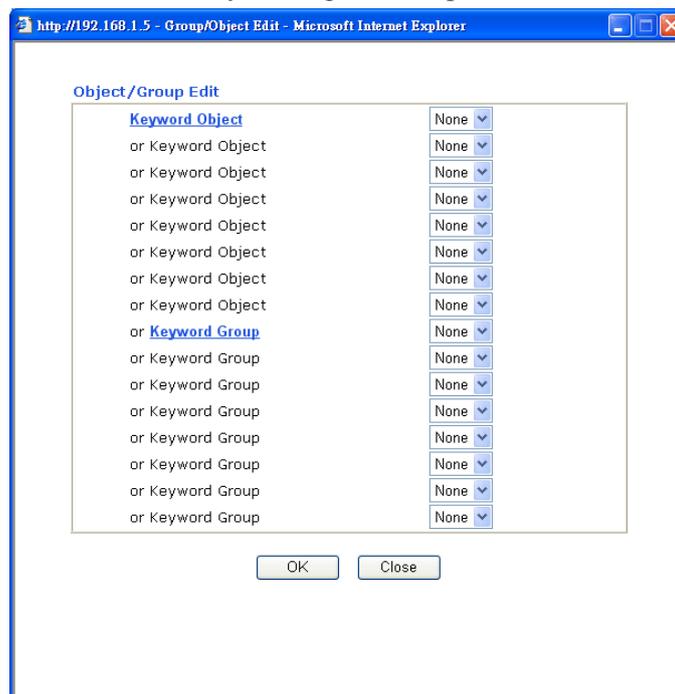
Action: Cookie Proxy Upload **File Extension Profile:**

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Profile Name | Type a name for the CSM profile. |
| Priority | <p>It determines the action that this router will apply.</p> <p>Both: Pass – The router will let all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below passing through. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.</p> <p>Both:Block –The router will block all the packages that match with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below. When you choose this setting, both configuration set in this page for URL Access Control and Web Feature will be inactive.</p> <p>Either: URL Access Control First – When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router will process the packages with the conditions set below for URL first, then Web feature second.</p> <p>Either: Web Feature First –When all the packages matching with the conditions specified in URL Access Control and Web Feature below, such function can determine the priority for the actions executed. For this one, the router</p> |

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| | <p>will process the packages with the conditions set below for web feature first, then URL second.</p>  |
| Log | <p>None – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile. Pass – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog. Block – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog. All – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</p>  |
| URL Access Control | <p>Enable URL Access Control - Check the box to activate URL Access Control. Note that the priority for URL Access Control is higher than Restrict Web Feature. If the web content match the setting set in URL Access Control, the router will execute the action specified in this field and ignore the action specified under Restrict Web Feature.</p> <p>Prevent web access from IP address - Check the box to deny any web surfing activity using IP address, such as http://202.6.3.2. The reason for this is to prevent someone dodges the URL Access Control. You must clear your browser cache first so that the URL content filtering facility operates properly on a web page that you visited before.</p> <p>Action – This setting is available only when Either : URL Access Control First or Either : Web Feature First is selected. Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below. Block - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.</p> <p>If the web pages do not match with the keyword set here, it will be processed with reverse action.</p> <p>Action:</p>  <p>Group/Object Selections – The Vigor router provides several frames for users to define keywords and each frame supports multiple keywords. The keyword could be a noun, a partial noun, or a complete URL string. Multiple keywords within a frame are separated by space, comma, or semicolon. In addition, the maximal length of each frame is 32-character long. After specifying keywords, the Vigor router will decline the connection request to the website whose URL string matched to any user-defined keyword. It should be</p> |

noticed that the more simplified the blocking keyword list is, the more efficiently the Vigor router performs.



Web Feature

Enable Restrict Web Feature - Check this box to make the keyword being blocked or passed.

Action - This setting is available only when **Either: URL Access Control First** or **Either: Web Feature First** is selected. **Pass** allows accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

Pass - Allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

Block - Restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the keywords listed on the box below.

If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.

Cookie - Check the box to filter out the cookie transmission from inside to outside world to protect the local user's privacy.

Proxy - Check the box to reject any proxy transmission. To control efficiently the limited-bandwidth usage, it will be of great value to provide the blocking mechanism that filters out the multimedia files downloading from web pages.

Upload - Check the box to reject any file upload job.

File Extension Profile - Choose one of the profiles that you configured in **Object Setting>> File Extension Objects** previously for passing or blocking the file downloading.

File Extension Profile: 
 
 

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.6.3 Web Content Filter Profile

Note: Web Content Filter (WCF) is not a built-in service of Vigor router, but a service powered by Commtouch/BPjM. If you want to use such service (trial or formal edition), you have to perform the procedure of activation first. For the service of formal edition, please contact with your dealer for detailed information.

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

Service Activation Wizard allows you to use trial version or update the license of WCF directly without accessing into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>.

However, if you use the **Web Content Filter Profile** page to activate WCF feature, it is necessary for you to access into the server (**MyVigor**) located on <http://myvigor.draytek.com>. Therefore, you need to register an account on <http://myvigor.draytek.com> for using corresponding service. Please refer to section of creating MyVigor account.

Note: If you have used **Service Activation Wizard** to activate WCF service, you can skip this section.

WCF adopts the mechanism developed and offered by certain service provider (e.g., DrayTek). No matter activating WCF feature or getting a new license for web content filter, you have to click **Activate** to satisfy your request. Be aware that service provider matching with Vigor router currently offers a period of time for trial version for users to experiment. If you want to purchase a formal edition, simply contact with the channel partner or your dealer.

Click **CSM** and click **Web Content Filter Profile** to open the profile setting page. The default setting for Setup Query Server /Setup Test Server is **auto-selected**. You can choose another server for your necessity by clicking **Find more** to open <http://myvigor.draytek.com> for searching another qualified and suitable one. Next, click the link of **Test a site to verify whether it is categorized** to do the verification.

CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)
 [Status:BPjM] [Start Date:2011-07-07 Expire Date:2012-07-07] License out-of-date !!

| | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Setup Query Server | <input type="text" value="auto-selected"/> | Find more |
| Setup Test Server | <input type="text" value="auto-selected"/> | Find more |

[Test a site to verify whether it is categorized](#)

Web Content Filter Profile Table: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Profile | Name | Profile | Name |
|---------|---------|---------|------|
| 1. | Default | 5. | |
| 2. | | 6. | |
| 3. | | 7. | |
| 4. | | 8. | |

Administration Message (Max 255 characters) Cache :

```
<body><center><br><br><br><p>The requested Web page <br> from %SIP% <br>to %URL% <br>that is categorized with %CL% <br>has been blocked by %RNAME% Web Content Filter.<p>Please contact your system administrator for further information.</center></body>
```

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------|-------------|
|------|-------------|

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Activate | Click it to access into MyVigor for activating WCF service. |
| Setup Query Server | It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. You need to specify a server for categorize searching when you type URL in browser based on the web content filter profile. |
| Setup Test Server | It is recommended for you to use the default setting, auto-selected. |
| Find more | Click it to open http://myvigor.draytek.com for searching another qualified and suitable server. |
| Set to Factory Default | Click this link to retrieve the factory settings. |
| Default Message | You can type the message manually for your necessity or click this button to get the default message which will be displayed on the field of Administration Message . |
| Cache | <p>None – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF precisely, however, the processing rate is normal. Such item can provide the most accurate URL matching.</p> <p>L1 – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the URL has been accessed previously, it will be stored for a short time (about 1 second) in the router to be accessed quickly if required. Such item can provide accurate URL matching with faster rate.</p> <p>L2 – the router will check the URL that the user wants to access via WCF. If the data has been accessed previously, the IP addresses of source and destination IDs will be memorized for a short time (about 1 second) in the router. When the user tries to access the same destination ID, the router will check it by comparing the record stored. If it matches, the page will be retrieved quickly. Such item can provide URL matching with the fastest rate.</p> <p>L1+L2 Cache – the router will check the URL with fast processing rate combining the feature of L1 and L2.</p> |

Eight profiles are provided here as Web content filters. Simply click the index number under Profile to open the following web page. The items listed in Categories will be changed according to the different service providers. If you have and activate another web content filter license, the items will be changed simultaneously. All of the configuration made for web content filter will be deleted automatically. Therefore, please backup your data before you change the web content filter license.

CSM >> Web Content Filter Profile

Profile Index: 1

Profile Name:

Log:

Black/White List

Enable

Action:

Action:

Groups **Categories**

Child Protection

Alcohol & Tobacco Criminal Activity Gambling

Hate & Intolerance Illegal Drug Nudity

Porn & Sexually Violence Weapons

School Cheating Sex Education Tasteless

Child Abuse Images

Adv & Popups Arts Transportation

Compromised Dating & Personals Education

Finance Government Health & Medicine

News Non-profits & NGOs Personal Sites

Politics Real Estate Religion

Restaurants & Dining Shopping Translators

General Cults Greeting cards

Image Sharing Network Errors Parked Domains

Private IP Addresses **Uncategorised Sites**

Note: If the Web Content Filter (WCF) powered by Commtouch is not activated, the above settings will not be valid.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Black/White List | <p>Enable – Activate white/black list function for such profile.</p> <p>Group/Object Selections – Click Edit to choose the group or object profile as the content of white/black list.</p> <p>Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.</p> <p>Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the characters listed on Group/Object Selections. If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, they will be processed with the categories listed on the box below.</p> |

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Action | <p>Pass - allow accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</p> <p>Block - restrict accessing into the corresponding webpage with the categories listed on the box below.</p> <p>If the web pages do not match with the specified feature set here, it will be processed with reverse action.</p> |
| Log | <p>None – There is no log file will be recorded for this profile.</p> <p>Pass – Only the log about Pass will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p>Block – Only the log about Block will be recorded in Syslog.</p> <p>All – All the actions (Pass and Block) will be recorded in Syslog.</p>  |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.7 Bandwidth Management

Below shows the menu items for Bandwidth Management.



4.7.1 Sessions Limit

A PC with private IP address can access to the Internet via NAT router. The router will generate the records of NAT sessions for such connection. The P2P (Peer to Peer) applications (e.g., BitTorrent) always need many sessions for procession and also they will occupy over resources which might result in important accesses impacted. To solve the problem, you can use limit session to limit the session procession for specified Hosts.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Sessions Limit** to open the web page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Sessions Limit](#)

Sessions Limit

Enable Disable

Default Max Sessions:

Limitation List

| Index | Start IP | End IP | Max Sessions |
|-------|----------|--------|--------------|
|-------|----------|--------|--------------|

Specific Limitation

Start IP: End IP:

Maximum Sessions:

Administration Message (Max 256 characters)

Time Schedule

Index(1-15) in [Schedule Setup](#): , , ,

Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

To activate the function of limit session, simply click **Enable** and set the default session limit. Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Session Limit | <p>Enable - Click this button to activate the function of limit session.</p> <p>Disable - Click this button to close the function of limit session.</p> <p>Default Max Session - Defines the default session number used for each computer in LAN.</p> |
| Limitation List | Displays a list of specific limitations that you set on this web page. |
| Specific Limitation | <p>Start IP- Defines the start IP address for limit session.</p> <p>End IP - Defines the end IP address for limit session.</p> <p>Maximum Sessions - Defines the available session number for each host in the specific range of IP addresses. If you do not set the session number in this field, the system will use the default session limit for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p>Add - Adds the specific session limitation onto the list above.</p> <p>Edit - Allows you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.</p> <p>Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.</p> |
| Administration Message | <p>Type the words which will be displayed when reaches the maximum number of Internet sessions permitted.</p> <p>Click Default Message to display the default message on the screen.</p> |
| Time Schedule | Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.7.2 Bandwidth Limit

The downstream or upstream from FTP, HTTP or some P2P applications will occupy large of bandwidth and affect the applications for other programs. Please use Limit Bandwidth to make the bandwidth usage more efficient.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Bandwidth Limit** to open the web page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Bandwidth Limit](#)

Bandwidth Limit

Enable
 Apply to 2nd Subnet
 Disable

Default TX Limit: Kbps
 Default RX Limit: Kbps

Limitation List

| Index | Start IP | End IP | TX limit | RX limit | Shared |
|-------|----------|--------|----------|----------|--------|
| | | | | | |

Specific Limitation

Start IP: End IP:

Each
 Shared

TX Limit: Kbps
 RX Limit: Kbps

Smart Bandwidth Limit

For any LAN IP Not in Limitation List, whose session number exceeds

TX Limit : Kbps
 RX Limit : Kbps

Note : For TX/RX, a setting of "0" means unlimited bandwidth.

Time Schedule

Index(1-15) in [Schedule Setup](#): , , ,

Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

To activate the function of limit bandwidth, simply click **Enable** and set the default upstream and downstream limit.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Bandwidth Limit | <p>Enable - Click this button to activate the function of limit bandwidth.</p> <p>Apply to 2nd Subnet - Check this box to apply the bandwidth limit to the second subnet specified in LAN>>General Setup.</p> <p>Disable - Click this button to close the function of limit bandwidth.</p> <p>Default TX limit - Define the default speed of the upstream for each computer in LAN.</p> <p>Default RX limit - Define the default speed of the downstream for each computer in LAN.</p> |
| Limitation List | Display a list of specific limitations that you set on this web |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | page. |
| Specific Limitation | <p>Start IP - Define the start IP address for limit bandwidth.</p> <p>End IP - Define the end IP address for limit bandwidth.</p> <p>Each /Shared - Select Each to make each IP within the range of Start IP and End IP having the same speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields; select Shared to make all the IPs within the range of Start IP and End IP share the speed defined in TX limit and RX limit fields.</p> <p>TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p>RX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p>Add - Add the specific speed limitation onto the list above.</p> <p>Update- Allow you to edit the settings for the selected limitation.</p> <p>Delete - Remove the selected settings existing on the limitation list.</p> |
| Smart Bandwidth Limit | <p>Check this box to have the bandwidth limit determined by the system automatically.</p> <p>TX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the upstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> <p>RX limit - Define the limitation for the speed of the downstream. If you do not set the limit in this field, the system will use the default speed for the specific limitation you set for each index.</p> |
| Time Schedule | <p>Index (1-15) in Schedule Setup - You can type in four sets of time schedule for your request. All the schedules can be set previously in Application >> Schedule web page and you can use the number that you have set in that web page.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.7.3 Quality of Service

Deploying QoS (Quality of Service) management to guarantee that all applications receive the service levels required and sufficient bandwidth to meet performance expectations is indeed one important aspect of modern enterprise network.

One reason for QoS is that numerous TCP-based applications tend to continually increase their transmission rate and consume all available bandwidth, which is called TCP slow start. If other applications are not protected by QoS, it will detract much from their performance in the overcrowded network. This is especially essential to those are low tolerant of loss, delay or jitter (delay variation).

Another reason is due to congestions at network intersections where speeds of interconnected circuits mismatch or traffic aggregates, packets will queue up and traffic can be throttled back to a lower speed. If there's no defined priority to specify which packets should be discarded (or in another term "dropped") from an overflowing queue, packets of sensitive applications mentioned above might be the ones to drop off. How this will affect application performance?

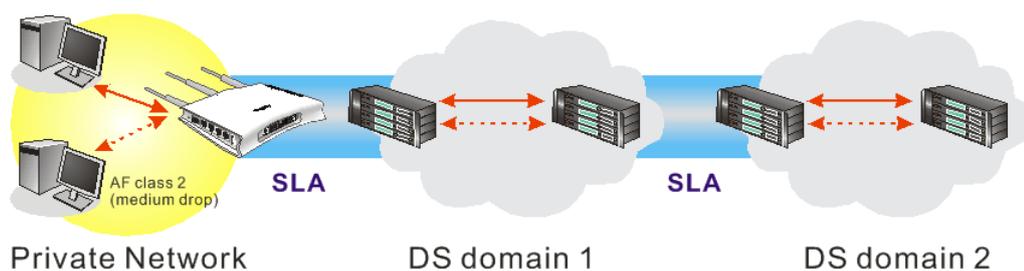
There are two components within Primary configuration of QoS deployment:

- Classification: Identifying low-latency or crucial applications and marking them for high-priority service level enforcement throughout the network.
- Scheduling: Based on classification of service level to assign packets to queues and associated service types

The basic QoS implementation in Vigor routers is to classify and schedule packets based on the service type information in the IP header. For instance, to ensure the connection with the headquarter, a teleworker may enforce an index of QoS Control to reserve bandwidth for HTTPS connection while using lots of application at the same time.

One more larger-scale implementation of QoS network is to apply DSCP (Differentiated Service Code Point) and IP Precedence disciplines at Layer 3. Compared with legacy IP Precedence that uses Type of Service (ToS) field in the IP header to define 8 service classes, DSCP is a successor creating 64 classes possible with backward IP Precedence compatibility. In a QoS-enabled network, or Differentiated Service (DiffServ or DS) framework, a DS domain owner should sign a Service License Agreement (SLA) with other DS domain owners to define the service level provided toward traffic from different domains. Then each DS node in these domains will perform the priority treatment. This is called per-hop-behavior (PHB). The definition of PHB includes Expedited Forwarding (EF), Assured Forwarding (AF), and Best Effort (BE). AF defines the four classes of delivery (or forwarding) classes and three levels of drop precedence in each class.

Vigor routers as edge routers of DS domain shall check the marked DSCP value in the IP header of bypassing traffic, thus to allocate certain amount of resource execute appropriate policing, classification or scheduling. The core routers in the backbone will do the same checking before executing treatments in order to ensure service-level consistency throughout the whole QoS-enabled network.



However, each node may take different attitude toward packets with high priority marking since it may bind with the business deal of SLA among different DS domain owners. It's not easy to achieve deterministic and consistent high-priority QoS traffic throughout the whole network with merely Vigor router's effort.

In the **Bandwidth Management** menu, click **Quality of Service** to open the web page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

[Set to Factory Default](#) |

General Setup

| Index | Status | Bandwidth | Direction | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Others | UDP Bandwidth Control | Online Statistics |
|------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| WAN1 | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |
| Backup WAN | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |

Class Rule

| Index | Name | Rule | Service Type |
|---------|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Class 1 | | Edit | |
| Class 2 | | Edit | Edit |
| Class 3 | | Edit | |

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:

SIP UDP Port: (Default: 5060)

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| General Setup | <p>Index - Display the WAN interface number that you can edit.</p> <p>Status - Display the current QoS status of this WAN.</p> <p>Bandwidth - Display the inbound and outbound bandwidth setting for the WAN interface.</p> <p>Direction - Display which direction that such function will influence.</p> <p>Class 1/Class2/Class 3/Others - Display the bandwidth percentage for each class.</p> <p>UDP Bandwidth Control - Display the UDP bandwidth control is enabled or not.</p> <p>Online Statistics - Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference</p> <p>Setup - Allow to configure general QoS setting for WAN interface.</p> |
| Class Rule | <p>Index - Display the class number that you can edit.</p> <p>Name - Display the name of the class.</p> <p>Rule - Allow to configure detailed settings for the selected Class.</p> <p>Service Type - Allow to configure detailed settings for the service type.</p> |

| Item | Description |
|---|---|
| Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP | When this feature is enabled, the VoIP SIP/RTP packets will be sent with highest priority. SIP UDP Port – Set a port number used for SIP. |

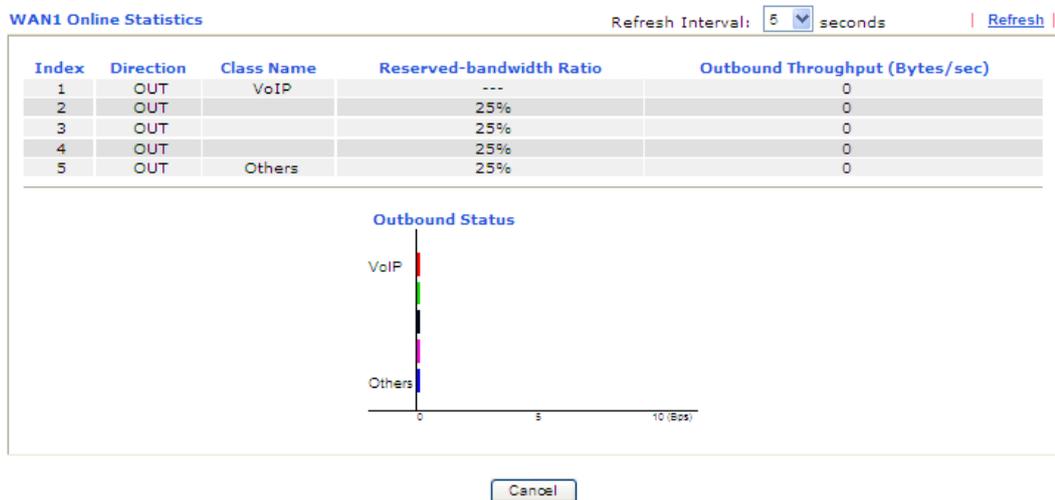
This page displays the QoS settings result of the WAN interface. Click the **Setup** link to access into next page for the general setup of WAN interface. As to class rule, simply click the **Edit** link to access into next for configuration.

You can configure general setup for the WAN interface, edit the Class Rule, and edit the Service Type for the Class Rule for your request.

Online Statistics

Display an online statistics for quality of service for your reference. This feature is available only when the Quality of Service for WAN interface is enabled.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)



General Setup for WAN Interface

When you click **Setup**, you can configure the bandwidth ratio for QoS of the WAN interface. There are four queues allowed for QoS control. The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. Yet, the last one is reserved for the packets which are not suitable for the user-defined class rules.

Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service

General Setup

Enable the QoS Control OUT v

| | | |
|------------------------|-------|------|
| WAN Inbound Bandwidth | 10000 | Kbps |
| WAN Outbound Bandwidth | 10000 | Kbps |

| Index | Class Name | Reserved_bandwidth Ratio |
|---------|------------|--------------------------|
| Class 1 | | 25 % |
| Class 2 | | 25 % |
| Class 3 | | 25 % |
| | Others | 25 % |

Enable UDP Bandwidth Control Limited_bandwidth Ratio 25 %
 Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize

OK
Clear
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Enable the QoS Control | The factory default for this setting is checked. Please also define which traffic the QoS Control settings will apply to. IN- apply to incoming traffic only. OUT- apply to outgoing traffic only. BOTH- apply to both incoming and outgoing traffic. Check this box and click OK , then click Setup link again. You will see the Online Statistics link appearing on this page. |
| WAN Inbound Bandwidth | It allows you to set the connecting rate of data input for WAN2/WAN3. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 1000kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps. |
| WAN Outbound Bandwidth | It allows you to set the connecting rate of data output for WAN2/WAN3. For example, if your ADSL supports 1M of downstream and 256K upstream, please set 256kbps for this box. The default value is 10000kbps. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Note: The rate of outbound/inbound must be smaller than the real bandwidth to ensure correct calculation of QoS. It is suggested to set the bandwidth value for inbound/outbound as 80% - 85% of physical network speed provided by ISP to maximize the QoS performance.</p> </div> |
| Reserved Bandwidth Ratio | It is reserved for the group index in the form of ratio of reserved bandwidth to upstream speed and reserved bandwidth to downstream speed . |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Enable UDP Bandwidth Control | Check this and set the limited bandwidth ratio on the right field. This is a protection of TCP application traffic since UDP application traffic such as streaming video will exhaust lots of bandwidth. |
| Outbound TCP ACK Prioritize | The difference in bandwidth between download and upload are great in ADSL2+ environment. For the download speed might be impacted by the uploading TCP ACK, you can check this box to push ACK of upload faster to speed the network traffic. |
| Limited_bandwidth Ratio | The ratio typed here is reserved for limited bandwidth of UDP application. |

Edit the Class Rule for QoS

- The first three (Class 1 to Class 3) class rules can be adjusted for your necessity. To add, edit or delete the class rule, please click the **Edit** link of that one.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

[Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Status | Bandwidth | Direction | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Others | UDP Bandwidth Control | Online Statistics |
|------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| WAN1 | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |
| Backup WAN | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |

Class Rule

| Index | Name | Rule | Service Type |
|---------|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Class 1 | | Edit | Edit |
| Class 2 | | Edit | |
| Class 3 | | Edit | |

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:
SIP UDP Port: (Default: 5060)

- After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page. Now you can define the name for that Class. In this case, “VoIP” is used as the name of Class Index #1.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

Class Index #1

Name: Tag packets as: AF Class1 (High Drop)

| NO | Status | Local Address | Remote Address | DiffServ CodePoint | Service Type |
|----|--------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Empty | - | - | - | - |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------|-------------|
|------|-------------|

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Name | Display the name of such class. |
| Tag packets as | Check the box to tag the packets with the header selected in the drop down list for this class. |
| NO | Display the number of the rules defined for such rule. |
| Status | Display if such rule is enabled (Active) or not. |
| Local Address | Display the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule. |
| Remote Address | Display the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule. |
| DiffServ CodePoint | Display the levels of the data for processing with QoS control. |
| Service Type | Display the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. |

3. For adding a new rule, click **Add** to open the following page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

Rule Edit

ACT

Ethernet Type IPv4 IPv6

Local Address

Remote Address

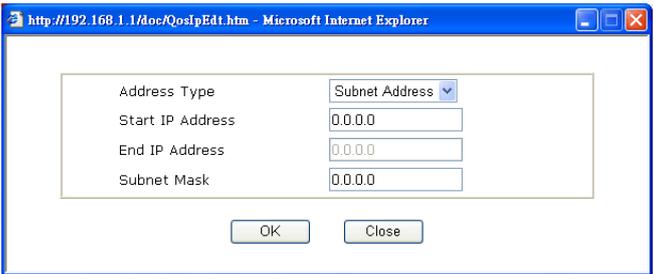
DiffServ CodePoint

Service Type

Note: Please choose/setup the [Service Type](#) first.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| ACT | Check this box to invoke these settings. |
| Ethernet Type | Please specify which protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) will be used for this rule. |
| Local Address | Click the Edit button to set the local IP address (on LAN) for the rule. |
| Remote Address | Click the Edit button to set the remote IP address (on LAN/WAN) for the rule. |

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <p>Edit</p> | <p>It allows you to edit source address information.</p>  <p>Address Type – Determine the address type for the source address.</p> <p>For Single Address, you have to fill in Start IP address.</p> <p>For Range Address, you have to fill in Start IP address and End IP address.</p> <p>For Subnet Address, you have to fill in Start IP address and Subnet Mask.</p> |
| <p>DiffServ CodePoint</p> | <p>All the packets of data will be divided with different levels and will be processed according to the level type by the system. Please assign one of the levels of the data for processing with QoS control.</p> |
| <p>Service Type</p> | <p>It determines the service type of the data for processing with QoS control. It can also be edited. You can choose the predefined service type from the Service Type drop down list. Those types are predefined in factory. Simply choose the one that you want for using by current QoS.</p> |

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.
5. By the way, you can set up to 20 rules for one Class. If you want to edit an existed rule, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit** to open the rule edit page for modification.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

Class Index #1

Name Tag packets as:

| NO | Status | Local Address | Remote Address | DiffServ CodePoint | Service Type |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 <input type="radio"/> | Active | Any | Any | ANY | ANY |

Edit the Service Type for Class Rule

1. To add a new service type, edit or delete an existed service type, please click the **Edit** link under **Service Type** field.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

General Setup | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

| Index | Status | Bandwidth | Direction | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Others | UDP Bandwidth Control | Online Statistics |
|------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| WAN1 | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |
| Backup WAN | Enable | 100000Kbps/100000Kbps | Outbound | 25% | 25% | 25% | 25% | Inactive | Status Setup |

Class Rule

| Index | Name | Rule | Service Type |
|---------|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Class 1 | | Edit | Edit |
| Class 2 | | Edit | |
| Class 3 | | Edit | |

Enable the First Priority for VoIP SIP/RTP:
 SIP UDP Port: (Default:5060)

2. After you click the **Edit** link, you will see the following page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

User Defined Service Type

| NO | Name | Protocol | Port |
|----|-------|----------|------|
| 1 | Empty | - | - |

3. For adding a new service type, click **Add** to open the following page.

[Bandwidth Management >> Quality of Service](#)

Service Type Edit

Service Name:

Service Type:

Port Configuration
 Type: Single Range

Port Number: -

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Service Name | Type in a new service for your request. |
| Service Type | Choose the type (TCP, UDP or TCP/UDP or other) for the new service. |

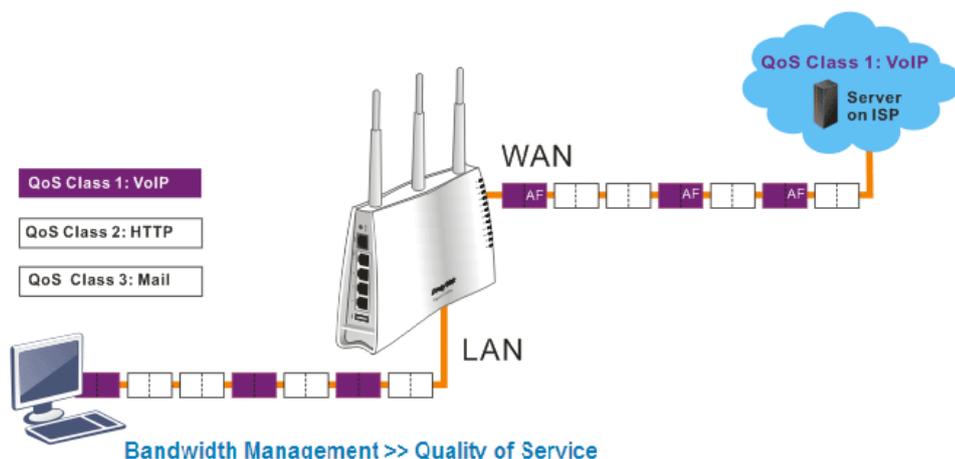
| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Port Configuration | <p>Type - Click Single or Range as the Type. If you select Range, you have to type in the starting port number and the end porting number on the boxes below.</p> <p>Port Number – Type in the starting port number and the end porting number here if you choose Range as the type.</p> |
|---------------------------|---|

4. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.
5. By the way, you can set up to 40 service types. If you want to edit/delete an existed service type, please select the radio button of that one and click **Edit/Edit** for modification.

Retag the Packets for Identification

Packets coming from LAN IP can be retagged through QoS setting. When the packets sent out through WAN interface, all the them will be tagged with certain header and that will be easily to be identified by server on ISP.

For example, in the following illustration, the VoIP packets in LAN go into Vigor router without any header. However, when they go forward to the Server on ISP through Vigor router, all of the packets are tagged with AF (configured in Bandwidth >>QoS>>Class) automatically.



Class Index #1

Name: Tag packets as:

| NO | Status | Local Address | Remote Address | DiffServ CodePoint | Service Type |
|-------------------------|--------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 <input type="radio"/> | Active | Any | Any | ANY | ANY |

4.7.4 APP QoS

The QoS function is used to do bandwidth management for the services with certain IP or port number. However, there is no effect of bandwidth management on the service such as VNC or PPTV without fixed IP or port number.

APP QoS employs the function of APP Enforcement to detect the types of software in application layer. By combining the function of QoS (adjustment on Inbound/Outbound bandwidth and bandwidth ratio), Vigor router can perform the bandwidth management for the protocols, streaming, remote control, web HD and so on.

Click **Bandwidth Management>>APP QoS** to open the following page.

[Bandwidth Management >> APP QoS](#)

APP QoS

Enable Disable

Protocol **Misc**

Select All Clear All Apply to all: QoS Class 1 (High) Apply

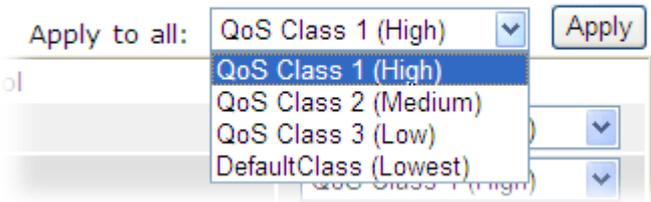
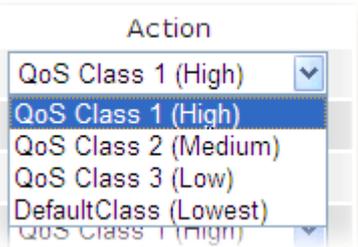
| Enable | Protocol | Action |
|--------------------------|----------|--------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | DNS | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | FTP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | HTTP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | IMAP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | IRC | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | NNTP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | POP3 | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SMB | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SMTP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SNMP | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SSH | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | SSL/TLS | QoS Class 1 (High) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | TELNET | QoS Class 1 (High) |

Note: Please remember to adjust Inbound/Outbound bandwidth of your network in "Quality of Service".
This will help QoS to work more efficient.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| Enable/Disable | Click Enable to activate APP QoS function. Click Disable to deactivate APP QoS function. |
| Protocol/Misc | Each tab offers different types of protocols to fit your request. |
| Select All | Click it to select all of the protocols. |
| Clear All | Click it to de-select all of the protocols. |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| <p>Apply to all</p> | <p>Choose one of the actions from the drop down list. It is prepared for applying to all protocols.</p>  <p>Apply – Click it to make the selected action be applied all of the selected protocols immediately.</p> |
| <p>Action</p> | <p>There are many protocols which can be specified with different QoS Class.</p>  |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.8 Applications

Below shows the menu items for Applications.



4.8.1 Dynamic DNS

The ISP often provides you with a dynamic IP address when you connect to the Internet via your ISP. It means that the public IP address assigned to your router changes each time you access the Internet. The Dynamic DNS feature lets you assign a domain name to a dynamic WAN IP address. It allows the router to update its online WAN IP address mappings on the specified Dynamic DNS server. Once the router is online, you will be able to use the registered domain name to access the router or internal virtual servers from the Internet. It is particularly helpful if you host a web server, FTP server, or other server behind the router.

Before you use the Dynamic DNS feature, you have to apply for free DDNS service to the DDNS service providers. The router provides up to three accounts from three different DDNS service providers. Basically, Vigor routers are compatible with the DDNS services supplied by most popular DDNS service providers such as www.dyndns.org, www.no-ip.com, www.dtdns.com, www.changeip.com, www.dynamic-nameserver.com. You should visit their websites to register your own domain name for the router.

Enable the Function and Add a Dynamic DNS Account

1. Assume you have a registered domain name from the DDNS provider, say *hostname.dyndns.org*, and an account with username: *test* and password: *test*.
2. In the DDNS setup menu, check **Enable Dynamic DNS Setup**.

[Applications >> Dynamic DNS Setup](#)

Dynamic DNS Setup [Set to Factory Default](#)

Enable Dynamic DNS Setup [View Log](#) [Force Update](#)

Auto-Update interval Min(s) (1~14400)

Accounts:

| Index | Domain Name | Active |
|--------------------|-------------|--------|
| 1. | . | x |
| 2. | . | x |
| 3. | . | x |

[OK](#) [Clear All](#)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Enable Dynamic DNS Setup | Check this box to enable DDNS function. |
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings. |
| View Log | Display DDNS log status. |
| Force Update | Force the router updates its information to DDNS server. |
| Auto-Update interval | Set the time for the router to perform auto update for DDNS service. |
| Index | Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of DDNS setup to set account(s). |
| Domain Name | Display the domain name that you set on the setting page of DDNS setup. |
| Active | Display if this account is active or inactive. |
| Clear All | <p>Disable the Function and Clear all Dynamic DNS Accounts -</p> <p>In the DDNS setup menu, uncheck Enable Dynamic DNS Setup, and push this button to disable the function and clear all accounts from the router.</p> <p>Delete a Dynamic DNS Account -</p> <p>In the DDNS setup menu, click the Index number you want to delete and then push this button to delete the account.</p> |

3. Select Index number 1 to add an account for the router. Check **Enable Dynamic DNS Account**, and choose correct Service Provider: *dyndns.org*, type the registered hostname: *hostname* and domain name suffix: *dyndns.org* in the **Domain Name** block. The following two blocks should be typed your account Login Name: *test* and Password: *test*.

Index : 1

Enable Dynamic DNS Account

Service Provider: ▼

Service Type: ▼

Domain Name: . ▼

Login Name: (max. 64 characters)

Password: (max. 23 characters)

Wildcards

Backup MX

Mail Extender:

Determine Real WAN IP: ▼

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Enable Dynamic DNS Account | Check this box to enable the current account. If you did check the box, you will see a check mark appeared on the Active column of the previous web page in step 2). |
| Service Provider | Select the service provider for the DDNS account. |
| Service Type | Select a service type (Dynamic, Custom or Static). If you choose Custom, you can modify the domain that is chosen in the Domain Name field. |
| Domain Name | Type in one domain name that you applied previously. Use the drop down list to choose the desired domain. |
| Login Name | Type in the login name that you set for applying domain. |
| Password | Type in the password that you set for applying domain. |
| Wildcard and Backup MX | The Wildcard and Backup MX (Mail Exchange) features are not supported for all Dynamic DNS providers. You could get more detailed information from their websites. |
| Mail Extender | If the mail server is defined with another name, please type the name in this area. Such mail server will be used as backup mail exchange. |
| Determine Real WAN IP | <p>If a Vigor router is installed behind any NAT router, you can enable such function to locate the real WAN IP.</p> <p>When the WAN IP used by Vigor router is private IP, this function can detect the public IP used by the NAT router and use the detected IP address for DDNS update.</p> <p>There are two methods offered for you to choose:</p> <p>WAN IP - If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, DDNS update will take place right away.</p> <p>Internet IP – If it is selected and the WAN IP of Vigor router is private, it will be converted to public IP before DDNS update takes place.</p> |

- Click **OK** button to activate the settings. You will see your setting has been saved.

4.8.2 Schedule

The Vigor router has a built-in real time clock which can update itself manually or automatically by means of Network Time Protocols (NTP). As a result, you can not only schedule the router to dialup to the Internet at a specified time, but also restrict Internet access to certain hours so that users can connect to the Internet only during certain hours, say, business hours. The schedule is also applicable to other functions.

You have to set your time before set schedule. In **System Maintenance>> Time and Date** menu, press **Inquire Time** button to set the Vigor router's clock to current time of your PC. The clock will reset once if you power down or reset the router. There is another way to set up time. You can inquiry an NTP server (a time server) on the Internet to synchronize the router's clock. This method can only be applied when the WAN connection has been built up.

[Applications >> Schedule](#)

| Schedule: | | Set to Factory Default | |
|--------------------|--------|--|--------|
| Index | Status | Index | Status |
| 1. | x | 9. | x |
| 2. | x | 10. | x |
| 3. | x | 11. | x |
| 4. | x | 12. | x |
| 5. | x | 13. | x |
| 6. | x | 14. | x |
| 7. | x | 15. | x |
| 8. | x | | |

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Set to Factory Default | Clear all profiles and recover to factory settings. |
| Index | Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of schedule. |
| Status | Display if this schedule setting is active or inactive. |

You can set up to 15 schedules. Then you can apply them to your **Internet Access** or **VPN and Remote Access >> LAN-to-LAN** settings.

To add a schedule:

- Click any index, say Index No. 1.

[Applications >> Schedule](#)

| Index | Status |
|--------------------|--------|
| 1. | x |
| 2. | x |
| 3. | x |

- The detailed settings of the call schedule with index 1 are shown below.

Index No. 1

| | |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Schedule Setup | |
| Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | 2000-1-1 |
| Start Time (hh:mm) | 0:0 |
| Duration Time (hh:mm) | 0:0 |
| Action | Force On |
| Idle Timeout | 0 minute(s).(max. 255, 0 for default) |
| How Often | |
| <input type="radio"/> Once | |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Weekdays | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sun | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mon |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tue | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wed |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Thu | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fri |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sat | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Enable Schedule Setup | Check to enable the schedule. |
| Start Date (yyyy-mm-dd) | Specify the starting date of the schedule. |
| Start Time (hh:mm) | Specify the starting time of the schedule. |
| Duration Time (hh:mm) | Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule. |
| Action | Specify which action Call Schedule should apply during the period of the schedule. Force On -Force the connection to be always on. Force Down -Force the connection to be always down. Enable Dial-On-Demand -Specify the connection to be dial-on-demand and the value of idle timeout should be specified in Idle Timeout field. Disable Dial-On-Demand -Specify the connection to be up when it has traffic on the line. Once there is no traffic over idle timeout, the connection will be down and never up again during the schedule. |
| Idle Timeout | Specify the duration (or period) for the schedule. How often -Specify how often the schedule will be applied Once -The schedule will be applied just once Weekdays -Specify which days in one week should perform the schedule. |

- Click **OK** button to save the settings.

Example

Suppose you want to control the PPPoE Internet access connection to be always on (Force On) from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week. Other time the Internet access connection should be disconnected (Force Down).

**Office
Hour:
(Force On)**



Mon - Sun 9:00 am to 6:00 pm

1. Make sure the PPPoE connection and **Time Setup** is working properly.
2. Configure the PPPoE always on from 9:00 to 18:00 for whole week.
3. Configure the **Force Down** from 18:00 to next day 9:00 for whole week.
4. Assign these two profiles to the PPPoE Internet access profile. Now, the PPPoE Internet connection will follow the schedule order to perform **Force On** or **Force Down** action according to the time plan that has been pre-defined in the schedule profiles.

4.8.3 RADIUS

Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) is a security authentication client/server protocol that supports authentication, authorization and accounting, which is widely used by Internet service providers. It is the most common method of authenticating and authorizing dial-up and tunneled network users.

The built-in RADIUS client feature enables the router to assist the remote dial-in user or a wireless station and the RADIUS server in performing mutual authentication. It enables centralized remote access authentication for network management.

[Applications >> RADIUS](#)

RADIUS Setup

Enable

Server IP Address

Destination Port

Shared Secret

Confirm Shared Secret

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| Enable | Check to enable RADIUS client feature. |
| Server IP Address | Enter the IP address of RADIUS server |
| Destination Port | The UDP port number that the RADIUS server is using. The default value is 1812, based on RFC 2138. |
| Shared Secret | The RADIUS server and client share a secret that is used to authenticate the messages sent between them. Both sides must be configured to use the same shared secret. |
| Confirm Shared Secret | Re-type the Shared Secret for confirmation. |

After finished the above settings, click **OK** button to save the settings.

4.8.4 UPnP

The **UPnP** (Universal Plug and Play) protocol is supported to bring to network connected devices the ease of installation and configuration which is already available for directly connected PC peripherals with the existing Windows 'Plug and Play' system. For NAT routers, the major feature of UPnP on the router is "NAT Traversal". This enables applications inside the firewall to automatically open the ports that they need to pass through a router. It is more reliable than requiring a router to work out by itself which ports need to be opened. Further, the user does not have to manually set up port mappings or a DMZ. **UPnP is available on Windows XP** and the router provide the associated support for MSN Messenger to allow full use of the voice, video and messaging features.

Applications >> UPnP

UPnP

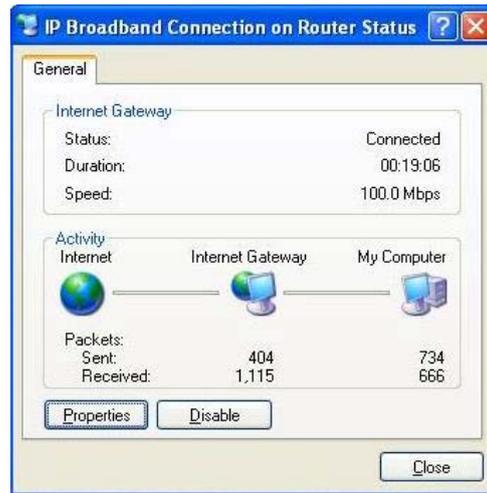
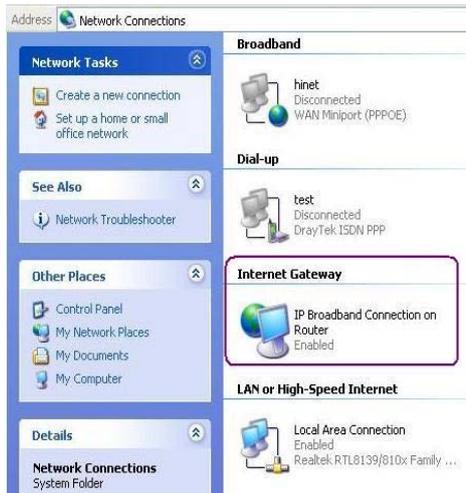
Enable UPnP Service Default WAN ▾
 Enable Connection control Service
 Enable Connection Status Service

Note: If you intend running UPnP service inside your LAN, you should check the appropriate service above to allow control, as well as the appropriate UPnP settings.

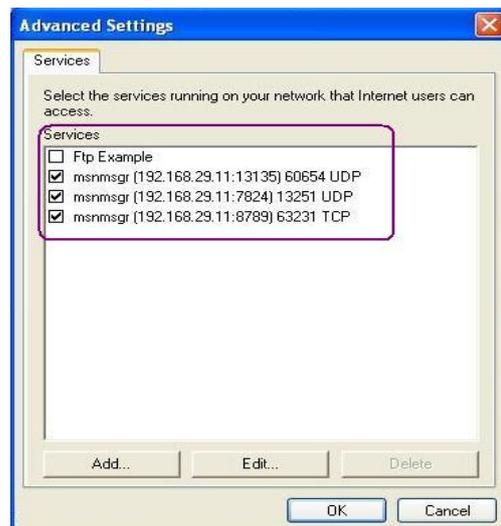
Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| Enable UPNP Service | Accordingly, you can enable either the Connection Control Service or Connection Status Service . |
| Default WAN | It is used to specify the WAN interface for applying such function. <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; width: fit-content;"> Default WAN ▾ Default WAN WAN1 Backup WAN </div> |

After setting **Enable UPNP Service** setting, an icon of **IP Broadband Connection on Router** on Windows XP/Network Connections will appear. The connection status and control status will be able to be activated. The NAT Traversal of UPnP enables the multimedia features of your applications to operate. This has to manually set up port mappings or use other similar methods. The screenshots below show examples of this facility.



The UPnP facility on the router enables UPnP aware applications such as MSN Messenger to discover what are behind a NAT router. The application will also learn the external IP address and configure port mappings on the router. Subsequently, such a facility forwards packets from the external ports of the router to the internal ports used by the application.



The reminder as regards concern about Firewall and UPnP

Can't work with Firewall Software
 Enabling firewall applications on your PC may cause the UPnP function not working properly. This is because these applications will block the accessing ability of some network ports.

Security Considerations
 Activating the UPnP function on your network may incur some security threats. You should consider carefully these risks before activating the UPnP function.

- Some Microsoft operating systems have found out the UPnP weaknesses and hence you need to ensure that you have applied the latest service packs and patches.
- Non-privileged users can control some router functions, including removing and adding port mappings.

The UPnP function dynamically adds port mappings on behalf of some UPnP-aware applications. When the applications terminate abnormally, these mappings may not be removed.

4.8.5 IGMP

IGMP is the abbreviation of *Internet Group Management Protocol*. It is a communication protocol which is mainly used for managing the membership of Internet Protocol multicast groups.

[Applications >> IGMP](#)

IGMP

Enable IGMP Proxy
 IGMP Proxy is to act as a multicast proxy for hosts on the LAN side. Enable IGMP Proxy, if you will access any multicast group. But this function **take no affect when Bridge Mode is enabled**.

Enable IGMP Snooping
 Enable IGMP Snooping, multicast traffic is only forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disable IGMP snooping, multicast traffic is treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic.

[Refresh](#)

| Working Multicast Groups | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----|----|----|----|--|
| Index | Group ID | P1 | P2 | P3 | P4 | |
| | | | | | | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Enable IGMP Proxy | Check this box to enable this function. The application of multicast will be executed through WAN port. In addition, such function is available in NAT mode. |
| Enable IGMP Snooping | Check this box to enable this function. Multicast traffic will be forwarded to ports that have members of that group. Disabling IGMP snooping will make multicast traffic treated in the same manner as broadcast traffic. |
| Refresh | Click this link to renew the working multicast group status. |
| Group ID | This field displays the ID port for the multicast group. The available range for IGMP starts from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.254. |
| P1 to P4 | It indicates the LAN port used for the multicast group. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

If you check **Enable IGMP Proxy**, all the multicast groups will be listed and all the LAN ports (P1 to P4) are available for use.

4.8.6 Wake on LAN

A PC client on LAN can be woken up by the router it connects. When a user wants to wake up a specified PC through the router, he/she must type correct MAC address of the specified PC on this web page of **Wake on LAN** of this router.

In addition, such PC must have installed a network card supporting WOL function. By the way, WOL function must be set as “Enable” on the BIOS setting.

[Application >> Wake on LAN](#)

Wake on LAN

Note: Wake on LAN integrates with [Bind IP to MAC](#) function, only binded PCs can wake up through IP.

Wake by:

IP Address:

MAC Address:

Result

```
Valid subcommands are:admin      cfg      cmdlog
ftpd      domainname  iface    name
passwd    reboot      autoreboot  commit
```

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| Wake by | Two types provide for you to wake up the bound IP. If you choose Wake by MAC Address, you have to type the correct MAC address of the host in MAC Address boxes. If you choose Wake by IP Address, you have to choose the correct IP address. Wake by: <input type="text" value="MAC Address"/> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;"> MAC Address IP Address </div> |
| IP Address | The IP addresses that have been configured in Firewall>>Bind IP to MAC will be shown in this drop down list. Choose the IP address from the drop down list that you want to wake up. |
| MAC Address | Type any one of the MAC address of the bound PCs. |
| Wake Up | Click this button to wake up the selected IP. See the following figure. The result will be shown on the box. |

Wake on LAN

Note: Wake on LAN integrates with [Bind IP to MAC](#) function, only binded PCs can wake up through IP.

Wake by:

IP Address:

MAC Address:

Result

Send command to client done.

4.9 VPN and Remote Access

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is the extension of a private network that encompasses links across shared or public networks like the Internet. In short, by VPN technology, you can send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link.

Below shows the menu items for VPN and Remote Access.



4.9.1 Remote Access Control

Enable the necessary VPN service as you need. If you intend to run a VPN server inside your LAN, you should disable the VPN service of Vigor Router to allow VPN tunnel pass through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings, such as DMZ or open port.

Remote Access Control Setup

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Enable PPTP VPN Service |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Enable IPsec VPN Service |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Enable L2TP VPN Service |

Note: If you intend running a VPN server inside your LAN, you should uncheck the appropriate protocol above to allow pass-through, as well as the appropriate NAT settings.

4.9.2 PPP General Setup

This submenu only applies to PPP-related VPN connections, such as PPTP, L2TP, and L2TP over IPSec.

[VPN and Remote Access >> PPP General Setup](#)

PPP General Setup

PPP/MP Protocol

Dial-In PPP Authentication: PAP or CHAP

Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE): Optional MPPE

Mutual Authentication (PAP): Yes No

Username:

Password:

IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users (When DHCP Disable set)

Assigned IP start: LAN 1 192.168.1.200

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|--|
| Dial-In PPP Authentication | <p>PAP Only - elect this option to force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol.</p> <p>PAP or CHAP - Selecting this option means the router will attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.</p> |
| Dial-In PPP Encryption (MPPE Optional MPPE) | <p>This option represents that the MPPE encryption method will be optionally employed in the router for the remote dial-in user. If the remote dial-in user does not support the MPPE encryption algorithm, the router will transmit “no MPPE encrypted packets”. Otherwise, the MPPE encryption scheme will be used to encrypt the data.</p> <p>Optional MPPE</p> <p>Optional MPPE</p> <p>Require MPPE(40/128 bit)</p> <p>Maximum MPPE(128 bit)</p> <p>Require MPPE (40/128bits) - Selecting this option will force the router to encrypt packets by using the MPPE encryption algorithm. In addition, the remote dial-in user will use 40-bit to perform encryption prior to using 128-bit for encryption. In other words, if 128-bit MPPE encryption method is not available, then 40-bit encryption scheme will be applied to encrypt the data.</p> <p>Maximum MPPE - This option indicates that the router will use the MPPE encryption scheme with maximum bits (128-bit) to encrypt the data.</p> |

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Mutual Authentication (PAP) | The Mutual Authentication function is mainly used to communicate with other routers or clients who need bi-directional authentication in order to provide stronger security, for example, Cisco routers. So you should enable this function when your peer router requires mutual authentication. You should further specify the User Name and Password of the mutual authentication peer. |
| Assigned IP Start | Enter a start IP address for the dial-in PPP connection. You should choose an IP address from the local private network. For example, if the local private network is 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0, you could choose 192.168.1.200 as the Start IP Address. You can configure up to four start IP addresses for LAN. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.9.3 IPSec General Setup

In **IPSec General Setup**, there are two major parts of configuration.

There are two phases of IPSec.

- Phase 1: negotiation of IKE parameters including encryption, hash, Diffie-Hellman parameter values, and lifetime to protect the following IKE exchange, authentication of both peers using either a Pre-Shared Key or Digital Signature (x.509). The peer that starts the negotiation proposes all its policies to the remote peer and then remote peer tries to find a highest-priority match with its policies. Eventually to set up a secure tunnel for IKE Phase 2.
- Phase 2: negotiation IPSec security methods including Authentication Header (AH) or Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) for the following IKE exchange and mutual examination of the secure tunnel establishment.

There are two encapsulation methods used in IPSec, **Transport** and **Tunnel**. The **Transport** mode will add the AH/ESP payload and use original IP header to encapsulate the data payload only. It can just apply to local packet, e.g., L2TP over IPSec. The **Tunnel** mode will not only add the AH/ESP payload but also use a new IP header (Tunneled IP header) to encapsulate the whole original IP packet.

Authentication Header (AH) provides data authentication and integrity for IP packets passed between VPN peers. This is achieved by a keyed one-way hash function to the packet to create a message digest. This digest will be put in the AH and transmitted along with packets. On the receiving side, the peer will perform the same one-way hash on the packet and compare the value with the one in the AH it receives.

Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) is a security protocol that provides data confidentiality and protection with optional authentication and replay detection service.

VPN IKE/IPSec General Setup

Dial-in Set up for Remote Dial-in users and Dynamic IP Client (LAN to LAN).

IKE Authentication Method

Pre-Shared Key

Confirm Pre-Shared Key

IPSec Security Method

Medium (AH)
Data will be authentic, but will not be encrypted.

High (ESP) DES 3DES AES
Data will be encrypted and authentic.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| IKE Authentication Method | <p>This usually applies to those are remote dial-in user or node (LAN-to-LAN) which uses dynamic IP address and IPSec-related VPN connections such as L2TP over IPSec and IPSec tunnel.</p> <p>Pre-Shared Key -Currently only support Pre-Shared Key authentication.</p> <p>Pre-Shared Key- Specify a key for IKE authentication</p> <p>Confirm Pre-Shared Key- Retype the characters to confirm the pre-shared key.</p> |
| IPSec Security Method | <p>Medium - Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.</p> <p>High - Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.9.4 IPSec Peer Identity

To use digital certificate for peer authentication in either LAN-to-LAN connection or Remote User Dial-In connection, here you may edit a table of peer certificate for selection. As shown below, the router provides **32** entries of digital certificates for peer dial-in users.

[VPN and Remote Access >> IPSec Peer Identity](#)

X509 Peer ID Accounts: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | Name | Status | Index | Name | Status |
|---------------------|------|--------|---------------------|------|--------|
| 1. | ??? | X | 17. | ??? | X |
| 2. | ??? | X | 18. | ??? | X |
| 3. | ??? | X | 19. | ??? | X |
| 4. | ??? | X | 20. | ??? | X |
| 5. | ??? | X | 21. | ??? | X |
| 6. | ??? | X | 22. | ??? | X |
| 7. | ??? | X | 23. | ??? | X |
| 8. | ??? | X | 24. | ??? | X |
| 9. | ??? | X | 25. | ??? | X |
| 10. | ??? | X | 26. | ??? | X |
| 11. | ??? | X | 27. | ??? | X |
| 12. | ??? | X | 28. | ??? | X |
| 13. | ??? | X | 29. | ??? | X |
| 14. | ??? | X | 30. | ??? | X |
| 15. | ??? | X | 31. | ??? | X |
| 16. | ??? | X | 32. | ??? | X |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Click it to clear all indexes. |
| Index | Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of IPSec Peer Identity. |
| Name | Display the profile name of that index. |

Click each index to edit one peer digital certificate. There are three security levels of digital signature authentication: Fill each necessary field to authenticate the remote peer. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

Profile Index : 1

Profile Name

Enable this account

Accept Any Peer ID

Accept Subject Alternative Name

Type

IP

Accept Subject Name

Country (C)

State (ST)

Location (L)

Organization (O)

Organization Unit (OU)

Common Name (CN)

Email (E)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|--|
| Profile Name | Type the name of the profile. |
| Accept Any Peer ID | Click to accept any peer regardless of its identity. |
| Accept Subject Alternative Name | Click to check one specific field of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field can be IP Address, Domain, or E-mail Address . The box under the Type will appear according to the type you select and ask you to fill in corresponding setting. |
| Accept Subject Name | Click to check the specific fields of digital signature to accept the peer with matching value. The field includes Country (C), State (ST), Location (L), Organization (O), Organization Unit (OU), Common Name (CN), and Email (E) . |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.9.5 Remote Dial-in User

You can manage remote access by maintaining a table of remote user profile, so that users can be authenticated to dial-in via VPN connection. You may set parameters including specified connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router provides 32 access accounts for dial-in users. Besides, you can extend the user accounts to the RADIUS server through the built-in RADIUS client function. The following figure shows the summary table.

[VPN and Remote Access >> Remote Dial-in User](#)

Remote Access User Accounts: [Set to Factory Default](#)

| Index | User | Active | Status | Index | User | Active | Status |
|---------------------|------|--------------------------|--------|---------------------|------|--------------------------|--------|
| 1. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 17. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 2. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 18. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 3. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 19. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 4. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 20. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 5. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 21. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 6. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 22. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 7. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 23. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 8. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 24. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 9. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 25. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 10. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 26. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 11. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 27. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 12. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 28. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 13. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 29. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 14. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 30. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 15. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 31. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 16. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 32. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Set to Factory Default | Click to clear all indexes. |
| Index | Click the number below Index to access into the setting page of Remote Dial-in User. |
| User | Display the username for the specific dial-in user of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty. |
| Active | Check the box to enable the selected profile. |
| Status | Display the access state of the specific dial-in user. The symbol V and X represent the specific dial-in user to be active and inactive, respectively. |

Click each index to edit one remote user profile. **Each Dial-In Type requires you to fill the different corresponding fields on the right.** If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanation will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

Index No. 1

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| User account and Authentication <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this account Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s) | | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="text"/> |
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPSec Tunnel <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPSec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) <input type="text" value="None"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote Node Remote Client IP or Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block Multicast via VPN <input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block (for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.) <input type="checkbox"/> Assign Static IP Address <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> | | IPSec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES Local ID (optional) <input type="text"/> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|---|
| User account and Authentication | <p>Enable this account - Check the box to enable this function.</p> <p>Idle Timeout- If the dial-in user is idle over the limitation of the timer, the router will drop this connection. By default, the Idle Timeout is set to 300 seconds.</p> |
| Allowed Dial-In Type | <p>PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name and Password of remote dial-in user below.</p> <p>IPSec Tunnel - Allow the remote dial-in user to make an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.</p> <p>L2TP with IPSec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● None - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection. ● Nice to Have - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection. ● Must -Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection. <p>Specify Remote Node</p> <p>Check the checkbox-You can specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user, ISDN number or peer ID (used in IKE aggressive mode).</p> |

| Item | Description |
|---|--|
| | <p>Uncheck the checkbox-This means the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.</p> <p>Netbios Naming Packet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pass – Click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting. ● Block – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel. <p>Multicast via VPN</p> <p>Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pass – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router. ● Block – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router. <p>Assign Static IP Address – Allow the IP address typed here to dial in.</p> <p>User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for username is 19 characters.</p> <p>Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for password is 19 characters.</p> |
| <p>IKE Authentication Method</p> | <p>This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.</p> <p>Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key.</p> <p>Digital Signature (X.509) – Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and Select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity.</p> |
| <p>IPSec Security Method</p> | <p>This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node. Check the Medium, DES, 3DES or AES box as the security method.</p> <p>Medium-Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is invoked. You can uncheck it to disable it.</p> <p>High-Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p> |

| Item | Description |
|------|--|
| | Local ID (optional) - Specify a local ID to be used for Dial-in setting in the LAN-to-LAN Profile setup. This item is optional and can be used only in IKE aggressive mode. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.9.6 LAN to LAN

Here you can manage LAN-to-LAN connections by maintaining a table of connection profiles. You may set parameters including specified connection direction (dial-in or dial-out), connection peer ID, connection type (VPN connection - including PPTP, IPsec Tunnel, and L2TP by itself or over IPsec) and corresponding security methods, etc.

The router supports 2 VPN tunnels simultaneously and provides up to **32** profiles. The following figure shows the summary table.

[VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN](#)

| LAN-to-LAN Profiles: | | | | Set to Factory Default | | | |
|----------------------|------|--------------------------|--------|--|------|--------------------------|--------|
| Index | Name | Active | Status | Index | Name | Active | Status |
| 1. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 17. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 2. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 18. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 3. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 19. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 4. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 20. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 5. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 21. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 6. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 22. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 7. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 23. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 8. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 24. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 9. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 25. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 10. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 26. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 11. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 27. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 12. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 28. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 13. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 29. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 14. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 30. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 15. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 31. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |
| 16. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- | 32. | ??? | <input type="checkbox"/> | --- |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Set to Factory Default | Click to clear all indexes. |
| Name | Indicate the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol ??? represents that the profile is empty. |
| Active | Check the box to enable the selected profile. |
| Status | Indicate the status of individual profiles. The symbol V and X represent the profile to be active and inactive, respectively. |

To edit each profile:

1. Click each index to edit each profile and you will get the following page. Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 4 subgroups. If the fields gray out, it means you may leave it untouched. The following explanations will guide you to fill all the necessary fields.

For the web page is too long, we divide the page into several sections for explanation.

[VPN and Remote Access >> LAN to LAN](#)

Profile Index : 1

1. Common Settings

| | |
|---|---|
| Profile Name <input type="text" value="???"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile | Call Direction <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-in <input type="checkbox"/> Always on Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Enable PING to keep alive PING to the IP <input type="text"/> |
| VPN Dial-Out Through <input type="text" value="WAN1 First"/> | |
| Netbios Naming Packet <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pass <input type="radio"/> Block Multicast via VPN <input type="radio"/> Pass <input checked="" type="radio"/> Block <small>(for some IGMP,IP-Camera,DHCP Relay..etc.)</small> | |

2. Dial-Out Settings

| | |
|---|--|
| Type of Server I am calling <input checked="" type="radio"/> PPTP <input type="radio"/> IPsec Tunnel <input type="radio"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy <input type="text" value="None"/> | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password(Max 15 char) <input type="text"/> PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| Server IP/Host Name for VPN. <small>(such as draytek.com or 123.45.67.89)</small> <input type="text"/> | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="radio"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="radio"/> Digital Signature(X.509) Peer ID <input type="text" value="None"/> Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First |
| | IPsec Security Method <input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium(AH) <input type="radio"/> High(ESP) <input type="text" value="DES without Authentication"/> <input type="button" value="Advanced"/> |
| | Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup: <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> , <input type="text"/> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Common Settings | <p>Profile Name - Specify a name for the profile of the LAN-to-LAN connection.</p> <p>Enable this profile - Check here to activate this profile.</p> <p>VPN Dial-Out Through - Use the drop down menu to choose a proper WAN interface for this profile. This setting is useful for dial-out only.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; width: fit-content;"> <input type="text" value="WAN1 First"/> </div> |

- **WAN1 First** - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 as the first channel for VPN connection. If WAN1 fails, the router will use another WAN interface instead.
- **WAN1 Only** - While connecting, the router will use WAN1 as the only channel for VPN connection.
- **3G Backup Only** - While connecting, the router will use **3G modem** as the only channel for VPN connection.

Netbios Naming Packet

- **Pass** – click it to have an inquiry for data transmission between the hosts located on both sides of VPN Tunnel while connecting.
- **Block** – When there is conflict occurred between the hosts on both sides of VPN Tunnel in connecting, such function can block data transmission of Netbios Naming Packet inside the tunnel.

Multicast via VPN - Some programs might send multicast packets via VPN connection.

- **Pass** – Click this button to let multicast packets pass through the router.
- **Block** – This is default setting. Click this button to let multicast packets be blocked by the router.

Call Direction - Specify the allowed call direction of this LAN-to-LAN profile.

Both:-initiator/responder

Dial-Out- initiator only

Dial-In- responder only.

Always On-Check to enable router always keep VPN connection.

Idle Timeout: The default value is 300 seconds. If the connection has been idled over the value, the router will drop the connection.

Enable PING to keep alive - This function is to help the router to determine the status of IPSec VPN connection, especially useful in the case of abnormal VPN IPSec tunnel disruption. For details, please refer to the note below. Check to enable the transmission of PING packets to a specified IP address.

Enable PING to keep alive is used to handle abnormal IPSec VPN connection disruption. It will help to provide the state of a VPN connection for router's judgment of redial. Normally, if any one of VPN peers wants to disconnect the connection, it should follow a serial of packet exchange procedure to inform each other. However, if the remote peer disconnect without notice, Vigor router will by no where to know this situation. To resolve this dilemma, by continuously sending PING packets to the remote host, the Vigor router can know the true existence of this VPN connection and react accordingly. This is independent of DPD (dead peer

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | <p>detection).</p> <p>PING to the IP - Enter the IP address of the remote host that located at the other-end of the VPN tunnel.</p> |
| <p>Dial-Out Settings</p> | <p>Type of Server I am calling –</p> <p>PPTP - Build a PPTP VPN connection to the server through the Internet. You should set the identity like User Name and Password below for the authentication of remote server.</p> <p>IPSec Tunnel - Build an IPSec VPN connection to the server through Internet.</p> <p>L2TP with IPSec Policy - Build a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● None: Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection. ● Nice to Have: Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-out VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection. ● Must: Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection. <p>User Name - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for username is 49 characters.</p> <p>Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for password is 15 characters.</p> <p>PPP Authentication - This field is applicable when you select, PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. PAP/CHAP is the most common selection due to wild compatibility.</p> <p>VJ compression - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. Normally set to Yes to improve bandwidth utilization.</p> <p>IKE Authentication Method - This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Pre-Shared Key - Input 1-63 characters as pre-shared key. ● Digital Signature (X.509) - Click Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity as Peer ID. <p>Local ID – Specify which one will be inspected first.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Alternative Subject Name First – The alternative subject name (configured in Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first. ● Subject Name First – The subject name |

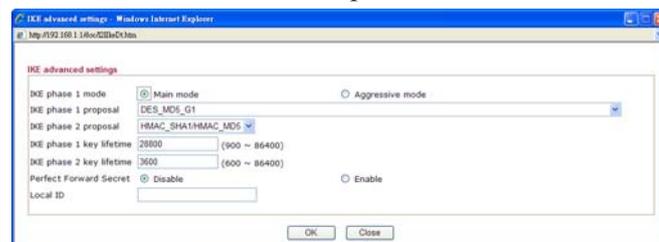
(configured in **Certificate Management>>Local Certificate**) will be inspected first.

IPSec Security Method - This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy.

- **Medium AH (Authentication Header)** means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.
- **High (ESP-Encapsulating Security Payload)**- means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. Select from below:
- **DES without Authentication** -Use DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **DES with Authentication**-Use DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **3DES without Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **3DES with Authentication**-Use triple DES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.
- **AES without Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and not apply any authentication scheme.
- **AES with Authentication**-Use AES encryption algorithm and apply MD5 or SHA-1 authentication algorithm.

Advanced - Specify mode, proposal and key life of each IKE phase, Gateway, etc.

The window of advance setup is shown as below:



IKE phase 1 mode -Select from **Main** mode and **Aggressive** mode. The ultimate outcome is to exchange security proposals to create a protected secure channel. **Main** mode is more secure than **Aggressive** mode since more exchanges are done in a secure channel to set up the IPSec session. However, the **Aggressive** mode is faster. The default value in Vigor router is Main mode.

- **IKE phase 1 proposal**-To propose the local available authentication schemes and encryption algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to find a match. Two combinations are available for Aggressive mode and nine for **Main** mode. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most schemes.
- **IKE phase 2 proposal**-To propose the local available algorithms to the VPN peers, and get its feedback to

find a match. Three combinations are available for both modes. We suggest you select the combination that covers the most algorithms.

- **IKE phase 1 key lifetime**-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 28800 seconds. You may specify a value in between 900 and 86400 seconds.
- **IKE phase 2 key lifetime**-For security reason, the lifetime of key should be defined. The default value is 3600 seconds. You may specify a value in between 600 and 86400 seconds.
- **Perfect Forward Secret (PFS)**-The IKE Phase 1 key will be reused to avoid the computation complexity in phase 2. The default value is inactive this function.
- **Local ID-In Aggressive mode**, Local ID is on behalf of the IP address while identity authenticating with remote VPN server. The length of the ID is limited to 47 characters.

3. Dial-In Settings

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Allowed Dial-In Type <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPTP <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IPsec Tunnel <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> L2TP with IPsec Policy None | | Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password(Max 11 char) <input type="text"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Specify Remote VPN Gateway Peer VPN Server IP <input type="text"/> or Peer ID <input type="text"/> | | IKE Authentication Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pre-Shared Key IKE Pre-Shared Key <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Signature(X.509) None Local ID <input checked="" type="radio"/> Alternative Subject Name First <input type="radio"/> Subject Name First |
| | | IPsec Security Method <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Medium(AH) High(ESP) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3DES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AES |

4. TCP/IP Network Settings

| | |
|---|---|
| My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> Local Network IP <input type="text" value="192.168.1.5"/> Local Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> <input type="button" value="More"/> | RIP Direction Disable From first subnet to remote network, you have to do <input type="button" value="Route"/> |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> Change default route to this VPN tunnel (Only single WAN supports this) |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Allowed Dial-In Type | Determine the dial-in connection with different types. PPTP - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a PPTP VPN connection through the Internet. You should set the User Name |

and Password of remote dial-in user below.

IPSec Tunnel- Allow the remote dial-in user to trigger an IPSec VPN connection through Internet.

L2TP with IPSec Policy - Allow the remote dial-in user to make a L2TP VPN connection through the Internet. You can select to use L2TP alone or with IPSec. Select from below:

- **None** - Do not apply the IPSec policy. Accordingly, the VPN connection employed the L2TP without IPSec policy can be viewed as one pure L2TP connection.
- **Nice to Have** - Apply the IPSec policy first, if it is applicable during negotiation. Otherwise, the dial-in VPN connection becomes one pure L2TP connection.
- **Must** - Specify the IPSec policy to be definitely applied on the L2TP connection.

Specify Remote VPN Gateway - You can specify the IP address of the remote dial-in user or peer ID (should be the same with the ID setting in dial-in type) by checking the box. Also, you should further specify the corresponding security methods on the right side. If you uncheck the checkbox, the connection type you select above will apply the authentication methods and security methods in the general settings.

User Name - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.

Password - This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The maximum length for both username is 11 characters.

VJ Compression - VJ Compression is used for TCP/IP protocol header compression. This field is applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above.

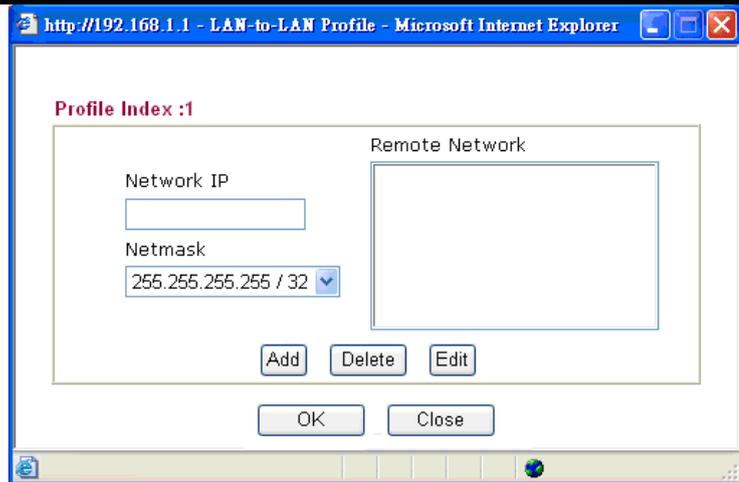
IKE Authentication Method - This group of fields is applicable for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the IP address of the remote node. The only exception is Digital Signature (X.509) can be set when you select IPSec tunnel either with or without specify the IP address of the remote node.

Pre-Shared Key - Check the box of Pre-Shared Key to invoke this function and type in the required characters (1-63) as the pre-shared key. **Digital Signature (X.509)** –Check the box of Digital Signature to invoke this function and select one predefined Profiles set in the **VPN and Remote Access >>IPSec Peer Identity**.

Local ID – Specify which one will be inspected first.

- **Alternative Subject Name First** – The alternative subject name (configured in **Certificate Management>>Local Certificate**) will be inspected first.
 - **Subject Name First** – The subject name (configured in
-

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| | <p>Certificate Management>>Local Certificate) will be inspected first.</p> <p>IPSec Security Method - This group of fields is a must for IPSec Tunnels and L2TP with IPSec Policy when you specify the remote node.</p> <p>Medium- Authentication Header (AH) means data will be authenticated, but not be encrypted. By default, this option is active.</p> <p>High- Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) means payload (data) will be encrypted and authenticated. You may select encryption algorithm from Data Encryption Standard (DES), Triple DES (3DES), and AES.</p> |
| <p>TCP/IP Network Settings</p> | <p>My WAN IP - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.</p> <p>Remote Gateway IP - This field is only applicable when you select PPTP or L2TP with or without IPSec policy above. The default value is 0.0.0.0, which means the Vigor router will get a remote Gateway PPP IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the PPP IP address is fixed by remote side, specify the fixed IP address here. Do not change the default value if you do not select PPTP or L2TP.</p> <p>Remote Network IP/ Remote Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to this Remote Network IP Address/Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. For IPSec, this is the destination clients IDs of phase 2 quick mode.</p> <p>Local Network IP / Local Network Mask - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to Local Network IP Address/Local Network Mask through the VPN connection.</p> <p>More - Add a static route to direct all traffic destined to more Remote Network IP Addresses/ Remote Network Mask through the VPN connection. This is usually used when you find there are several subnets behind the remote VPN router.</p> |



RIP Direction - The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets. You can enable/disable one of direction here. Herein, we provide four options: TX/RX Both, TX Only, RX Only, and Disable.

From first subnet to remote network, you have to do -
If the remote network only allows you to dial in with single IP, please choose **NAT**, otherwise choose **Route**.

Change default route to this VPN tunnel - Check this box to change the default route with this VPN tunnel. Note that this setting is available only for one WAN interface is enabled. It is not available when both WAN interfaces are enabled.

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.9.7 Connection Management

You can find the summary table of all VPN connections. You may disconnect any VPN connection by clicking **Drop** button. You may also aggressively Dial-out by using Dial-out Tool and clicking **Dial** button.

[VPN and Remote Access >> Connection Management](#)

Dial-out Tool Refresh Seconds :

VPN Connection Status Page No.

Current Page: 1

| VPN | Type | Remote IP | Virtual Network | Tx Pkts | Tx Rate (Bps) | Rx Pkts | Rx Rate (Bps) | UpTime |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------------|---------|---------------|---------|---------------|--------|
| xxxxxxxx : Data is encrypted. | | | | | | | | |
| xxxxxxxx : Data isn't encrypted. | | | | | | | | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Dial | Click this button to execute dial out function. |
| Refresh Seconds | Choose the time for refresh the dial information among 5, 10, and 30. |
| Refresh | Click this button to refresh the whole connection status. |

4.10 Certificate Management

A digital certificate works as an electronic ID, which is issued by a certification authority (CA). It contains information such as your name, a serial number, expiration dates etc., and the digital signature of the certificate-issuing authority so that a recipient can verify that the certificate is real. Here Vigor router support digital certificates conforming to standard X.509.

Any entity wants to utilize digital certificates should first request a certificate issued by a CA server. It should also retrieve certificates of other trusted CA servers so it can authenticate the peer with certificates issued by those trusted CA servers.

Here you can manage generate and manage the local digital certificates, and set trusted CA certificates. Remember to adjust the time of Vigor router before using the certificate so that you can get the correct valid period of certificate.

Below shows the menu items for Certificate Management.



4.10.1 Local Certificate

[Certificate Management >> Local Certificate](#)

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|-------|---------|--------|---|
| Local | --- | --- | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

X509 Local Certificate

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| Generate | Click this button to open Generate Certificate Request window. |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| | <p>Certificate Management >> Local Certificate</p> <p>Generate Certificate Request</p> <p>Subject Alternative Name</p> <p>Type: IP Address (dropdown) IP: <input type="text"/></p> <p>Subject Name</p> <p>Country (C): <input type="text"/> State (ST): <input type="text"/> Location (L): <input type="text"/> Organization (O): <input type="text"/> Organization Unit (OU): <input type="text"/> Common Name (CN): <input type="text"/> Email (E): <input type="text"/></p> <p>Key Type: RSA (dropdown) Key Size: 1024 Bit (dropdown)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Generate"/></p> <p>Type in all the information that the window requests. Then click Generate again.</p> |
| Import | Click this button to import a saved file as the certification information. |
| Refresh | Click this button to refresh the information listed below. |
| View | Click this button to view the detailed settings for certificate request. |
| Delete | Click this button to delete selected name with certification information. |

After clicking **Generate**, the generated information will be displayed on the window below:

Certificate Management >> Local Certificate

X509 Local Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|-------|---------------------------------|------------|---|
| Local | /C=TW/ST=HC/L=HC/O=Draytek/O... | Requesting | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

X509 Local Certificate

```

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBqjCCARMCAQAwajELMAkGA1UEBhMCVFcxCzAJBgNVBAGTAkhDMQswCQYDVQQH
EwJlQzEQMA4GA1UEChMHRHJheXR1azELMAkGA1UECzMUkQxIjAgBgkqhkiG9wOB
CQEW3N1cHBvcnRAZHJheXR1ay5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADGYYoAMIGJ
AoGBALMjdTsqfF97FepYy+IqeJVJGuSRtqG6EtW8yTU5HQvXpAzcrqJBGrikTUBX
a1X//fgnEccQA2LPSQIQ85Qychwq07BmOEDf10wHwCa1A2QoGvIiODMC7f5w9x&8
m6+Of4xZ4QQnjXXgciCOBj1iAa6MLScelSynZhkgmQ1QN5uFAgMBAAGGADANBgkq
hkiG9wOBAQUFAA0BgQCq3sdwVc21t9qn4U6X2BJSvzu7JHafSSeUnaYDZefCmGfX
9yojHpstNsmWsmRuAwGeKCWc8S/gLtHhr6iccMoToQFxlWdaEPU5LqryBKKgC9t
eorpDa1/rc9ZwCraOt8XUmPqNoiytq8BxStTE8vULiIxmwaBvc1hWFSXKVLU7g==
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```

4.10.2 Trusted CA Certificate

Trusted CA certificate lists three sets of trusted CA certificate.

[Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate](#)

X509 Trusted CA Certificate Configuration

| Name | Subject | Status | Modify |
|--------------|---------|--------|---|
| Trusted CA-1 | --- | --- | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Trusted CA-2 | --- | --- | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |
| Trusted CA-3 | --- | --- | <input type="button" value="View"/> <input type="button" value="Delete"/> |

To import a pre-saved trusted CA certificate, please click **IMPORT** to open the following window. Use **Browse...** to find out the saved text file. Then click **Import**. The one you imported will be listed on the Trusted CA Certificate window. Then click **Import** to use the pre-saved file.

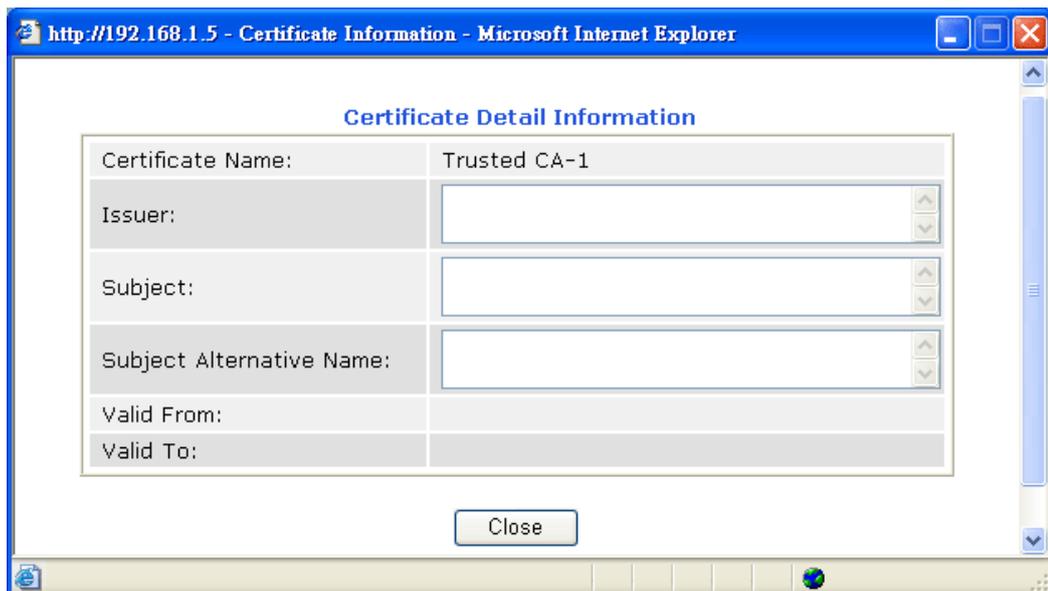
[Certificate Management >> Trusted CA Certificate](#)

Import X509 Trusted CA Certificate

Select a trusted CA certificate file.

Click [Import](#) to upload the certification.

For viewing each trusted CA certificate, click **View** to open the certificate detail information window. If you want to delete a CA certificate, choose the one and click **Delete** to remove all the certificate information.



4.10.3 Certificate Backup

Local certificate and Trusted CA certificate for this router can be saved within one file. Please click **Backup** on the following screen to save them. If you want to set encryption password for these certificates, please type characters in both fields of **Encrypt password** and **Confirm password**.

Also, you can use **Restore** to retrieve the certificate settings to the router whenever you want.

[Certificate Management >> Certificate Backup](#)

Certificate Backup / Restoration

Backup

Encrypt password:

Confirm password:

Click to download certificates to your local PC as a file.

Restoration

Select a backup file to restore.

Decrypt password:

Click to upload the file.

4.11 VoIP

Note: This function is used for “V” models.

Voice over IP network (VoIP) enables you to use your broadband Internet connection to make toll quality voice calls over the Internet.

There are many different call signaling protocols, methods by which VoIP devices can talk to each other. The most popular protocols are SIP, MGCP, Megaco and H.323. These protocols are not all compatible with each other (except via a soft-switch server).

The Vigor V models support the SIP protocol as this is an ideal and convenient deployment for the ITSP (Internet Telephony Service Provider) and softphone and is widely supported. SIP is an end-to-end, signaling protocol that establishes user presence and mobility in VoIP structure. Every one who wants to talk using his/her SIP Uniform Resource Identifier, “SIP Address”. The standard format of SIP URI is

sip: user:password @ host: port

Some fields may be optional in different use. In general, “host” refers to a domain. The “userinfo” includes the user field, the password field and the @ sign following them. This is very similar to a URL so some may call it “SIP URL”. SIP supports peer-to-peer direct calling and also calling via a SIP proxy server (a role similar to the gatekeeper in H.323 networks), while the MGCP protocol uses client-server architecture, the calling scenario being very similar to the current PSTN/ISDN network.

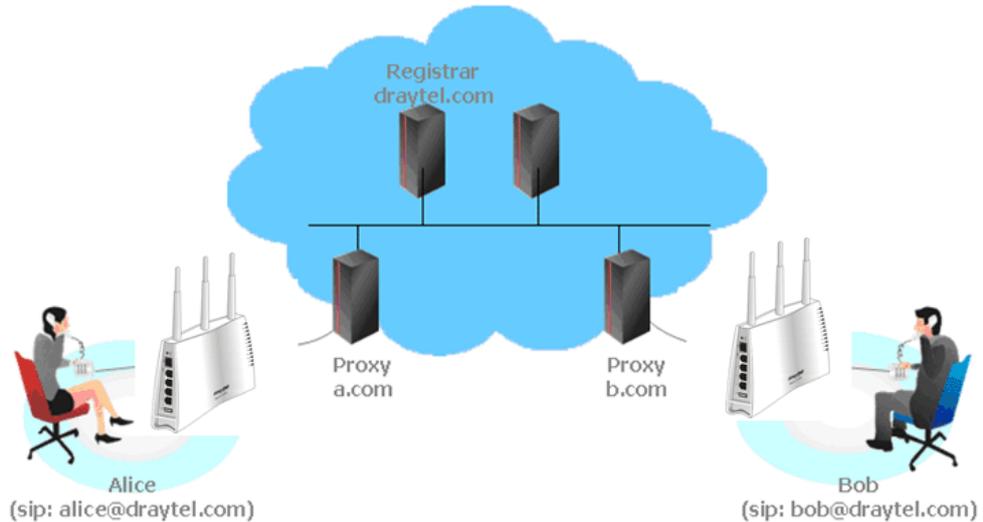
After a call is setup, the voice streams transmit via RTP (Real-Time Transport Protocol). Different codecs (methods to compress and encode the voice) can be embedded into RTP packets. Vigor V models provide various codecs, including G.711 A/μ-law, G.723, G.726 and G.729 A & B. Each codec uses a different bandwidth and hence provides different levels of voice quality. The more bandwidth a codec uses the better the voice quality, however the codec used must be appropriate for your Internet bandwidth.

Usually there will be two types of calling scenario, as illustrated below:

- **Calling via SIP Servers**

First, the Vigor V models of yours will have to register to a SIP Registrar by sending registration messages to validate. Then, both parties' SIP proxies will forward the sequence of messages to caller to establish the session.

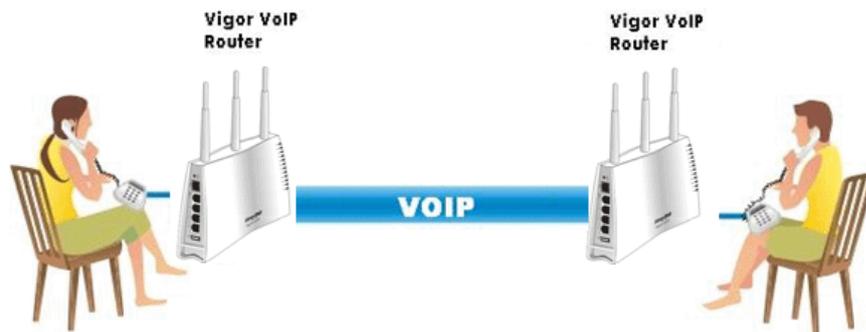
If you both register to the same SIP Registrar, then it will be illustrated as below:



The major benefit of this mode is that you don't have to memorize your friend's IP address, which might change very frequently if it's dynamic. Instead of that, you will only have to use **dial plan** or directly dial your friend's **account name** if you are with the same SIP Registrar. Please refer to the **section 4.5.1**.

- **Peer-to-Peer**

Before calling, you have to know your friend's IP Address. The Vigor VoIP Routers will build connection between each other. Please refer to the **section 4.5.2**.



Our Vigor V models firstly apply efficient codecs designed to make the best use of available bandwidth, but Vigor V models also equip with automatic QoS assurance. QoS Assurance assists to assign high priority to voice traffic via Internet. You will always have the required inbound and outbound bandwidth that is prioritized exclusively for Voice traffic over Internet but you just get your data a little slower and it is tolerable for data traffic.



4.11.1 DialPlan

This page allows you to set phone book and digit map for the VoIP function. Click the **Phone Book** and **Digit Map** links on the page to access into next pages for dialplan settings.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

DialPlan Configuration

| |
|------------------------------|
| Phone Book |
| Digit Map |
| Call Barring |
| Regional |
| PSTN Setup |

Phone Book

In this section, you can set your VoIP contacts in the “phonebook”. It can help you to make calls quickly and easily by using “speed-dial” **Phone Number**. There are total 60 index entries in the phonebook for you to store all your friends and family members’ SIP addresses. **Loop through** and **Backup Phone Number** will be displayed if you are using Vigor2110V for setting the phone book.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book

| Index | Phone number | Display Name | SIP URL | Dial Out Account | Loop through | Backup Phone Number | Status |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|
| 1. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 2. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 3. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 4. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 5. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 6. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 7. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 8. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 9. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 10. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 11. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 12. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 13. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 14. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 15. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 16. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 17. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 18. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 19. | | | | Default | None | | x |
| 20. | | | | Default | None | | x |

<< [1-20](#) | [21-40](#) | [41-60](#) >>

[Next >>](#)

Status: v --- Active, x --- Inactive, ? --- Empty

To add a phone number:

1. Click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Phone Book Index No. 1

Enable

Phone Number

Display Name

SIP URL @

Dial Out Account

Loop through

Backup Phone Number

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Enable | Click this to enable this entry. |
| Phone Number | The speed-dial number of this index. This can be any number you choose, using digits 0-9 and * . |
| Display Name | The Caller-ID that you want to be displayed on your friend's |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| | screen. This let your friend can easily know who's calling without memorizing lots of SIP URL Address. |
| SIP URL | Enter your friend's SIP Address. |
| Dial Out Account | Choose one of the SIP accounts for this profile to dial out. It is useful for both sides (caller and callee) that registered to different SIP Registrar servers. If caller and callee do not use the same SIP server, sometimes, the VoIP phone call connection may not succeed. By using the specified dial out account, the successful connection can be assured. |
| Loop through | Choose PSTN to enable loop through function.  |
| Backup Phone Number | When the VoIP phone is obstructs or the Internet breaks down for some reasons, the backup phone will be dialed out to replace the VoIP phone number. At this time, the phone call will be changed from VoIP phone into PSTN call according to the loop through direction chosen. Note that, during the phone switch, the blare of phone will appear for a short time. And when the VoIP phone is switched into the PSTN phone, the telecom co. might charge you for the connection fee. Please type in backup phone number (PSTN number/ISDN number) for this VoIP phone setting. |

2. After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

Digit Map

For the convenience of user, this page allows users to edit prefix number for the SIP account with adding number, stripping number or replacing number. It is used to help user having a quick and easy way to dial out through VoIP interface.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

Digit Map Setup

| # | Enable | Match Prefix | Mode | OP Number | Min Len | Max Len | Route |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|
| 1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 03 | Replace | 8863 | 7 | 9 | PSTN |
| 2 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 886 | Strip | 886 | 8 | 0 | PSTN |
| 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 17 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 18 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 19 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |
| 20 | <input type="checkbox"/> | | None | | 0 | 0 | PSTN |

Note:

1. The length for Min Len and Max Len fields should be between 0~25.
2. Wildcard '?' is supported.

OK

Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| Enable | Check this box to invoke this setting. |
| Match Prefix | It is used to match with the number you dialed and can be modified with the OP Number by the mode (add, strip or replace). |
| Mode | <p>None - No action.</p> <p>Add - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be added with the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface.</p> <p>Strip - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be deleted by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the OP number of 886 will be deleted completely for the prefix number is set with 886.</p> <p>Replace - When you choose this mode, the OP number will be replaced by the prefix number for calling out through the specific VoIP interface. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, the prefix number of 03 will be replaced by 8863. For example: dial number of "03111111" will be changed to "8863111111" and sent to SIP server.</p> |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">Mode</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> Replace ▾ None Add Strip Replace </div> </div> |
| OP Number | The front number you type here is the first part of the account number that you want to execute special function (according to the chosen mode) by using the prefix number. |
| Min Len | Set the minimal length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings. Take the above picture (Prefix Table Setup web page) as an example, if the dial number is between 7 and 9, that number can apply the prefix number settings here. |
| Max Len | Set the maximum length of the dial number for applying the prefix number settings. |
| Route | Choose the one that you want to enable the prefix number settings from the saved SIP accounts. Please set up one SIP account first to make this interface available. This item will be changed according to the port settings configured in VoIP>> Phone Settings . |
| Move UP /Move Down | Click the link to move the selected entry up or down. |

Call Barring

Call barring is used to block phone calls coming from the one that is not welcomed.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

| Call Barring Setup | | | | | | Set to Factory Default |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| Index | Call Direction | Barring Type | Barring Number/URL/URI | Route | Schedule | Status |
| 1. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 2. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 3. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 4. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 5. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 6. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 7. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 8. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 9. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 10. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |

<< [1-10](#) | [11-20](#) >>

[Next](#) >>

Advanced:
[Block Anonymous](#)
[Block Unknown Domain](#)
[Block IP Address](#)

To create a call barring profile:

1. Click any index number to display the dial plan setup page.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

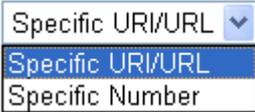
Call Barring Index No. 1

| | |
|---|------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable | |
| Call Direction | IN |
| Barring Type | Specific URI/URL |
| Specific URI/URL | |
| Route | All |
| Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup | |

Note: Wildcard '?' is supported.

OK Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|--|
| Enable | Check it to enable this entry. |
| Call Direction | Determine the direction for the phone call, IN – incoming call, OUT-outgoing call, IN & OUT – both incoming and outgoing calls.  |
| Barring Type | Determine the type of the VoIP phone call, URI/URL or number.  |
| Specific URI/URL or Specific Number | This field will be changed based on the type you selected for barring Type. |
| Route | All means all the phone calls will be blocked with such mechanism. |
| Index (1-15) in Schedule | Enter the index of schedule profiles to control the call barring according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section Applications>>Schedule for detailed configuration. |

- After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

| Call Barring Setup | | | | | | Set to Factory Default |
|--------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| Index | Call Direction | Barring Type | Barring Number/URL/URI | Route | Schedule | Status |
| 1. | IN | Specific URI/URL | | All | | v |
| 2. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 3. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |
| 4. | | | | Wizard1 | | x |

Additionally, you can set advanced settings for call barring such as **Block Anonymous**, **Block Unknown Domain** or **Block IP Address**. Simply click the relational links to open the web page.

For **Block Anonymous** – this function can block the incoming calls without caller ID on the interface (Phone port) specified in the following window. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

Call Barring Block Anonymous

Enable

Interface Phone1 Phone2

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup , , ,

Note:Block the incoming calls which do not have the caller ID.

For **Block Unknown Domain** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) from unrecognized domain that is not specified in SIP accounts. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

[VoIP >> DialPlan Setup](#)

Call Barring Block Unknown Domain

Enable

Interface Phone1 Phone2

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup , , ,

Note:If the domain of the incoming call is different from the domain found in SIP accounts,the call should be blocked.

For **Block IP Address** – this function can block incoming calls (through Phone port) coming from IP address. Such control also can be done based on preconfigured schedules.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Call Barring Block IP Address

Enable

Interface Phone1 Phone2

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup , , ,

Note: The incoming calls by means of IP dialing (e.g. #192*168*1*1#) should be blocked.

Regional

This page allows you to process incoming or outgoing phone calls by regional. Default values (common used in most areas) will be shown on this web page. You *can change* the number based on the region that the router is placed.

VoIP >> DialPlan Setup

Enable Regional [Set to Factory Default](#)

| | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| Last Call Return [Miss]: | <input type="text" value="*69"/> | |
| Last Call Return [In]: | <input type="text" value="*12"/> | Last Call Return [Out]: <input type="text" value="*14"/> |
| Call Forward [All] [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*72"/> +number+# | Call Forward [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*73"/> +## |
| Call Forward [Busy] [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*90"/> +number+# | Call Forward [No Ans] [Act]: <input type="text" value="*92"/> +number+# |
| Do Not Disturb [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*78"/> +## | Do Not Disturb [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*79"/> +## |
| Hide caller ID [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*67"/> +## | Hide caller ID [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*68"/> +## |
| Call Waiting [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*56"/> +## | Call Waiting [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*57"/> +## |
| Block Anonymous [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*77"/> +## | Block Anonymous [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*87"/> +## |
| Block Unknow Domain [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*40"/> +## | Block Unknow Domain [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*04"/> +## |
| Block IP Calls [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*50"/> +## | Block IP Calls [Deact]: <input type="text" value="*05"/> +## |
| Block Last Calls [Act]: | <input type="text" value="*60"/> +## | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Enable Regional | Check this box to enable this function. |
| Last Call Return [Miss] | Sometimes, people might miss some phone calls. Please dial number typed in this field to know where the last phone call comes from and call back to that one. |
| Last Call Return [In] | You have finished an incoming phone call, however you want to call back again for some reason. Please dial number typed in this field to call back to that one. |
| Last Call Return [Out] | Dial the number typed in this field to call the previous outgoing phone call again. |

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Call Forward [All][Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place. |
| Call Forward [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release the call forward function. |
| Call Forward [Busy][Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while the phone is busy. |
| Call Forward [No Ans][Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to forward all the incoming calls to the specified place while there is no answer of the connected phone. |
| Do Not Disturb [Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to invoke the function of DND. |
| Do Not Distrub [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release the DND function. |
| Hide caller ID [Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to make your phone number (ID) not displayed on the display panel of remote end. |
| Hide caller ID [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release this function. |
| Call Waiting [Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to make all the incoming calls waiting for your answer. |
| Call Waiting [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release this function. |
| Block Anonymous[Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls with unknown ID. |
| Block Anonymous[Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release this function. |
| Block Unknown Domain [Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to block all the incoming calls from unknown domain. |
| Block Unknown Domain [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release this function. |
| Block IP Calls [Act] | Dial the number typed in this filed to block all the incoming calls from IP address. |
| Block IP Calls [Deact] | Dial the number typed in this field to release this function. |
| Block Last Calls [Act] | Dial the number typed in this field to block the last incoming phone call. |

PSTN Setup

Some emergency phone (e.g., 911) or special phone cannot be dialed out by using VoIP and can be called out through PSTN line only. To solve this problem, this page allows you to set five sets of PSTN number for dialing without passing through Internet. Please type the number in the field of **phone number for PSTN relay**.

[VoIP >> PSTN Setup](#)

Default phone number for PSTN relay

| Enable | phone number for PSTN relay |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="text"/> |

Then, check the **Enable** box to make the PSTN number available for dial whenever you need.

Note: A Line port on the router allows connection to a PSTN line so the user can select either the PSTN or VoIP for the calls, and can access the PSTN line during power black-outs when VoIP is cut off (only available on port 2).

4.11.2 SIP Accounts

In this section, you set up your own SIP settings. When you apply for an account, your SIP service provider will give you an **Account Name** or user name, **SIP Registrar**, **Proxy**, and **Domain name**. (The last three might be the same in some case). Then you can tell your folks your SIP Address as in **Account Name@ Domain name**

As Vigor VoIP Router is turned on, it will first register with Registrar using AuthorizationUser@Domain/Realm. After that, your call will be bypassed by SIP Proxy to the destination using AccountName@Domain/Realm as identity.

[VoIP >> SIP Accounts](#)

SIP Accounts List Refresh

| Index | Profile | Domain/Realm | Proxy | Account Name | Codec | Ring Port | | Status |
|-------------------|---------|--------------|-------|--------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |
| 2 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |
| 3 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |
| 4 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |
| 5 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |
| 6 | | | | --- | G.729A/B | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone1 | <input type="checkbox"/> Phone2 | - |

R: success registered on SIP server
-: fail to register on SIP server

NAT Traversal Setting

STUN Server:

External IP:

SIP PING Interval: sec

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Index | Click this link to access into next page for setting SIP account. |
| Profile | Display the profile name of the account. |
| Domain/Realm | Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP registrar server. |
| Proxy | Display the domain name or IP address of the SIP proxy server. |
| Account Name | Display the account name of SIP address before @. |
| Codec | Display the codec type for the account. |
| Ring Port | Specify which port will ring when receiving a phone call. |
| Status | Show the status for the corresponding SIP account. R means such account is registered on SIP server successfully. - means the account is failed to register on SIP server. |
| STUN Server | Type in the IP address or domain of the STUN server. |
| External IP | Type in the gateway IP address. |

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| SIP PING interval | The default value is 150 (sec). It is useful for a Nortel server NAT Traversal Support. |

Click the index number to configure an SIP account.

[VoIP >> SIP Accounts](#)

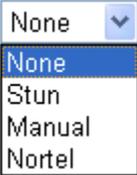
SIP Account Index No. 1

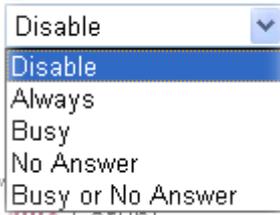
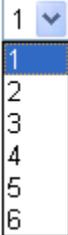
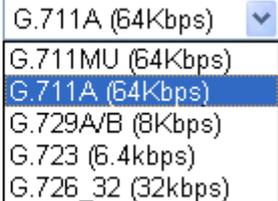
| | |
|---|---|
| Profile Name | Wizard1 (11 char max.) |
| Register via | Auto <input type="checkbox"/> Call without Registration |
| SIP Port | 5060 |
| Domain/Realm | draytel.org (63 char max.) |
| Proxy | draytel.org (63 char max.) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Act as outbound proxy | |
| Display Name | (23 char max.) |
| Account Number/Name | 5633s (63 char max.) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Authentication ID | 5633s (63 char max.) |
| Password | ••••• (63 char max.) |
| Expiry Time | 1 hour 3600 sec |
| NAT Traversal Support | None |
| Call Forwarding | Disable |
| SIP URL | |
| Time Out | 30 sec |
| Ring Port | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Phone2 |
| Ring Pattern | 1 |
| Prefer Codec | G.729A/B (8Kbps) <input type="checkbox"/> Single Codec |
| Packet Size | 20ms |
| Voice Active Detector | Off |

OK Cancel Clear

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| Profile Name | Assign a name for this profile for identifying. You can type similar name with the domain. For example, if the domain name is <i>draytel.org</i> , then you might set <i>draytel-1</i> in this field. |
| Register via | <p>If you want to make VoIP call without register personal information, please choose None and check the box to achieve the goal. Some SIP server allows user to use VoIP function without registering. For such server, please check the box of Call without Registration. Choosing Auto is recommended. The system will select a proper way for your VoIP call.</p>  |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| SIP Port | Set the port number for sending/receiving SIP message for building a session. The default value is 5060 . Your peer must set the same value in his/her Registrar. |
| Domain/Realm | Set the domain name or IP address of the SIP Registrar server. |
| Proxy | Set domain name or IP address of SIP proxy server. By the time you can type :port number after the domain name to specify that port as the destination of data transmission (e.g., nat.draytel.org:5065) |
| Act as Outbound Proxy | Check this box to make the proxy acting as outbound proxy. |
| Display Name | The caller-ID that you want to be displayed on your friend's screen. |
| Account Number/Name | Enter your account name of SIP Address, e.g. every text before @. |
| Authentication ID | Check the box to invoke this function and enter the name or number used for SIP Authorization with SIP Registrar. If this setting value is the same as Account Name, it is not necessary for you to check the box and set any value in this field. |
| Password | The password provided to you when you registered with a SIP service. |
| Expiry Time | The time duration that your SIP Registrar server keeps your registration record. Before the time expires, the router will send another register request to SIP Registrar again. |
| NAT Traversal Support | <p>If the router (e.g., broadband router) you use connects to internet by other device, you have to set this function for your necessity.</p> <p>NAT Traversal Support </p> <p>None – Disable this function. Stun – Choose this option if there is Stun server provided for your router. Manual – Choose this option if you want to specify an external IP address as the NAT transversal support. Nortel – If the soft-switch that you use supports Nortel solution, you can choose this option.</p> |
| Call Forwarding | There are four options for you to choose. Disable is to close call forwarding function. Always means all the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL without any reason. Busy means the incoming calls will be forwarded into SIP URL only when the local system is busy. No Answer means if the incoming calls do not receive any response, they will be forwarded to the SIP URL by the time out. |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| |  <p>SIP URL – Type in the SIP URL (e.g., aaa@draytel.org or abc@iptel.org) as the site for call forwarded.</p> <p>Time Out – Set the time out for the call forwarding. The default setting is 30 sec.</p> |
| Ring Port | Set Phone 1 and/or Phone 2 as the default ring port(s) for this SIP account. |
| Ring Pattern | <p>Choose a ring tone type for the VoIP phone call.</p> <p>Ring Pattern </p> |
| Prefer Codec | <p>Select one of five codecs as the default for your VoIP calls. The codec used for each call will be negotiated with the peer party before each session, and so may not be your default choice. The default codec is G.729A/B; it occupies little bandwidth while maintaining good voice quality.</p> <p>If your upstream speed is only 64Kbps, do not use G.711 codec. It is better for you to have at least 256Kbps upstream if you would like to use G.711.</p> <p>Prefer Codec </p> <p>Single Codec – If the box is checked, only the selected Codec will be applied.</p> |
| Packet Size | <p>The amount of data contained in a single packet. The default value is 20 ms, which means the data packet will contain 20 ms voice information.</p> <p>Packet Size </p> |
| Voice Active Detector | This function can detect if the voice on both sides is active or |

not. If not, the router will do something to save the bandwidth for other using. Click On to invoke this function; click off to close the function.

Voice Active Detector

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.11.3 Phone Settings

This page allows user to set phone settings for Phone 1 and Phone 2 respectively. However, it changes slightly according to different model you have.

[VoIP >> Phone Settings](#)

| Index | Port | Call Feature | Tone | Gain (Mic/Speaker) | Default SIP Account | DTMF Relay |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------|
| 1 | Phone1 | CW,CT, | User Defined | 5/5 | Wizard1 | InBand |
| 2 | Phone2 | CW,CT, | User Defined | 5/5 | Wizard1 | InBand |

ONLY Phone 2 can access the PSTN line during power failure.

RTP

| | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Symmetric RTP | |
| Dynamic RTP Port Start | <input type="text" value="10050"/> |
| Dynamic RTP Port End | <input type="text" value="15000"/> |
| RTP TOS | <input type="text" value="IP precedence 5"/> <input type="text" value="10100000"/> |

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Phone List | <p>Port – there are two phone ports provided here for you to configure. Phone1/Phone2 allows you to set general settings for PSTN phones.</p> <p>Call Feature – A brief description for call feature will be shown in this field for your reference.</p> <p>Tone - Display the tone settings that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p> <p>Gain - Display the volume gain settings for Mic/Speaker that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p> <p>Default SIP Account – “Wizard1” is the default SIP account. You can click the number below the Index field to change SIP account for each phone port.</p> <p>DTMF Relay – Display DTMF mode that configured in the advanced settings page of Phone Index.</p> |
| RTP | <p>Symmetric RTP – Check this box to invoke the function. To make the data transmission going through on both ends of local router and remote router not misleading due to IP lost (for example, sending data from the public IP of remote router to the private IP of local router), you can check this box to solve this problem.</p> <p>Dynamic RTP Port Start - Specifies the start port for RTP stream. The default value is 10050.</p> <p>Dynamic RTP Port End - Specifies the end port for RTP stream. The default value is 15000.</p> <p>RTP TOS – It decides the level of VoIP package. Use the drop down list to choose any one of them.</p> |

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| | <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> Manual IP precedence 1 IP precedence 2 IP precedence 3 IP precedence 4 IP precedence 5 IP precedence 6 IP precedence 7 AF Class1 (Low Drop) AF Class1 (Medium Drop) AF Class1 (High Drop) AF Class2 (Low Drop) AF Class2 (Medium Drop) AF Class2 (High Drop) AF Class3 (Low Drop) AF Class3 (Medium Drop) AF Class3 (High Drop) AF Class4 (Low Drop) AF Class4 (Medium Drop) AF Class4 (High Drop) EF Class </div> |
| | RTP TOS Manual |

Detailed Settings for Phone Port

Click the number link for Phone port, you can access into the following page for configuring Phone settings.

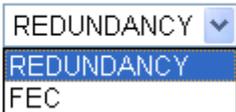
[VoIP >> Phone Settings](#)

Phone1

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>Call Feature</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Hotline <input style="width: 150px;" type="text"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Session Timer <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="90"/> sec</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> T.38 Fax Function</p> <p>Error Correction Mode <input type="text" value="REDUNDANCY"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> DND(Do Not Disturb) Mode</p> <p>Index(1-15) in Schedule Setup:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.</p> <p>Index(1-60) in Phone Book as Exception List:</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/>, <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> CLIR (hide caller ID)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Waiting</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Transfer</p> | <p>Default SIP Account <input type="text" value="1-Wizard1"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Play dial tone only when account registered</p> |
|---|--|

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| Hotline | Check the box to enable it. Type in the SIP URL in the field for dialing automatically when you pick up the phone set. |
| Session Timer | Check the box to enable the function. In the limited time that you set in this field, if there is no response, the connecting call will be closed automatically. |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| T.38 Fax Function | <p>Check the box to enable T.38 fax function.</p> <p>Error Correction Mode – choose a mode for error correction.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> T.38 Fax Function</p> <p>Error Correction Mode </p> |
| DND (Do Not Disturb) Mode | <p>Set a period of peace time without disturbing by VoIP phone call. During the period, the one who dial in will listen busy tone, yet the local user will not listen any ring tone.</p> <p>Index (1-15) in Schedule - Enter the index of schedule profiles to control when the phone will ring and when will not according to the preconfigured schedules. Refer to section Application >>Schedule for detailed configuration.</p> <p>Index (1-60) in Phone Book - Enter the index of phone book profiles. Refer to section DialPlan – Phone Book for detailed configuration.</p> |
| CLIR (hide caller ID) | <p>Check this box to hide the caller ID on the display panel of the phone set.</p> |
| Call Waiting | <p>Check this box to invoke this function. A notice sound will appear to tell the user new phone call is waiting for your response. Click hook flash to pick up the waiting phone call.</p> |
| Call Transfer | <p>Check this box to invoke this function. Click hook flash to initiate another phone call. When the phone call connection succeeds, hang up the phone. The other two sides can communicate, then.</p> |
| Default SIP Account | <p>You can set SIP accounts (up to six groups) on SIP Account page. Use the drop down list to choose one of the profile names for the accounts as the default one for this phone setting.</p> <p>Play dial tone only when account registered - Check this box to invoke the function.</p> |

In addition, you can press the **Advanced** button to configure tone settings, volume gain, MISC and DTMF mode. **Advanced** setting is provided for fitting the telecommunication custom for the local area of the router installed. Wrong tone settings might cause inconvenience for users. To set the sound pattern of the phone set, simply choose a proper region to let the system find out the preset tone settings and caller ID type automatically. Or you can adjust tone settings manually if you choose User Defined. TOn1, TOff1, TOn2 and TOff2 mean the cadence of the tone pattern. TOn1 and TOn2 represent sound-on; TOff1 and TOff2 represent the sound-off.

VoIP >> Phone Settings

Advance Settings >> Phone 1

Tone Settings

Region Caller ID Type

| | Low Freq (Hz) | High Freq (Hz) | T on 1 (msec) | T off 1 (msec) | T on 2 (msec) | T off 2 (msec) |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Dial tone | <input type="text" value="350"/> | <input type="text" value="440"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Ringing tone | <input type="text" value="440"/> | <input type="text" value="480"/> | <input type="text" value="1000"/> | <input type="text" value="2000"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Busy tone | <input type="text" value="480"/> | <input type="text" value="620"/> | <input type="text" value="500"/> | <input type="text" value="500"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |
| Congestion tone | <input type="text" value="480"/> | <input type="text" value="620"/> | <input type="text" value="250"/> | <input type="text" value="250"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> |

Volume Gain

Mic Gain(1-10) DTMF Mode

Speaker Gain(1-10) Payload Type (RFC2833) (96 - 127)

MISC

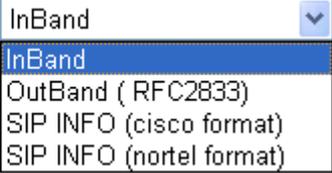
Dial Tone Power Level (1 - 50)

Ring Frequency (10 - 50HZ)

Call Waiting Tone Power Level (1 - 30)

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------|--|
| Region | <p>Select the proper region which you are located. The common settings of Caller ID Type, Dial tone, Ringing tone, Busy tone and Congestion tone will be shown automatically on the page. If you cannot find out a suitable one, please choose User Defined and fill out the corresponding values for dial tone, ringing tone, busy tone, congestion tone by yourself for VoIP phone.</p>  |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| | Also, you can specify each field for your necessity. It is recommended for you to use the default settings for VoIP communication. |
| Volume Gain | Mic Gain (1-10)/Speaker Gain (1-10) - Adjust the volume of microphone and speaker by entering number from 1- 10. The larger of the number, the louder the volume is. |
| MISC | <p>Dial Tone Power Level - This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the dial tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the dial tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.</p> <p>Ring Frequency - This setting is used to drive the frequency of the ring tone. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.</p> <p>Call Waiting Tone Power Level - This setting is used to adjust the loudness of the call waiting tone. The smaller the number is, the louder the tone is. It is recommended for you to use the default setting.</p> |
| DTMF | <p>DTMF Mode – There are four DTMF modes for you to choose.</p> <p>DTMF mode </p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● InBand - Choose this one then the Vigor will send the DTMF tone as audio directly when you press the keypad on the phone. ● OutBand - Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the keypad number you pressed and transform it to digital form then send to the other side; the receiver will generate the tone according to the digital form it receive. This function is very useful when the network traffic congestion occurs and it still can remain the accuracy of DTMF tone. ● SIP INFO- Choose this one then the Vigor will capture the DTMF tone and transfer it into SIP form. Then it will be sent to the remote end with SIP message. <p>Payload Type (rfc2833) - Choose a number from 96 to 127, the default value was 101. This setting is available for the OutBand (RFC2833) mode.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.11.4 Status

From this page, you can find codec, connection and other important call status for each port.

[VoIP >> Status](#)

Status Refresh Seconds:

| Port | Status | Codec | PeerID | Elapse (hh:mm:ss) | Tx Pkts | Rx Pkts | Rx Loss | Rx Jitter (ms) | In Calls | Out Calls | Miss Calls | Speaker Gain |
|--------|----------------------------|-------|--------|----------------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Phone1 | IDLE | | | 00:00:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Phone2 | Loop Through To PSTN | | | 00:00:00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |

Log

| Date (mm-dd-yyyy) | Time (hh:mm:ss) | Duration (hh:mm:ss) | In/Out/Miss | Account ID | Peer ID |
|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |
| 00-00-0 | 00:00:00 | 00:00:00 | - | - | - |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Refresh Seconds | Specify the interval of refresh time to obtain the latest VoIP calling information. The information will update immediately when the Refresh button is clicked. Refresh Seconds : <input type="text" value="10"/> <input type="button" value="v"/> <div style="border: 1px solid #ccc; padding: 2px; display: inline-block; margin-left: 20px;"> 5 10 30 </div> |
| Port | It shows current connection status for Phone(s) and ISDN ports. |
| Status | It shows the VoIP connection status. IDLE - Indicates that the VoIP function is idle. HANG_UP - Indicates that the connection is not established (busy tone). CONNECTING - Indicates that the user is calling out. WAIT_ANS - Indicates that a connection is launched and waiting for remote user's answer. ALERTING - Indicates that a call is coming. ACTIVE -Indicates that the VoIP connection is launched. |
| Codec | Indicates the voice codec employed by present channel. |
| PeerID | The present in-call or out-call peer ID (the format may be IP or Domain). |

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Elapse | The format is represented as hours:minutes:seconds. |
| Tx Pkts | Total number of transmitted voice packets during this connection session. |
| Rx Pkts | Total number of received voice packets during this connection session. |
| Rx Losts | Total number of lost packets during this connection session. |
| Rx Jitter | The jitter of received voice packets. |
| In Calls | Accumulation for the times of in call. |
| Out Calls | Accumulation for the times of out call. |
| Miss Calls | Accumulation for the times of missing call. |
| Speaker Gain | The volume of present call. |
| Log | Display logs of VoIP calls. |

4.12 Wireless LAN

This function is used for “n” models only.

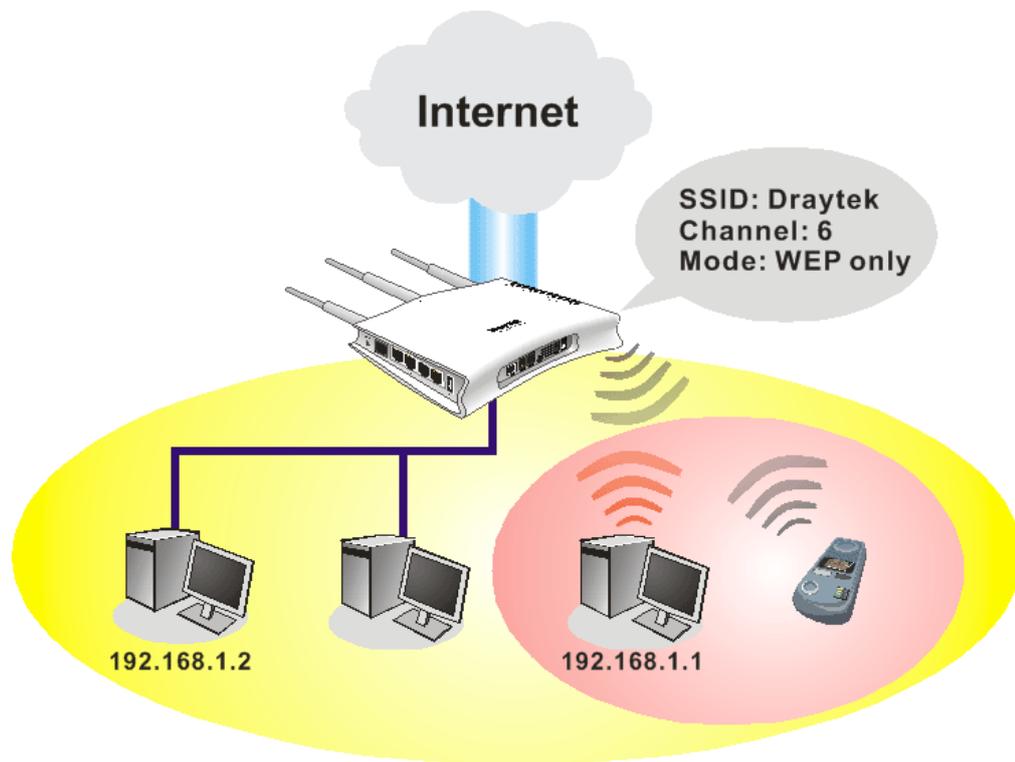
4.12.1 Basic Concepts

Over recent years, the market for wireless communications has enjoyed tremendous growth. Wireless technology now reaches or is capable of reaching virtually every location on the surface of the earth. Hundreds of millions of people exchange information every day via wireless communication products. The Vigor “n” model, a.k.a. Vigor wireless router, is designed for maximum flexibility and efficiency of a small office/home. Any authorized staff can bring a built-in WLAN client PDA or notebook into a meeting room for conference without laying a clot of LAN cable or drilling holes everywhere. Wireless LAN enables high mobility so WLAN users can simultaneously access all LAN facilities just like on a wired LAN as well as Internet access.

The Vigor wireless routers are equipped with a wireless LAN interface compliant with the standard IEEE 802.11n draft 2 protocol. To boost its performance further, the Vigor Router is also loaded with advanced wireless technology to lift up data rate up to 300 Mbps*. Hence, you can finally smoothly enjoy stream music and video.

Note: * The actual data throughput will vary according to the network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, network overhead and building materials.

In an Infrastructure Mode of wireless network, Vigor wireless router plays a role as an Access Point (AP) connecting to lots of wireless clients or Stations (STA). All the STAs will share the same Internet connection via Vigor wireless router. The **General Settings** will set up the information of this wireless network, including its SSID as identification, located channel etc.



Multiple SSIDs

Vigor router supports four SSID settings for wireless connections. Each SSID can be defined with different name and download/upload rate for selecting by stations connected to the router wirelessly.

Security Overview

Real-time Hardware Encryption: Vigor Router is equipped with a hardware AES encryption engine so it can apply the highest protection to your data without influencing user experience.

Complete Security Standard Selection: To ensure the security and privacy of your wireless communication, we provide several prevailing standards on market.

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is a legacy method to encrypt each frame transmitted via radio using either a 64-bit or 128-bit key. Usually access point will preset a set of four keys and it will communicate with each station using only one out of the four keys.

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), the most dominating security mechanism in industry, is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x.

In WPA-Personal, a pre-defined key is used for encryption during data transmission. WPA applies Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) for data encryption while WPA2 applies AES. The WPA-Enterprise combines not only encryption but also authentication.

Since WEP has been proved vulnerable, you may consider using WPA for the most secure connection. You should select the appropriate security mechanism according to your needs. No matter which security suite you select, they all will enhance the over-the-air data protection and /or privacy on your wireless network. The Vigor wireless router is very flexible and can support multiple secure connections with both WEP and WPA at the same time.

Separate the Wireless and the Wired LAN- WLAN Isolation enables you to isolate your wireless LAN from wired LAN for either quarantine or limit access reasons. To isolate means neither of the parties can access each other. To elaborate an example for business use, you

may set up a wireless LAN for visitors only so they can connect to Internet without hassle of the confidential information leakage. For a more flexible deployment, you may add filters of MAC addresses to isolate users' access from wired LAN.

Manage Wireless Stations - Station List will display all the station in your wireless network and the status of their connection.

Below shows the menu items for Wireless LAN.



4.12.2 General Setup

By clicking the **General Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the SSID and the wireless channel. Please refer to the following figure for more information.

[Wireless LAN >> General Setup](#)

General Setting (IEEE 802.11)

Enable Wireless LAN

Mode : Mixed(11b+11g+11n)

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup: , , ,

Only schedule profiles that have the action "Force Down" are applied to the WLAN, all other actions are ignored.

| Enable | Hide SSID | SSID | Isolate LAN | Isolate Member | Isolate VPN |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | DrayTek | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

Hide SSID: Prevent SSID from being scanned.
Isolate Member: Wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID cannot access for each other.
Isolate LAN: Wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID cannot access wired PCs on LAN.
Isolate VPN: isolate wireless with remote dial-in and LAN to LAN VPN.

Channel: Channel 6, 2437MHz Long Preamble:

Long Preamble: necessary for some old 802.11 b devices only(lower performance)

Packet-OVERDRIVE™

Tx Burst

Note:
The same technology must also be supported in clients to boost WLAN performance.

Rate Control

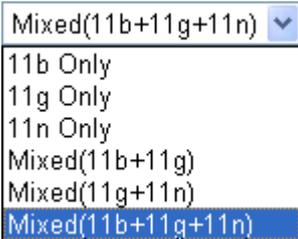
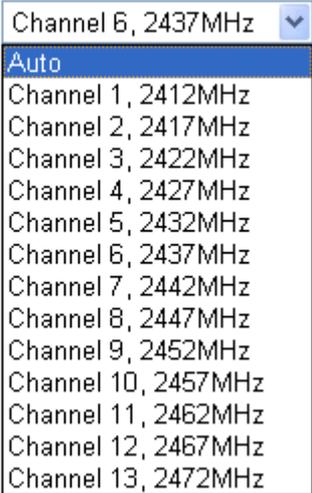
| | Enable | Upload | Download |
|--------|--------------------------|--|--|
| SSID 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 30000 kbps | 30000 kbps |
| SSID 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 30000 kbps | 30000 kbps |
| SSID 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 30000 kbps | 30000 kbps |
| SSID 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | 30000 kbps | 30000 kbps |

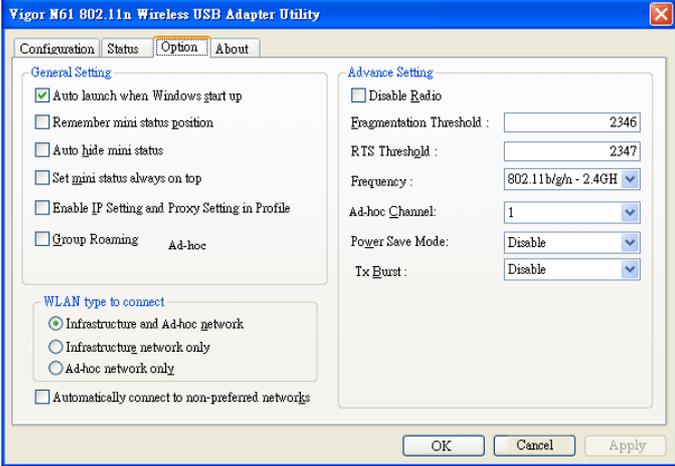
Note: range 100~50,000 kbps

OK
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Enable Wireless LAN | Check the box to enable wireless function. |
| Mode | At present, the router can connect to Mixed (11b+11g), 11g Only, 11b Only, Mixed (11g+11n), 11n Only and Mixed (11b+11g+11n) stations simultaneously. Simply choose Mix |

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| | <p>(11b+11g+11n) mode.</p>  |
| Index(1-15) | <p>Set the wireless LAN to work at certain time interval only. You may choose up to 4 schedules out of the 15 schedules pre-defined in Applications >> Schedule setup. The default setting of this filed is blank and the function will always work.</p> |
| Hide SSID | <p>Check it to prevent from wireless sniffing and make it harder for unauthorized clients or STAs to join your wireless LAN. Depending on the wireless utility, the user may only see the information except SSID or just cannot see any thing about Vigor wireless router while site surveying. The system allows you to set four sets of SSID for different usage. In default, the first set of SSID will be enabled. You can hide it for your necessity.</p> |
| SSID | <p>Means the identification of the wireless LAN. SSID can be any text numbers or various special characters. The default SSID is "Draytek. We suggest you to change it.</p> |
| Isolate | <p>LAN – Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID cannot access wired PCs on LAN. Member –Check this box to make the wireless clients (stations) with the same SSID not accessing for each other. VPN – Check this box to isolate the wireless clients with remote dial-in and LAN to LAN VPN.</p> |
| Channel | <p>Means the channel of frequency of the wireless LAN. The default channel is 6. You may switch channel if the selected channel is under serious interference. If you have no idea of choosing the frequency, please select Auto to let system determine for you.</p>  |

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <p>Long Preamble</p> | <p>This option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses short preamble with 56 bit sync field instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync field. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble. Check it to use Long Preamble if needed to communicate with this kind of devices.</p> |
| <p>Packet-OVERDRIVE</p> | <p>This feature can enhance the performance in data transmission about 40%* more (by checking Tx Burst). It is active only when both sides of Access Point and Station (in wireless client) invoke this function at the same time. That is, the wireless client must support this feature and invoke the function, too.</p> <p>Note: Vigor N61 wireless adapter supports this function. Therefore, you can use and install it into your PC for matching with Packet-OVERDRIVE (refer to the following picture of Vigor N61 wireless utility window, choose Enable for TxBURST on the tab of Option).</p>  |
| <p>Rate Control</p> | <p>It controls the data transmission rate through wireless connection.</p> <p>Upload – Check Enable and type the transmitting rate for data upload. Default value is 30,000 kbps.</p> <p>Download – Type the transmitting rate for data download. Default value is 30,000 kbps.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.3 Security

This page allows you to set security with different modes for SSID 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively. After configuring the correct settings, please click **OK** to save and invoke it.

The default security mode is **Mixed (WPA+WPA2)/PSK**. Default Pre-Shared Key (PSK) is provided and stated on the label pasted on the bottom of the router. For the wireless client who wants to access into Internet through such router, please input the default PSK value for connection.



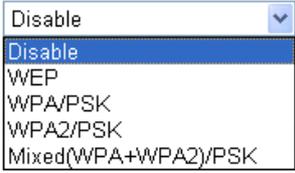
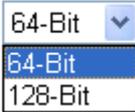
By clicking the **Security Settings**, a new web page will appear so that you could configure the settings of WEP and WPA.

Wireless LAN >> Security Settings

| SSID 1 | SSID 2 | SSID 3 | SSID 4 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| <p>Mode: <input type="text" value="Disable"/></p> <p>WPA:</p> <p>Encryption Mode: TKIP for WPA/AES for WPA2</p> <p>Pre-Shared Key(PSK): <input type="text" value="*****"/></p> <p>Type 8~63 ASCII character or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfigs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....".</p> <p>WEP:</p> <p>Encryption Mode: <input type="text" value="64-Bit"/></p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Key 1 : <input type="text" value="*****"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Key 2 : <input type="text" value="*****"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Key 3 : <input type="text" value="*****"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/> Key 4 : <input type="text" value="*****"/></p> <p>For 64 bit WEP key Type 5 ASCII character or 10 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "AB312" or "0x4142333132".</p> <p>For 128 bit WEP key Type 13 ASCII character or 26 Hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "0123456789abc" or "0x30313233343536373839414243".</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </p> | | | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------|---|
| Mode | There are several modes provided for you to choose. |

| | |
|------------|---|
| | <p>Mode: </p> <p>Disable - Turn off the encryption mechanism. WEP-Accepts only WEP clients and the encryption key should be entered in WEP Key. WPA/PSK-Accepts only WPA clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. WPA2/PSK-Accepts only WPA2 clients and the encryption key should be entered in PSK. Mixed (WPA+ WPA2)/PSK - Accepts WPA and WPA2 clients simultaneously and the encryption key should be entered in PSK.</p> |
| WPA | <p>The WPA encrypts each frame transmitted from the radio using the key, which either PSK (Pre-Shared Key) entered manually in this field below or automatically negotiated via 802.1x authentication. Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678(or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde...").</p> <p>Type - Select from Mixed (WPA+WPA2) or WPA2 only. Pre-Shared Key (PSK) - Either 8~63 ASCII characters, such as 012345678 (or 64 Hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as "0x321253abcde...").</p> |
| WEP | <p>64-Bit - For 64 bits WEP key, either 5 ASCII characters, such as 12345 (or 10 hexadecimal digitals leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445.) 128-Bit - For 128 bits WEP key, either 13 ASCII characters, such as ABCDEFGHIJKLM (or 26 hexadecimal digits leading by 0x, such as 0x4142434445464748494A4B4C4D).</p> <p>Encryption Mode: </p> <p>All wireless devices must support the same WEP encryption bit size and have the same key. Four keys can be entered here, but only one key can be selected at a time. The keys can be entered in ASCII or Hexadecimal. Check the key you wish to use.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.4 Access Control

In the **Access Control**, the router may restrict wireless access to certain wireless clients only by locking their MAC address into a black or white list. The user may block wireless clients by inserting their MAC addresses into a black list, or only let them be able to connect by inserting their MAC addresses into a white list.

In the **Access Control** web page, users may configure the **white/black** list modes used by each SSID and the MAC addresses applied to their lists.

[Wireless LAN >> Access Control](#)

Access Control

Enable Mac Address Filter SSID 1 White List SSID 2 White List
 SSID 3 White List SSID 4 White List

MAC Address Filter

| Index | Attribute | MAC Address | Apply SSID |
|-------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| | | | |

Client's MAC Address : : : : : :

Apply SSID : SSID 1 SSID 2 SSID 3 SSID 4

Attribute : s: Isolate the station from LAN

Available settings are explained as follows:

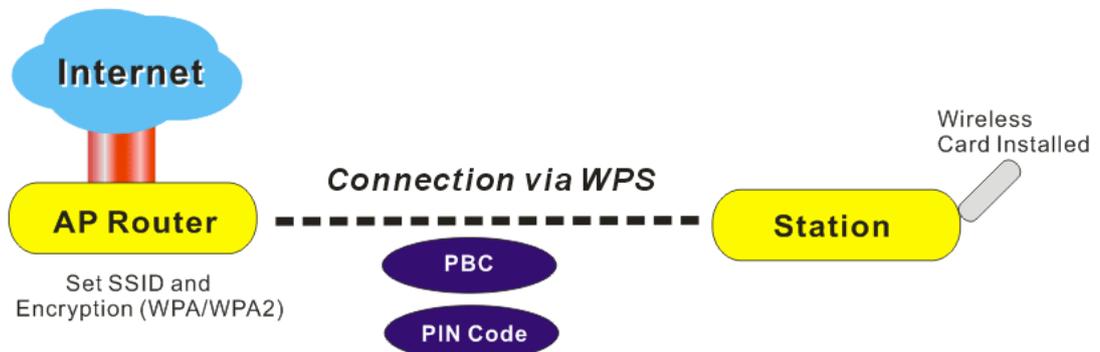
| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Enable Mac Address Filter | Select to enable the MAC Address filter for wireless LAN identified with SSID 1 to 4 respectively. All the clients (expressed by MAC addresses) listed in the box can be grouped under different wireless LAN. For example, they can be grouped under SSID 1 and SSID 2 at the same time if you check SSID 1 and SSID 2. |
| MAC Address Filter | Display all MAC addresses that are edited before. |
| Client's MAC Address | Manually enter the MAC address of wireless client. |
| Apply SSID | After entering the client's MAC address, check the box of the SSIDs desired to insert this MAC address into their access control list. |
| Attribute | s: Isolate the station from LAN - select to isolate the wireless connection of the wireless client of the MAC address from LAN. |
| Add | Add a new MAC address into the list. |
| Delete | Delete the selected MAC address in the list. |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Edit | Edit the selected MAC address in the list. |
| Cancel | Give up the access control set up. |
| OK | Click it to save the access control list. |
| Clear All | Clean all entries in the MAC address list. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.5 WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point (vigor router) with the encryption of WPA and WPA2.

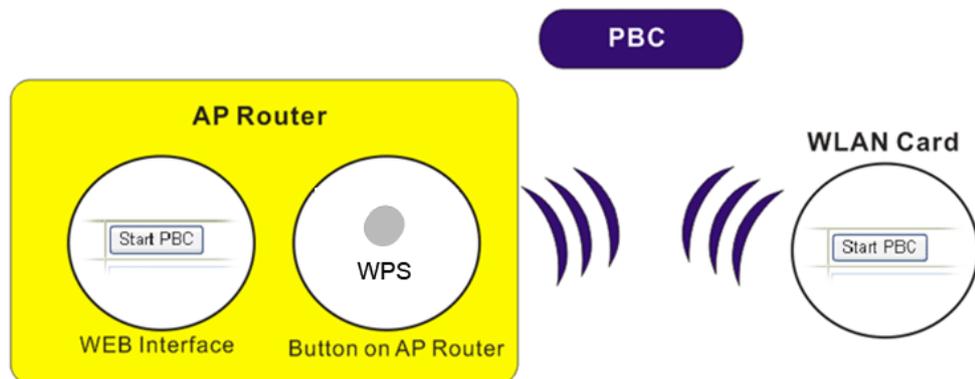


Note: Such function is available for the wireless station with WPS supported.

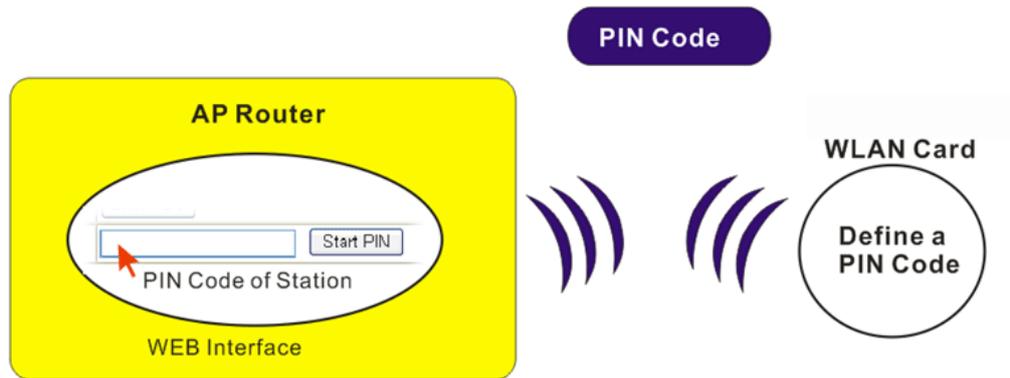
It is the simplest way to build connection between wireless network clients and vigor router. Users do not need to select any encryption mode and type any long encryption passphrase to setup a wireless client every time. He/she only needs to press a button on wireless client, and WPS will connect for client and router automatically.

There are two methods to do network connection through WPS between AP and Stations: pressing the **Start PBC** button or using **PIN Code**.

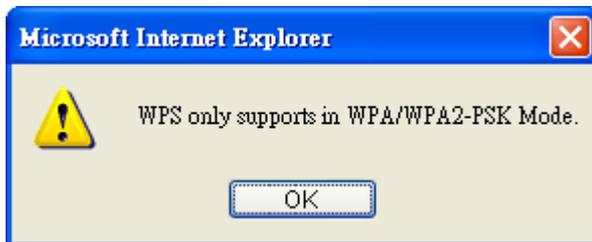
- On the side of Vigor 2110 series which served as an AP, press **WPS** button once on the front panel of the router or click **Start PBC** on web configuration interface. On the side of a station with network card installed, press **Start PBC** button of network card.



- If you want to use PIN code, you have to know the PIN code specified in wireless client. Then provide the PIN code of the wireless client you wish to connect to the vigor router.



For WPS is supported in WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode, if you do not choose such mode in **Wireless LAN>>Security**, you will see the following message box.



Please click **OK** and go back **Wireless LAN>>Security** to choose WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK mode and access WPS again.

Below shows **Wireless LAN>>WPS** web page.

Wireless LAN >> WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

Enable WPS 

Wi-Fi Protected Setup Information

| | |
|----------------------------|------------|
| WPS Status | Configured |
| SSID | DrayTek |
| Authentication Mode | Disable |

Device Configure

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Configure via Push Button | <input type="button" value="Start PBC"/> |
| Configure via Client PinCode | <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Start PIN"/> |

Status: The Authentication Mode is NOT WPA/WPA2 PSK!!

Note: WPS can help your wireless client automatically connect to the Access point.

 : WPS is Disabled.

 : WPS is Enabled.

 : Waiting for WPS requests from wireless clients.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Enable WPS | Check this box to enable WPS setting. |
| WPS Status | Display related system information for WPS. If the wireless |

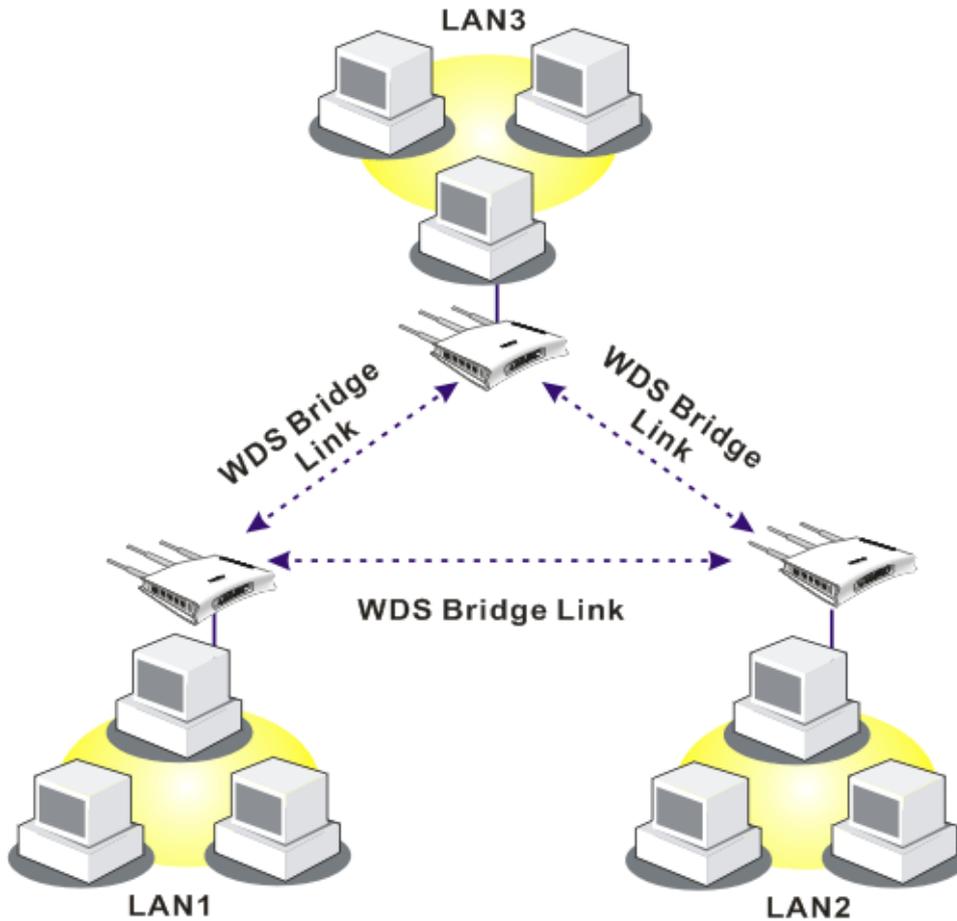
| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| | security (encryption) function of the router is properly configured, you can see 'Configured' message here. |
| SSID | Display the SSID1 of the router. WPS is supported by SSID1 only. |
| Authentication Mode | Display current authentication mode of the router. Only WPA2/PSK and WPA/PSK support WPS. |
| Configure via Push Button | Click Start PBC to invoke Push-Button style WPS setup procedure. The router will wait for WPS requests from wireless clients about two minutes. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes) |
| Configure via Client PinCode | Please input the PIN code specified in wireless client you wish to connect, and click Start PIN button. The WPS LED on the router will blink fast when WPS is in progress. It will return to normal condition after two minutes. (You need to setup WPS within two minutes) |

4.12.6 WDS

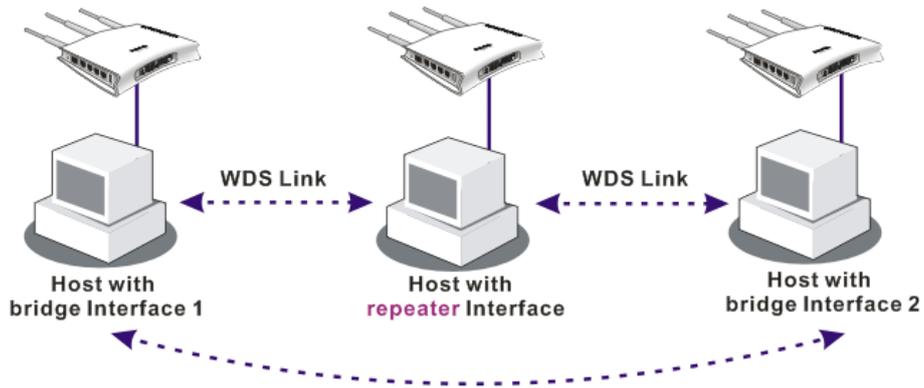
WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points (AP) wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

- Provide bridge traffic between two LANs through the air.
- Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

To meet the above requirement, two WDS modes are implemented in Vigor router. One is **Bridge**, the other is **Repeater**. Below shows the function of WDS-bridge interface:



The application for the WDS-Repeater mode is depicted as below:



The major difference between these two modes is that: while in **Repeater** mode, the packets received from one peer AP can be repeated to another peer AP through WDS links. Yet in **Bridge** mode, packets received from a WDS link will only be forwarded to local wired or wireless hosts. In other words, only Repeater mode can do WDS-to-WDS packet forwarding.

In the following examples, hosts connected to Bridge 1 or 3 can communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 2 through WDS links. However, hosts connected to Bridge 1 CANNOT communicate with hosts connected to Bridge 3 through Bridge 2.



Click **WDS** from **Wireless LAN** menu. The following page will be shown.

WDS Settings
| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

Mode: Disable ▾

Security:

Disable WEP Pre-shared Key

WEP:

Use the same WEP key set in [Security Settings](#).

Pre-shared Key:

Type:

DrayTek WPA WPA WPA2

Key :

Type 8~63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x", for example "cfigs01a2..." or "0x655abcd....".

Bridge

Enable Peer MAC Address

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

Note: Disable unused links to get better performance.

Repeater

Enable Peer MAC Address

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

□ : □ : □ : □ : □ : □

Access Point Function:

Enable Disable

Status:

Send "Hello" message to peers.

Link Status

Note: The status is valid only when the peer also supports this function.

OK
Cancel

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Mode | Choose the mode for WDS setting. Disable mode will not invoke any WDS setting. Bridge mode is designed to fulfill the first type of application. Repeater mode is for the second one. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-top: 5px;"> Disable ▾ Disable Bridge Repeater </div> |
| Security | There are three types for security, Disable , WEP and Pre-shared key . The setting you choose here will make the following WEP or Pre-shared key field valid or not. Choose one of the types for the router. |
| WEP | Check this box to use the same key set in Security Settings page. If you did not set any key in Security Settings page, this check box will be dimmed. |
| Pre-shared Key | Type – There are some types for you to choose. WPA and WPA2 are used for WDS devices (e.g.2920n wireless router, you can set the encryption mode as WPA or WPA2 to establish |

| Item | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| | your WDS system between AP and the router. Key - Type 8 ~ 63 ASCII characters or 64 hexadecimal digits leading by "0x". |
| Bridge | If you choose Bridge as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Yet please disable the unused link to get better performance. If you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing. |
| Repeater | If you choose Repeater as the connecting mode, please type in the peer MAC address in these fields. Four peer MAC addresses are allowed to be entered in this page at one time. Similarly, if you want to invoke the peer MAC address, remember to check Enable box in the front of the MAC address after typing. |
| Access Point Function | Click Enable to make this router serving as an access point; click Disable to cancel this function. |
| Status | It allows user to send "hello" message to peers. Yet, it is valid only when the peer also supports this function. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.7 Advanced Setting

This page allows users to set advanced settings such as operation mode, channel bandwidth, guard interval, and aggregation MSDU for wireless data transmission.

Wireless LAN >> Advanced Setting

HT Physical Mode

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Operation Mode | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Mixed Mode <input type="radio"/> Green Field |
| Channel Bandwidth | <input type="radio"/> 20 <input checked="" type="radio"/> 20/40 |
| Guard Interval | <input type="radio"/> long <input checked="" type="radio"/> auto |
| Aggregation MSDU(A-MSDU) | <input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable |

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| Operation Mode | Mixed Mode – the router can transmit data with the ways supported in both 802.11a/b/g and 802.11n standards. However, the entire wireless transmission will be slowed down if 802.11g or 802.11b wireless client is connected. Green Field – to get the highest throughput, please choose such mode. Such mode can make the data transmission happening between 11n systems only. In addition, it does not have protection mechanism to avoid the conflict with neighboring devices of 802.11a/b/g. |

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| Channel Bandwidth | 20 - the router will use 20Mhz for data transmission and receiving between the AP and the stations. 20/40 – the router will use 20Mhz or 40Mhz for data transmission and receiving according to the station capability. Such channel can increase the performance for data transit. |
| Guard Interval | It is to assure the safety of propagation delays and reflections for the sensitive digital data. If you choose auto as guard interval, the AP router will choose short guard interval (increasing the wireless performance) or long guard interval for data transmit based on the station capability. |
| Aggregation MSDU | Aggregation MSDU can combine frames with different sizes. It is used for improving MAC layer’s performance for some brand’s clients. The default setting is Enable . |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.8 WMM Configuration

WMM is an abbreviation of Wi-Fi Multimedia. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs). The categories are designed with specific types of traffic, voice, video, best effort and low priority data. There are four accessing categories - AC_BE , AC_BK, AC_VI and AC_VO for WMM.

APSD (automatic power-save delivery) is an enhancement over the power-save mechanisms supported by Wi-Fi networks. It allows devices to take more time in sleeping state and consume less power to improve the performance by minimizing transmission latency. Such function is designed for mobile and cordless phones that support VoIP mostly.

Wireless LAN >> WMM Configuration

WMM Configuration [Set to Factory Default](#)

WMM Capable Enable Disable
 APSD Capable Enable Disable

WMM Parameters of Access Point

| | Aifsn | CWMin | CWMax | Txop | ACM | AckPolicy |
|-------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| AC_BE | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="6"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_BK | <input type="text" value="7"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_VI | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="94"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_VO | <input type="text" value="1"/> | <input type="text" value="2"/> | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="47"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

WMM Parameters of Station

| | Aifsn | CWMin | CWMax | Txop | ACM |
|-------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| AC_BE | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_BK | <input type="text" value="7"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="10"/> | <input type="text" value="0"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_VI | <input type="text" value="2"/> | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="4"/> | <input type="text" value="94"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| AC_VO | <input type="text" value="2"/> | <input type="text" value="2"/> | <input type="text" value="3"/> | <input type="text" value="47"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------|---|
| WMM Capable | To apply WMM parameters for wireless data transmission, please click the Enable radio button. |
| APSD Capable | The default setting is Disable . |
| Aifsn | It controls how long the client waits for each data transmission. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Such parameter will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. For the service of voice or video image, please set small value for AC_VI and AC_VO categories For the service of e-mail or web browsing, please set large value for AC_BE and AC_BK categories. |
| CWMin/CWMax | CWMin means contention Window-Min and CWMax means contention Window-Max. Please specify the value ranging from 1 to 15. Be aware that CWMax value must be greater than CWMin or equals to CWMin value. Both values will influence the time delay for WMM accessing categories. The difference between AC_VI and AC_VO categories must be smaller; however, the difference between AC_BE and AC_BK categories must be greater. |
| Txop | It means transmission opportunity. For WMM categories of AC_VI and AC_VO that need higher priorities in data transmission, please set greater value for them to get highest transmission opportunity. Specify the value ranging from 0 to 65535. |
| ACM | It is an abbreviation of Admission control Mandatory. It can restrict stations from using specific category class if it is checked. Note: Vigor router provides standard WMM configuration in the web page. If you want to modify the parameters, please refer to the Wi-Fi WMM standard specification. |
| AckPolicy | “Uncheck” (default value) the box means the AP router will answer the response request while transmitting WMM packets through wireless connection. It can assure that the peer must receive the WMM packets. “Check” the box means the AP router will not answer any response request for the transmitting packets. It will have better performance with lower reliability. |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.12.9 AP Discovery

Vigor router can scan all regulatory channels and find working APs in the neighborhood. Based on the scanning result, users will know which channel is clean for usage. Also, it can be used to facilitate finding an AP for a WDS link. Notice that during the scanning process (about 5 seconds), no client is allowed to connect to Vigor.

This page is used to scan the existence of the APs on the wireless LAN. Yet, only the AP which is in the same channel of this router can be found. Please click **Scan** to discover all the connected APs.

Wireless LAN >> Access Point Discovery

Access Point List

| BSSID | Channel | SSID |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------|
| | | |
| <input type="button" value="Scan"/> | | |

See [Statistics](#).

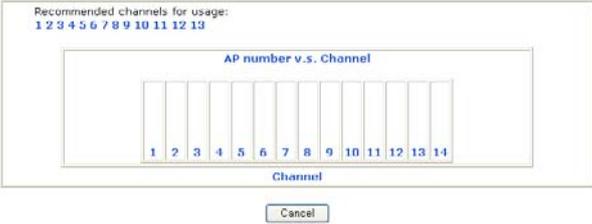
Note: During the scanning process (~5 seconds), no station is allowed to connect with the router.

Add to WDS Settings :

AP's MAC address : : : : :

 Bridge Repeater

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Scan | It is used to discover all the connected AP. The results will be shown on the box above this button. |
| Statistics | <p>It displays the statistics for the channels used by APs.</p> <p>Wireless LAN >> Site Survey Statistics</p>  |
| Add to | If you want the found AP applying the WDS settings, please type in the AP's MAC address on the bottom of the page and click Bridge or Repeater. Next, click Add to . Later, the MAC address of the AP will be added to Bridge or Repeater field of WDS settings page. |

4.12.10 Station List

Station List provides the knowledge of connecting wireless clients now along with its status code. There is a code summary below for explanation. For convenient **Access Control**, you can select a WLAN station and click **Add to Access Control** below.

[Wireless LAN >> Station List](#)

Station List

| Status | MAC Address | Associated with |
|--------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | |

Status Codes :
C: Connected, No encryption.
E: Connected, WEP.
P: Connected, WPA.
A: Connected, WPA2.
B: Blocked by Access Control.
N: Connecting.
F: Fail to pass WPA/PSK authentication.

Note: After a station connects to the router successfully, it may be turned off without notice. In that case, it will still be on the list until the connection expires.

Add to [Access Control](#) :

Client's MAC address : : : : :

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------|---|
| Refresh | Click this button to refresh the status of station list. |
| Add | Click this button to add current typed MAC address into Access Control . |

4.13 USB Application

USB diskette can be regarded as a server. By way of Vigor router, clients on LAN can access, write and read data stored in USB diskette. After setting the configuration in **USB Application**, you can type the IP address of the Vigor router and username/password created in **USB Application>>USB User Management** on the client software. Thus, the client can use the FTP site (USB diskette) or share the Samba service through Vigor router.



4.13.1 USB General Settings

This page will determine the number of concurrent FTP connection, default charset for FTP server and enable Samba service. At present, the Vigor router can support USB diskette with versions of FAT16 and FAT32 only. Therefore, before connecting the USB diskette into the Vigor router, please make sure the memory format for the USB diskette is FAT16 or FAT32. It is recommended for you to use FAT32 for viewing the filename completely (FAT16 cannot support long filename).

[USB Application >> USB General Settings](#)

USB General Settings

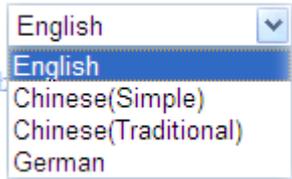
| | |
|---|--|
| General Settings | |
| Simultaneous FTP Connections | <input type="text" value="5"/> (Maximum 6) |
| Default Charset | <input type="text" value="English"/> |
| Samba Service Settings(Network Neighborhood) | |
| <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable | |
| Access Mode | |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> LAN Only <input type="radio"/> LAN And WAN | |
| NetBios Name Service | |
| Workgroup Name | <input type="text" value="WORKGROUP"/> |
| Host Name | <input type="text" value="Vigor"/> |

- Note:**
1. If Charset is set to "English", only English long file name is supported.
 2. Multi-session ftp download will be banned by Router FTP server. If your ftp client have multi-connection mechanism, such as FileZilla, you may limit client connections setting to 1 to get better performance.
 3. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name and the host name can have as many as 15 characters and a host name can have as many as 23 characters , but both cannot contain any of the following: . ; : " < > * + = / \ | ?.

OK

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| General Settings | <p>Simultaneous FTP Connections - This field is used to specify the quantity of the FTP sessions. The router allows up to 6 FTP sessions connecting to USB storage disk at one time.</p> <p>Default Charset - Vigor router supports four types of</p> |

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | character sets. Default Charset is for English based file name.  |
| Samba Service Settings | Click Enable to invoke samba service via the router. |
| Access Mode | <p>LAN Only – Users coming from internet cannot connect to the samba server of the router.</p> <p>LAN And WAN - Both LAN and WAN users can access samba server of the router.</p> |
| NetBios Name Service | <p>For the NetBios service of USB storage disk, you have to specify a workgroup name and a host name. A workgroup name must not be the same as the host name. The workgroup name can have as many as 15 characters and the host name can have as many as 23 characters. Both them cannot contain any of the following--- ; : " < > * + = \ ?.</p> <p>Workgroup Name – Type a name for the workgroup.</p> <p>Host Name – Type the host name for the router.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.13.2 USB User Management

This page allows you to set profiles for FTP users. Any user who wants to access into the USB disk must type the same username and password configured in this page. Before adding or modifying settings in this page, please insert a USB disk first. Otherwise, an error message will appear to warn you.

[USB Application >> USB User Management](#)

| USB User Management | | | Set to Factory Default | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|
| Index | Username | Home Folder | Index | Username | Home Folder |
| 1. | | | 9. | | |
| 2. | | | 10. | | |
| 3. | | | 11. | | |
| 4. | | | 12. | | |
| 5. | | | 13. | | |
| 6. | | | 14. | | |
| 7. | | | 15. | | |
| 8. | | | 16. | | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Index | Display the number link of the profile. |

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Username | Display the name that FTP/Samba users will use for accessing into FTP/Samba server. |
| Home Folder | Display the home folder of this entry. |
| Set to Factory Default | Click it to clear all profiles settings. |

To create an account for FTP user:

1. Click any index number to access into configuration page.

[USB Application >> USB User Management](#)

USB User Management

| Index | Username | Home Folder |
|--------------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. | | |
| 2. | | |
| 3. | | |

2. The following web page will appear.

[USB Application >> USB User Management](#)

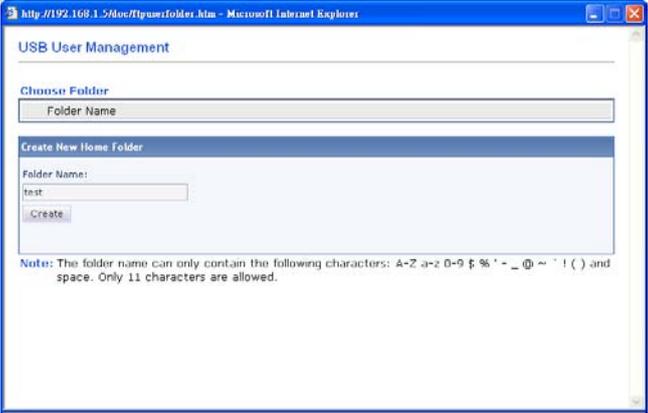
Profile Index: 1

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| FTP/Samba User | <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="text"/> (Maximum 11 Characters) |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Home Folder | <input type="text"/> |
| Access Rule | |
| File | <input type="checkbox"/> Read <input type="checkbox"/> Write <input type="checkbox"/> Delete |
| Directory | <input type="checkbox"/> List <input type="checkbox"/> Create <input type="checkbox"/> Remove |

Note: The folder name can only contain the following characters: A-Z a-z 0-9 \$ % ' - _ @ ~ ` ! () / and space.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| FTP/Samba User | <p>Enable – Click this button to activate this profile (account) for FTP service or Samba User service. Later, the user can use the username specified in this page to login into FTP server.</p> <p>Disable – Click this button to disable such profile.</p> |
| Username | <p>Type the username for FTP users for accessing into FTP server (USB disk). Be aware that users cannot access into USB disk in anonymity. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the username specified here for accessing into USB storage disk.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Note: “Admin” could not be typed here as username, for the word is specified for accessing into web pages of Vigor router only. Also, it is reserved for FTP firmware upgrade usage.</p> </div> |

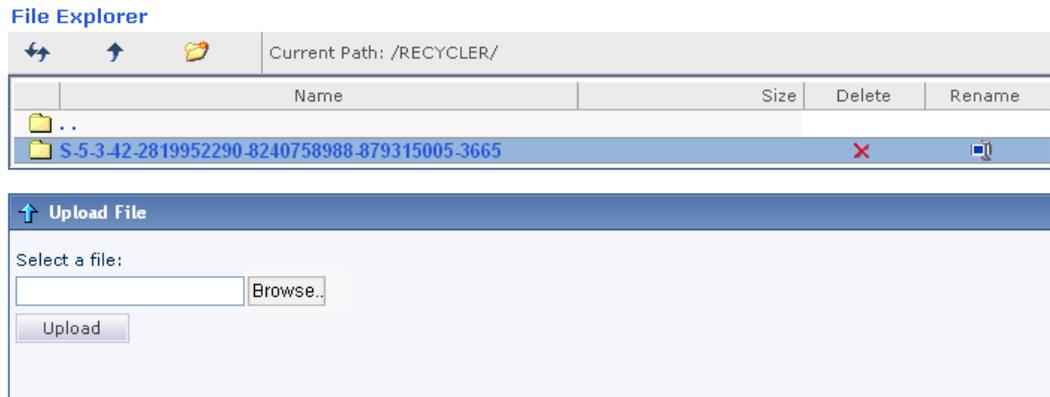
| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Password | Type the password for FTP/Samba users for accessing FTP server. Later, you can open FTP client software and type the password specified here for accessing into USB storage disk. |
| Confirm Password | Type the password again to make confirmation. |
| Home Folder | <p>It determines the range for the client to access into. The user can enter a directory name in this field. Then, after clicking OK, the router will create the specific/new folder in the USB diskette. In addition, if the user types “/” here, he/she can access into all of the disk folders and files in USB diskette.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p>Note: When write protect status for the USB disk is ON, you cannot type any new folder name in this field. Only “/” can be used in such case.</p> </div> <p>You can click  to open the following dialog to add any new folder which can be specified as the Home Folder.</p>  |
| Access Rule | <p>It determines the authority for such profile. Any user, who uses such profile for accessing into USB storage disk, must follow the rule specified here.</p> <p>File – Check the items (Read, Write and Delete) for such profile.</p> <p>Directory –Check the items (List, Create and Remove) for such profile.</p> |

3. Before you click **OK**, you have to insert a USB disk into the USB interface of the Vigor router. Otherwise, you cannot save the configuration.

4.13.3 File Explorer

To review the content of USB diskette via USB port of the router, please open USB Application Explorer to browse the files.

[USB Application >> File Explorer](#)



Note: The folder can not be deleted when it is not empty.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|--|
|  Refresh | Click this icon to refresh files list. |
|  Back | Click this icon to return to the upper directory. |
|  Create | Click this icon to add a new folder. |
| Current Path | Display current folder. |
| Upload | Click this button to upload the selected file to the USB storage disk. The uploaded file in the USB storage disk can be shared for other user through FTP. |

4.13.4 Disk Status

This page is to monitor the status for the FTP users who accessing into FTP server (USB disk) via the Vigor router.

[USB Application >> USB Disk Status](#)

USB Mass Storage Device Status

| | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Connection Status: No Disk Connected | Disconnect USB Disk |
| Disk Capacity: 0 MB | |
| Free Capacity: 0 MB Refresh | |
| USB Disk Users Connected Refresh | |
| Index | Service |
| IP Address(Port) | Username |

Note: If the write protect switch of USB disk is turned on, the USB disk is in **READ-ONLY** mode.No data can be written to it.

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Connection Status | If there is no USB disk connected to Vigor router, “ No Disk Connected ” will be shown here. Once the USB disk has been found, the connection status will display “ Disk Connected ”. Disconnect USB Disk – click this button to disconnect the USB disk with the router. |
| Write Protect Status | If the USB cannot be written with any files, this field will display YES. |
| Disk Capacity | It displays the total capacity of the USB disk. |
| Free Capacity | It displays the free space of the USB disk. Click Refresh at any time to get new status for free capacity. |
| Index | It displays the number of the client which connecting to FTP server. |
| Service | It displays the service that such USB disk will serve. |
| IP Address | It displays the IP address of the user’s host which connecting to the FTP server. |
| Username | It displays the username that user uses to login to the FTP server. |

When you insert USB disk into the Vigor router, the system will start to find out such device within several seconds.

4.14 System Maintenance

For the system setup, there are several items that you have to know the way of configuration: Status, Administrator Password, User Password, Login Page Greeting, Configuration Backup, Syslog, Time and Date setup, Management, Reboot System, Firmware Upgrade and Activate.

Below shows the menu items for System Maintenance.



4.14.1 System Status

The **System Status** provides basic network settings of Vigor router. It includes LAN and WAN interface information. Also, you could get the current running firmware version or firmware related information from this presentation.

System Status

Model Name : Vigor2110Vn
 Firmware Version : 3.6.3
 Build Date/Time : Nov 2 2012 15:19:58

| LAN | | | | WAN 1 | |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F8 | | | Link Status | : Disconnected |
| 1st IP Address | : 192.168.1.5 | | | MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F9 |
| 1st Subnet Mask | : 255.255.255.0 | | | Connection | : Static IP |
| DHCP Server | : Yes | | | IP Address | : 172.16.3.103 |
| DNS | : 168.95.1.1 | | | Default Gateway | : 172.16.1.1 |

| VoIP | | | | Wireless LAN | |
|--------|---------|------|--------|------------------|---------------------|
| Port | Profile | Reg. | In/Out | MAC Address | : 00-50-7F-A3-D3-F8 |
| Phone1 | Wizard1 | No | 0/0 | Frequency Domain | : FCC |
| Phone2 | Wizard1 | No | 0/0 | Firmware Version | : 2.3.2.0 |
| | | | | SSID | : DrayTek |

ONLY Phone 2 can access the PSTN line during power failure.

| IPv6 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Address | Scope | Internet Access Mode |
| LAN FE80::250:7FFF:FEA3:D3F8/64 | Link | --- |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Model Name | Display the model name of the router. |

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Firmware Version | Display the firmware version of the router. |
| Build Date/Time | Display the date and time of the current firmware build. |
| LAN | <p>MAC Address - Display the MAC address of the LAN Interface.</p> <p>IP Address - Display the IP address of the LAN interface.</p> <p>Subnet Mask - Display the subnet mask address of the LAN interface.</p> <p>DHCP Server - Display the current status of DHCP server of the LAN interface</p> <p>DNS - Display the assigned IP address of the primary DNS.</p> |
| WAN | <p>Link Status - Display current connection status.</p> <p>MAC Address - Display the MAC address of the WAN Interface.</p> <p>Connection - Display the connection type.</p> <p>IP Address - Display the IP address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Default Gateway - Display the assigned IP address of the default gateway.</p> |
| VoIP | <p>Profile - Display the VoIP profile for the phone port.</p> <p>In/Out - Display the number of incoming /outgoing phone call.</p> |
| Wireless LAN | <p>MAC Address - Display the MAC address of the wireless LAN.</p> <p>Frequency Domain - It can be Europe (13 usable channels), USA (11 usable channels) etc. The available channels supported by the wireless products in different countries are various.</p> <p>Firmware Version - It indicates information about equipped WLAN miniPCi card. This also helps to provide availability of some features that are bound with some WLAN miniPCi.</p> <p>SSID - Display the SSID of the router.</p> |
| IPv6 | <p>Address - Display the IPv6 address for LAN.</p> <p>Scope - Display the scope of IPv6 address. For example, IPv6 Link Local could only be used for direct IPv6 link. It can't be used for IPv6 internet.</p> <p>Internet Access Mode – Display the connection mode chosen for accessing into Internet.</p> |

4.14.2 TR-069

This device supports TR-069 standard. It is very convenient for an administrator to manage a TR-069 device through an Auto Configuration Server, e.g., VigorACS.

[System Maintenance >> TR-069 Setting](#)

ACS and CPE Settings

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| ACS Server On | Internet ▼ |
| ACS Server | |
| URL | <input type="text"/> |
| Username | <input type="text"/> |
| Password | <input type="password"/> |
| CPE Client | |
| <input type="radio"/> Enable | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable |
| URL | <input type="text" value="http://172.16.3.102:8069/cwm/CRN.html"/> |
| Port | <input type="text" value="8069"/> |
| Username | <input type="text" value="vigor"/> |
| Password | <input type="password"/> |

Periodic Inform Settings

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Disable | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable |
| Interval Time | <input type="text" value="900"/> second(s) |

STUN Settings

| | |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable | <input type="radio"/> Enable |
| Server Address | <input type="text"/> |
| Server Port | <input type="text" value="3478"/> |
| Minimum Keep Alive Period | <input type="text" value="60"/> second(s) |
| Maximum Keep Alive Period | <input type="text" value="-1"/> second(s) |

Available parameters are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| ACS Server On | Choose the interface for the router connecting to ACS server. |
| ACS Server | URL/Username/Password – Such data must be typed according to the ACS (Auto Configuration Server) you want to link. Please refer to Auto Configuration Server user's manual for detailed information. |
| CPE Client | Such information is useful for Auto Configuration Server. Enable/Disable – Allow/Deny the CPE Client to connect with Auto Configuration Server. Port – Sometimes, port conflict might be occurred. To solve such problem, you might change port number for CPE. |
| Periodic Inform Settings | The default setting is Enable . Please set interval time or schedule time for the router to send notification to CPE. Or |

| Item | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| | click Disable to close the mechanism of notification. |
| STUN Settings | <p>The default is Disable. If you click Enable, please type the relational settings listed below:</p> <p>Server IP – Type the IP address of the STUN server.</p> <p>Server Port – Type the port number of the STUN server.</p> <p>Minimum Keep Alive Period – If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the minimum period. The default setting is “60 seconds”.</p> <p>Maximum Keep Alive Period – If STUN is enabled, the CPE must send binding request to the server for the purpose of maintaining the binding in the Gateway. Please type a number as the maximum period. A value of “-1” indicates that no maximum period is specified.</p> |

After finishing all the settings here, please click **OK** to save the configuration.

4.14.3 Administrator Password

This page allows you to set new password.

[System Maintenance >> Administrator Password Setup](#)

Administrator Password

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Old Password | <input type="text"/> |
| New Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |

Note: Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

Available parameters are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|---|
| Old Password | Type in the old password. The factory default setting for password is “ admin ”. |
| New Password | Type in new password in this field. |
| Confirm Password | Type in the new password again. |

When you click **OK**, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web configurator again.

4.14.4 User Password

Sometimes, you may want to access into User Mode to configure the web settings for some reason. Vigor router allows you to set new user password to login into the WUI to fit your request. Simply open **System Maintenance>>User Password**.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password

| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Password | <input type="text"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="text"/> |

Note:Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

OK

Available parameters are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--|---|
| Enable User Mode for simple web configuration | Check this box to enable user mode operation. If you do not check this box, you cannot access into the user mode operation even if you enter user password in login page. |
| Password | Type in new password in this field. |
| Confirm Password | Type in the new password again. |

When you click **OK**, the login window will appear. Please use the new password to access into the web configurator again.

Below shows an example for accessing into User Operation with User Password.

1. Open **System Maintenance>>User Password**.
2. Check the box of **Enable User Mode for simple web configuration** to enable user mode operation. Type a new password in the field of New Password and click **OK**.

System Maintenance >> User Password

Enable User Mode for simple web configuration

User Password

| [Set to Factory Default](#) |

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| Password | <input type="password"/> |
| Confirm Password | <input type="password"/> |

Note:Password can contain only a-z A-Z 0-9 , ; : " < > * + = \ | ? @ # ^ ! ()

OK

3. The following screen will appear.

[System Maintenance >> User Password](#)

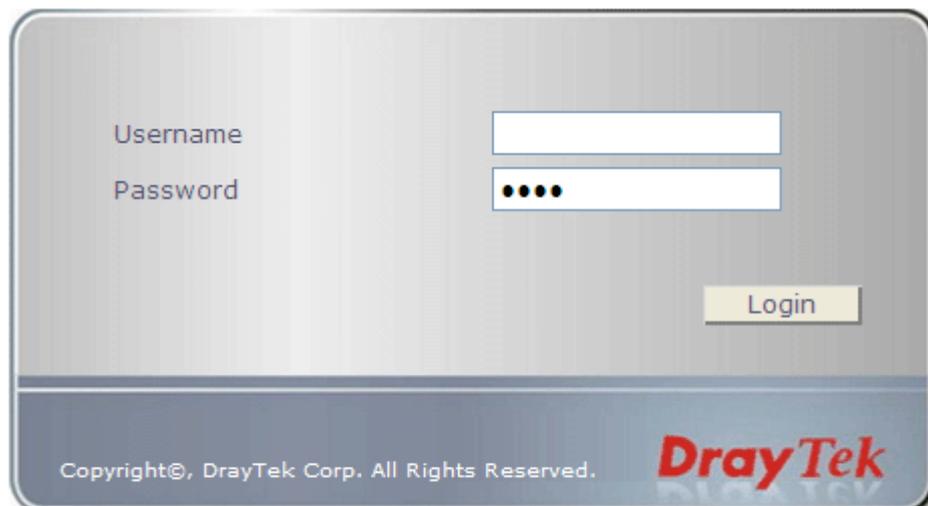
Active Configuration

| | |
|----------|---------|
| Password | : ***** |
|----------|---------|

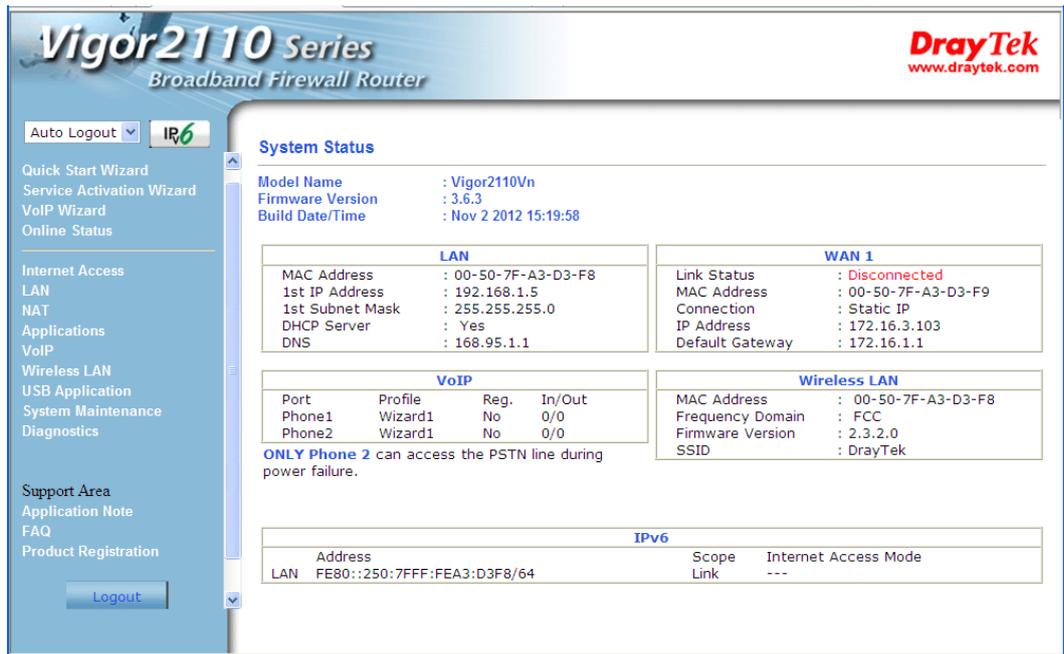
4. Log out Vigor router Web Configurator by clicking **Logout**.



5. The following window will be open to ask for username and password. It is no need to type any username. Simply type the new user password in the field of **Password** and click **Login**.

A screenshot of a login window with a grey background. It features two input fields: "Username" and "Password". The "Password" field contains five black dots. A "Login" button is located to the right of the "Password" field. At the bottom, there is a dark blue footer with the text "Copyright©, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved." and the "DrayTek" logo in red.

6. The main screen with User Mode will be shown as follows.



Settings to be configured in User Mode will be less than settings in Admin Mode. Only basic configuration settings will be available in User Mode.

4.14.5 Login Page Greeting

When you want to access into the web configurator of Vigor router, the system will ask you to offer username and password first. At that moment, the background of the web page is blank and no heading will be displayed on the Login window. This page allows you to specify background message and the heading on the Login window if you have such requirement.

System Maintenance >> Login Page Greeting

Login Page Greeting

Enable

Login Page Title: (31 char max.)

Welcome Message and Bulletin (Max 511 characters) [Preview](#) | [Set to Factory Default](#) |

```
<h1><b><font color=red>Welcome Message</font></b></h1><p>This welcome message is displayed in the Login page of the router. Replace this text with your own message. </p><ol><li>The welcome message can be written in HTML so lists such as this one can be created </li><li>Other markup tags such as p, font or img can be used</li></ol>
```

Examples of Welcome Message and Bulletin:

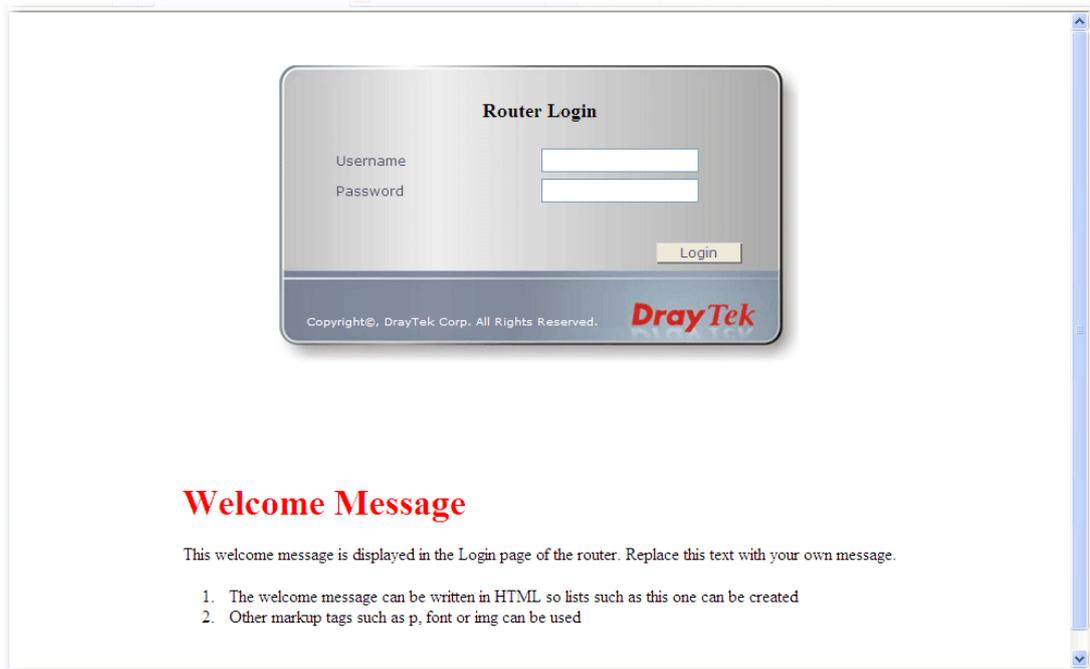
```
<h1><b><font color=red>Welcome Message</font></b></h1>
<p>Message</p>
```

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------|--|
| Enable | Check this box to enable the login customization function. |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Login Page Title | Type a brief description (e.g., Welcome to DrayTek) which will be shown on the heading of the login dialog. |
| Welcome Message and Bulletin | Type words or sentences here. It will be displayed for bulletin message. In addition, it can be displayed on the login dialog at the bottom. Note that do not type URL redirect link here. |
| Preview | Click it to display the preview of the login window based on the settings on this web page. |
| Set to Factory Default | Click to return to the factory default setting. |

Below shows an example of login customization with the information typed in **Login Page Title** and **Bulletin**.



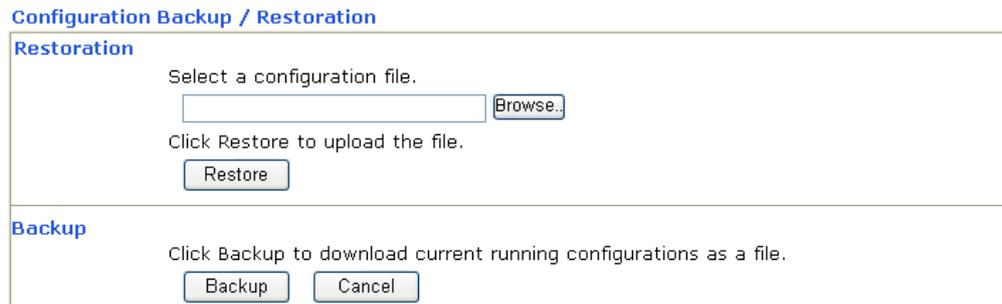
4.14.6 Configuration Backup

Backup the Configuration

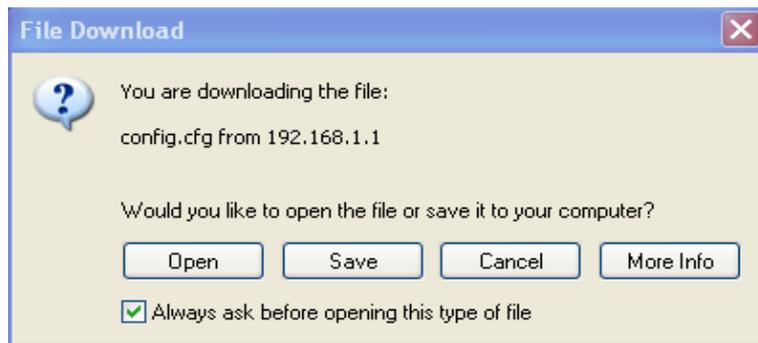
Follow the steps below to backup your configuration.

1. Go to **System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.

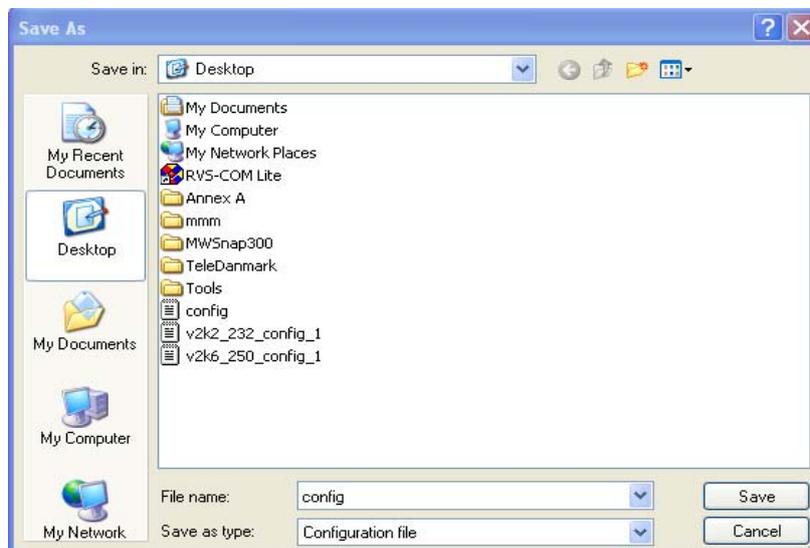
System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup



2. Click **Backup** button to get into the following dialog. Click **Save** button to open another dialog for saving configuration as a file.



3. In **Save As** dialog, the default filename is **config.cfg**. You could give it another name by yourself.



4. Click **Save** button, the configuration will download automatically to your computer as a file named **config.cfg**.

The above example is using **Windows** platform for demonstrating examples. The **Mac** or **Linux** platform will appear different windows, but the backup function is still available.

Note: Backup for Certification must be done independently. The Configuration Backup does not include information of Certificate.

Restore Configuration

1. Go to **System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup**. The following windows will be popped-up, as shown below.

[System Maintenance >> Configuration Backup](#)

Configuration Backup / Restoration

Restoration

Select a configuration file.

Click Restore to upload the file.

Backup

Click Backup to download current running configurations as a file.

2. Click **Browse** button to choose the correct configuration file for uploading to the router.
3. Click **Restore** button and wait for few seconds, the following picture will tell you that the restoration procedure is successful.

4.14.7 Syslog/Mail Alert

SysLog function is provided for users to monitor router. There is no bother to directly get into the Web Configurator of the router or borrow debug equipments.

[System Maintenance >> SysLog / Mail Alert Setup](#)

SysLog / Mail Alert Setup

| SysLog Access Setup | Mail Alert Setup |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Syslog Save to: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Syslog Server <input type="checkbox"/> USB Disk Router Name <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Server IP Address <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Destination Port <input style="width: 50%;" type="text" value="514"/> Mail Syslog <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Enable syslog message: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Firewall Log <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VPN Log <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Access Log <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Call Log <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> WAN Log <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Router/DSL information | <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Send a test e-mail SMTP Server <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> SMTP Port <input style="width: 50%;" type="text" value="25"/> Mail To <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Return-Path <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Authentication User Name <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Password <input style="width: 100%;" type="text"/> Enable E-Mail Alert: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DoS Attack <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IM-P2P <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VPN LOG |

Note: 1. Mail Syslog cannot be activated unless USB Disk is ticked for "Syslog Save to".
 2. Mail Syslog feature sends a Syslog file when its size reaches 1M Bytes.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| SysLog Access Setup | <p>Enable - Check Enable to activate function of syslog.</p> <p>Syslog Save to – Check Syslog Server to save the log to Syslog server.</p> <p>Check USB Disk to save the log to the attached USB storage disk.</p> |
| Router Name | <p>Display the name for such router configured in System Maintenance>>Management.</p> <p>If there is no name here, simply lick the link to access into System Maintenance>>Management to set the router name.</p> <p>Server IP Address -The IP address of the Syslog server.</p> <p>Destination Port - Assign a port for the Syslog protocol.</p> <p>Mail Syslog – Check the box to recode the mail event on Syslog.</p> <p>Enable syslog message - Check the box listed on this web page to send the corresponding message of firewall, VPN, User Access, Call, WAN, Router/DSL information to Syslog.</p> |
| Mail Alert Setup | <p>Check “Enable” to activate function of mail alert.</p> <p>Send a test e-mail - Make a simple test for the e-mail address specified in this page. Please assign the mail address first and click this button to execute a test for verify the mail address is</p> |

available or not.

SMTP Server - The IP address of the SMTP server.

Mail To - Assign a mail address for sending mails out.

Return-Path - Assign a path for receiving the mail from outside.

Authentication - Check this box to activate this function while using e-mail application.

User Name - Type the user name for authentication.

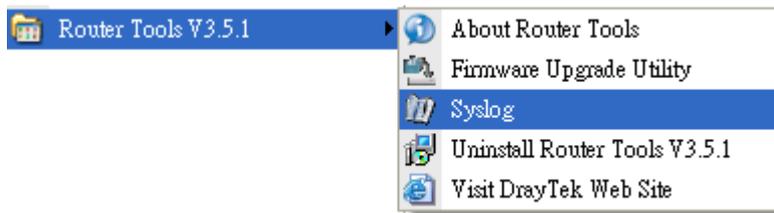
Password - Type the password for authentication.

Enable E-mail Alert - Check the box to send alert message to the e-mail box while the router detecting the item(s) you specify here.

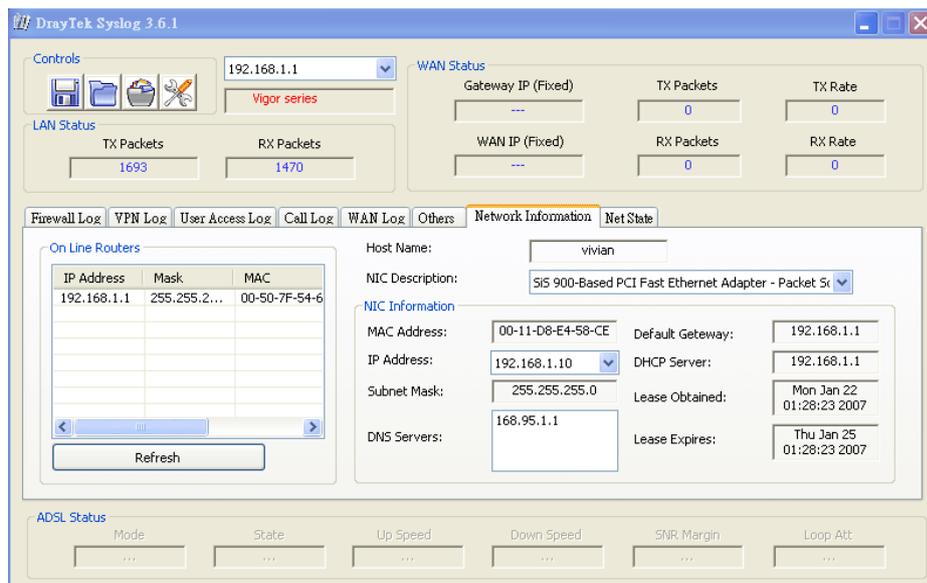
Click **OK** to save these settings.

For viewing the Syslog, please do the following:

1. Just set your monitor PC's IP address in the field of Server IP Address.
2. Install the Router Tools in the **Utility** within provided CD. After installation, click on the **Router Tools>>Syslog** from program menu.



3. From the Syslog screen, select the router you want to monitor. Be reminded that in **Network Information**, select the network adapter used to connect to the router. Otherwise, you won't succeed in retrieving information from the router.



4.14.8 Time and Date

It allows you to specify where the time of the router should be inquired from.

[System Maintenance >> Time and Date](#)

Time Information

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---|
| Current System Time | <input type="text" value="2000 Jan 2 Sun 3 : 31 : 21"/> | <input type="button" value="Inquire Time"/> |
|---------------------|---|---|

Time Setup

| | |
|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Use Browser Time | |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Use Internet Time Client | |
| Server IP Address | <input type="text" value="pool.ntp.org"/> |
| Time Zone | <input type="text" value="(GMT) Greenwich Mean Time : Dublin"/> |
| Enable Daylight Saving | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Automatically Update Interval | <input type="text" value="30 min"/> |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Current System Time | Click Inquire Time to get the current time. |
| Use Browser Time | Select this option to use the browser time from the remote administrator PC host as router's system time. |
| Use Internet Time | Select to inquire time information from Time Server on the Internet using assigned protocol. |
| Time Protocol | Select a time protocol. |
| Server IP Address | Type the IP address of the time server. |
| Time Zone | Select the time zone where the router is located. |
| Enable Daylight Saving | Check the box to enable the daylight saving. Such feature is available for certain area. |
| Automatically Update Interval | Select a time interval for updating from the NTP server. |

Click **OK** to save these settings.

4.14.9 Management

This page allows you to manage the settings for access control, access list, port setup, and SMP setup. For example, as to management access control, the port number is used to send/receive SIP message for building a session.

The management pages for IPv4 and IPv6 protocols are different.

For IPv4

[System Maintenance >> Management](#)

| IPv4 Management Setup | IPv6 Management Setup | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| Router Name <input type="text"/> <hr/> Management Access Control <input type="checkbox"/> Allow management from the Internet <input type="checkbox"/> FTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTP Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HTTPS Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telnet Server <input type="checkbox"/> SSH Server <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disable PING from the Internet <hr/> Access List <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>List</th> <th>IP</th> <th>Subnet Mask</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td><input type="text"/></td> <td><input type="text"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | List | IP | Subnet Mask | 1 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | 2 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | 3 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | Management Port Setup <input checked="" type="radio"/> User Define Ports <input type="radio"/> Default Ports Telnet Port <input type="text" value="23"/> (Default: 23) HTTP Port <input type="text" value="80"/> (Default: 80) HTTPS Port <input type="text" value="443"/> (Default: 443) FTP Port <input type="text" value="21"/> (Default: 21) SSH Port <input type="text" value="22"/> (Default: 22) <hr/> SNMP Setup <input type="checkbox"/> Enable SNMP Agent Get Community <input type="text" value="public"/> Set Community <input type="text" value="private"/> Manager Host IP <input type="text"/> Trap Community <input type="text" value="public"/> Notification Host IP <input type="text"/> Trap Timeout <input type="text" value="10"/> seconds |
| List | IP | Subnet Mask | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="button" value="OK"/> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Router Name | Type in the router name provided by ISP. |
| Management Access Control | <p>Allow management from the Internet - Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.</p> <p>Disable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to reject all PING packets from the Internet. For security issue, this function is enabled by default.</p> |
| Access List | <p>You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed.</p> <p>List IP - Indicate an IP address allowed to login to the router.</p> <p>Subnet Mask - Represent a subnet mask allowed to login to</p> |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| | the router. |
| Management Port Setup | <p>User Defined Ports - Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet, HTTP and FTP servers.</p> <p>Default Ports - Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.</p> |
| SNMP Setup | <p>Enable SNMP Agent - Check it to enable this function.</p> <p>Get Community - Set the name for getting community by typing a proper character. The default setting is public.</p> <p>Set Community - Set community by typing a proper name. The default setting is private.</p> <p>Manager Host IP - Set one host as the manager to execute SNMP function. Please type in IP address to specify certain host.</p> <p>Trap Community - Set trap community by typing a proper name. The default setting is public.</p> <p>Notification Host IP - Set the IP address of the host that will receive the trap community.</p> <p>Trap Timeout - The default setting is 10 seconds.</p> |

Click **OK** to save these settings.

For IPv6

[System Maintenance >> Management](#)

IPv4 Management Setup
IPv6 Management Setup

Management Access Control

Allow management from the Internet

Telnet Server (Port : 23)

HTTP Server (Port : 80)

Enable PING from the Internet

Access List

| List | IPv6 Address / Prefix Length |
|------|--|
| 1. | <input style="width: 150px;" type="text"/> / <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="128"/> |
| 2. | <input style="width: 150px;" type="text"/> / <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="128"/> |
| 3. | <input style="width: 150px;" type="text"/> / <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="128"/> |

Note : Telnet / Http server port is the same as IPv4.

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Management Access Control | <p>Enable the checkbox to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. There are several servers provided by the system to allow you managing the router from Internet. Check the box(es) to specify.</p> <p>Enable PING from the Internet - Check the checkbox to enable all PING packets from the Internet. For security</p> |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| | issue, this function is disabled by default. |
| Access List | You could specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks is allowed. IPv6 Address /Prefix Length- Indicate the IP address(es) allowed to login to the router. |

Click **OK** to save these settings.

4.14.10 Reboot System

The Web Configurator may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** from **System Maintenance** to open the following page.

[System Maintenance >> Reboot System](#)

Reboot System

Do you want to reboot your router ?

Using current configuration
 Using factory default configuration

Auto Reboot Time Schedule

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup: , , ,

Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

If you want to reboot the router using the current configuration, check **Using current configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. To reset the router settings to default values, check **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. The router will take 5 seconds to reboot the system.

In addition, you can enter the index of schedule profiles to reboot your system according to the preconfigured schedules. When you finish the reboot time schedule, please click **OK** to save it. For detailed configuration of time schedule, please refer to section **Schedule**.

Note: When the system pops up Reboot System web page after you configure web settings, please click **Reboot Now** to reboot your router for ensuring normal operation and preventing unexpected errors of the router in the future.

4.14.11 Firmware Upgrade

Before upgrading your router firmware, you need to install the Router Tools. The **Firmware Upgrade Utility** is included in the tools. The following web page will guide you to upgrade firmware by using an example. Note that this example is running over Windows OS (Operating System).

Download the newest firmware from DrayTek's web site or FTP site. The DrayTek web site is www.draytek.com (or local DrayTek's web site) and FTP site is [ftp.draytek.com](ftp://ftp.draytek.com).

Click **System Maintenance>> Firmware Upgrade** to launch the Firmware Upgrade Utility.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

Web Firmware Upgrade

Select a firmware file.

Click Upgrade to upload the file.

TFTP Firmware Upgrade from LAN

Current Firmware Version: 3.6.3

Firmware Upgrade Procedures:

1. Click "OK" to start the TFTP server.
2. Open the Firmware Upgrade Utility or other 3-party TFTP client software.
3. Check that the firmware filename is correct.
4. Click "Upgrade" on the Firmware Upgrade Utility to start the upgrade.
5. After the upgrade is complete, the TFTP server will automatically stop running.

Do you want to upgrade firmware ?

Click **OK**. The following screen will appear. Please execute the firmware upgrade utility first.

System Maintenance >> Firmware Upgrade

 TFTP server is running. Please execute a Firmware Upgrade Utility software to upgrade router's firmware. This server will be closed by itself when the firmware upgrading finished.

4.14.12 Activation

There are three ways to activate WCF on vigor router, using **Service Activation Wizard**, by means of **CSM>>Web Content Filter Profile** or via **System Maintenance>>Activation**.

After you have finished the setting profiles for WCF (refer to **Web Content Filter Profile**), it is the time to activate the mechanism for your computer.

Click **System Maintenance>>Activation** to open the following page for accessing <http://myvigor.draytek.com>.

[System Maintenance >> Activation](#) Activate via interface : auto-selected ▼

Web-Filter License [Activate](#)

[Status: **Commtouch**] [Start Date: **2010-07-27** Expire Date: **2010-08-27**]

Authentication Message

```
Activated Wiz, Activated Wizard query license status Successful, 2010-07-27
08:47:13
```

Note: If you want to use email alert or syslog, please configure the [SysLog/Mail Alert Setup](#) page.
If you change the service provider, the configuration of the function will be reset.

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Activate via interface | Use the drop down menu to choose the interface for accessing the server. |
| Activate | Click this link to access into http://myvigor.draytek.com for activating WCF function. |
| Status | Display the mechanism (represented with code number, e.g., CT-CF) adopted by such router. |
| Start Date | Display the starting date of WCF license activated successfully. |
| Expire Date | Display the ending date of WCF license activated successfully. |
| Authentication Message | As for authentication information of web filter , the process of authenticating will be displayed on this field for your reference. |

4.15 Diagnostics

Diagnostic Tools provide a useful way to **view** or **diagnose** the status of your Vigor router. Below shows the menu items for Diagnostics.



4.15.1 Dial-out Triggering

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Dial-out Triggering** to open the web page. The internet connection (e.g., PPPoE) is triggered by a package sending from the source IP address.

[Diagnostics >> Dial-out Trigger](#)

Dial-out Triggered Packet Header

| [Refresh](#) |

HEX Format:

```
00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00  
  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00  
00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

Decoded Format:

```
0.0.0.0 -> 0.0.0.0  
Pr 0 len 0 (0)
```

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|----------------|--|
| Decoded Format | It shows the source IP address (local), destination IP (remote) address, the protocol and length of the package. |
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

4.15.2 Routing Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Routing Table** to open the web page.

Current Running Routing Table

[Diagnostics >> View Routing Table](#)

| Current Running Routing Table | IPv6 Routing Table | Refresh |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default, ~ - private | | |
| C~ | 192.168.1.0/ 255.255.255.0 | directly connected LAN |

IPv6 Routing Table

[Diagnostics >> View Routing Table](#)

| Current Running Routing Table | IPv6 Routing Table | Refresh | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--------|----------|
| Destination | Interface | Flags | Metric | Next Hop |
| FE80::/64 | LAN | U | 256 | |
| FF00::/8 | LAN | U | 256 | |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------|------------------------------|
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

4.15.3 ARP Cache Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **ARP Cache Table** to view the content of the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.

[Diagnostics >> View ARP Cache Table](#)

| IP Address | MAC Address | Netbios Name |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 192.168.1.1 | 00-50-7F-C2-80-20 | |
| 192.168.1.10 | 00-0E-A6-2A-D5-A1 | USER-6&0E182CE8 |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| Clear | Click it to clear the whole table. |
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

4.15.4 IPv6 Neighbour Table

The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IPv6 address. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click **Diagnostics** and click **IPv6 Neighbour Table** to open the web page.

[Diagnostics >> View IPv6 Neighbour Table](#)

| IPv6 Address | Mac Address | Interface |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------|
| FF02::1 | 33-33-00-00-00-01 | LAN |

Available settings are explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|---------|------------------------------|
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

4.15.5 DHCP Table

The facility provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

Click **Diagnostics** and click **DHCP Table** to open the web page.

DHCP IP Assignment Table

[Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses](#)

| DHCP IP Assignment Table | | DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table | | | Refresh |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| DHCP server: Running | | | | | |
| Index | IP Address | MAC Address | Leased Time | HOST ID | |
| 1 | 192.168.1.10 | 7C-61-93-18-EA-DF | 69:51:26 | | |
| | android_807f1d0bfff92630 | | | | |
| 2 | 192.168.1.20 | 68-09-27-DC-20-E8 | 71:41:30 | | |
| 3 | 192.168.1.24 | 68-09-27-D1-07-9D | 71:15:06 | Anna-Wang | |

DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table

[Diagnostics >> View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses](#)

| DHCP IP Assignment Table | | DHCPv6 IP Assignment Table | | | Refresh |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------|
| DHCPv6 server binding client: | | | | | |
| Index | IPv6 Address | MAC Address | Leased Time | | |
| | | | | | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| Index | It displays the connection item number. |
| IP Address | It displays the IP address assigned by this router for specified PC. |
| MAC Address | It displays the MAC address for the specified PC that DHCP assigned IP address for it. |
| Leased Time | It displays the leased time of the specified PC. |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| HOST ID | It displays the host ID name of the specified PC. |
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

4.15.6 NAT Sessions Table

Click **Diagnostics** and click **NAT Sessions Table** to open the list page.

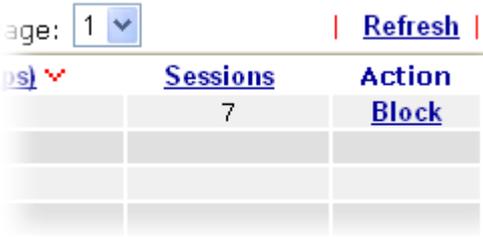
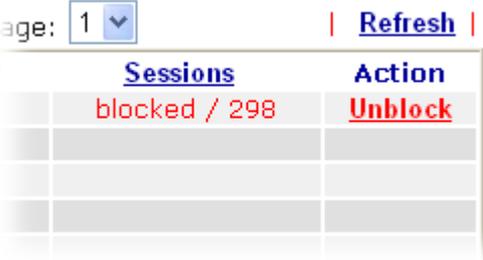
[Diagnostics >> NAT Sessions Table](#)

NAT Active Sessions Table | Refresh

| Private IP :Port | #Pseudo Port | Peer IP :Port | Interface |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | | |

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|------------------------|--|
| Private IP:Port | It indicates the source IP address and port of local PC. |
| #Pseudo Port | It indicates the temporary port of the router used for NAT. |
| Peer IP:Port | It indicates the destination IP address and port of remote host. |
| Interface | It displays the representing number for different interface. |
| Refresh | Click it to reload the page. |

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| | web page. |
| Action | <p>Block - can prevent specified PC accessing into Internet within 5 minutes.</p>  <p>Unblock – the device with the IP address will be blocked in five minutes. The remaining time will be shown on the session column.</p>  |
| Current /Peak/Speed | <p>Current means current transmission rate and receiving rate for WAN interface.</p> <p>Peak means the highest peak value detected by the router in data transmission.</p> <p>Speed means line speed specified in WAN>>General Setup. If you do not specify any rate at that page, here will display Auto for instead.</p> |

4.15.8 Traffic Graph

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Traffic Graph** to pen the web page. Choose WAN1 Bandwidth, Sessions, daily or weekly for viewing different traffic graph. Click **Refresh** to renew the graph at any time.

[Diagnostics >> Traffic Graph](#)



The horizontal axis represents time. Yet the vertical axis has different meanings. For WAN1 Bandwidth chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the transmitted and received packets in the past.

For Sessions chart, the numbers displayed on vertical axis represent the numbers of the NAT sessions during the past.

4.15.9 Ping Diagnosis

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Ping Diagnosis** to pen the web page.

[Diagnostics >> Ping Diagnosis](#)

Ping Diagnosis

IPV4 IPV6

Ping to: Host / IP IP Address:

Result | [Clear](#)

Each item is explained as follows:

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| IPV4 /IPV6 | Choose the protocol for such function. |
| Ping to | Use the drop down list to choose the destination that you want to ping. |
| IP Address | Type in the IP address of the Host/IP that you want to ping. |
| Ping IPv6 Address | Type the IPv6 address that you want to ping. |
| Run | Click this button to start the ping work. The result will be displayed on the screen. |
| Clear | Click this link to remove the result on the window. |

4.15.10 Trace Route

Click **Diagnostics** and click **Trace Route** to open the web page. This page allows you to trace the routes from router to the host. Simply type the IP address of the host in the box and click **Run**. The result of route trace will be shown on the screen.

[Diagnostics >> Trace Route](#)

Trace Route

IPv4 IPv6

Protocol:

Host / IP Address:

Result | [Clear](#)

Each item is explained as follows:

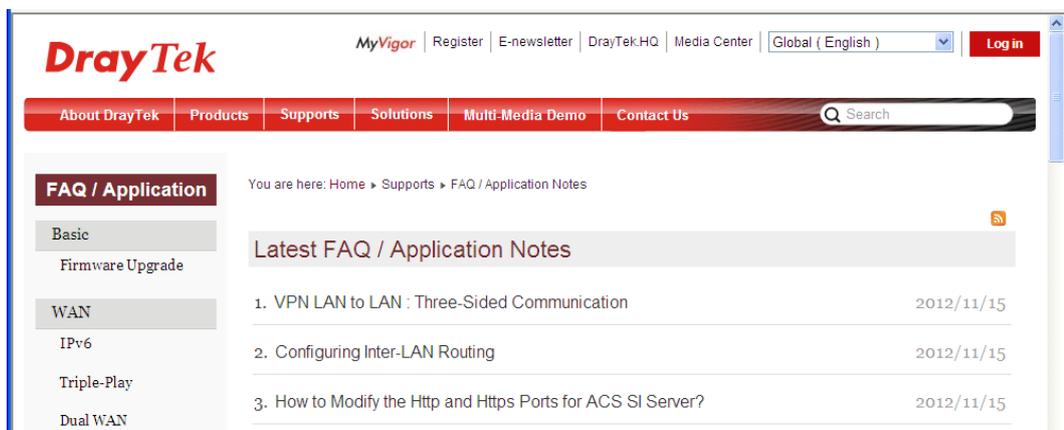
| Item | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| IPv4 / IPv6 | Choose the protocol for such function. |
| Protocol | Use the drop down list to choose the protocol that you want to ping through. |
| Host/IP Address | It indicates the IPv4 address of the host if IPv4 protocol is selected. |
| Trace Host/IP Address | It indicates the IPv6 address of the host if IPv6 protocol is selected. |
| Run | Click this button to start route tracing work. |
| Clear | Click this link to remove the result on the window. |

4.16 Support Area

When you click it, you will be guided to visit myvigor.draytek.com and open the corresponding pages directly.



Click **Support Area>>Application Note /FAQ**, the following web page will be displayed.



Click **Support Area>>Product Registration**, the following web page will be displayed.

**This service is available for MyVigor member only. Please login to access MyVigor.
If you are not one of the members of MyVigor, please create an account first.**

A login form with an orange header labeled 'LOGIN'. It contains three input fields: 'UserName', 'Password', and 'Auth Code'. To the right of the 'Auth Code' field is a CAPTCHA image showing the text 'AYi GXZ'. Below the input fields, there is a link 'If you cannot read the word, click here'. At the bottom of the form, there are links for 'Forget password?' and 'Login' (a button), and a link 'Create an account now'.

If you are having difficulty logging in, contact our customer service.
Customer Service : (888) 3 597 2727 or
email to : webmaster@draytek.com

5

Trouble Shooting

This section will guide you to solve abnormal situations if you cannot access into the Internet after installing the router and finishing the web configuration. Please follow sections below to check your basic installation status stage by stage.

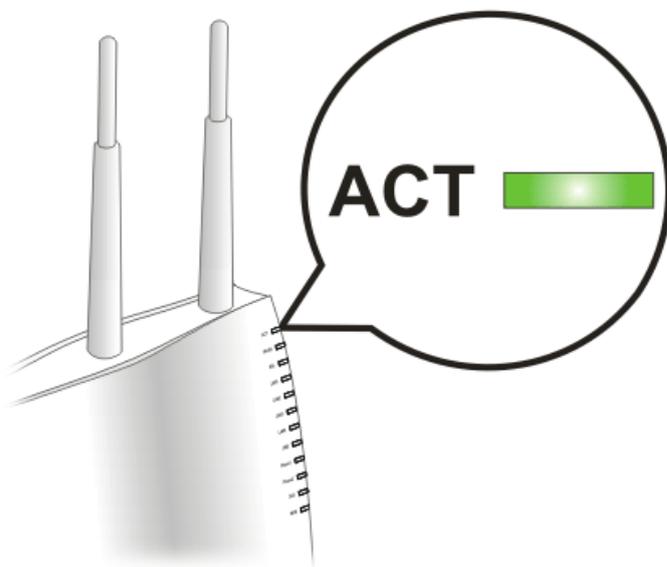
- Checking if the hardware status is OK or not.
- Checking if the network connection settings on your computer are OK or not.
- Pinging the router from your computer.
- Checking if the ISP settings are OK or not.
- Backing to factory default setting if necessary.

If all above stages are done and the router still cannot run normally, it is the time for you to contact your dealer for advanced help.

5.1 Checking If the Hardware Status Is OK or Not

Follow the steps below to verify the hardware status.

1. Check the power line and WLAN/LAN cable connections. Refer to “**1.3 Hardware Installation**” for details.
2. Turn on the router. Make sure the **ACT LED** blink once per second and the correspondent **LAN LED** is bright.



3. If not, it means that there is something wrong with the hardware status. Simply back to “**1.3 Hardware Installation**” to execute the hardware installation again. And then, try again.

5.2 Checking If the Network Connection Settings on Your Computer Is OK or Not

Sometimes the link failure occurs due to the wrong network connection settings. After trying the above section, if the link is still failed, please do the steps listed below to make sure the network connection settings is OK.

For Windows

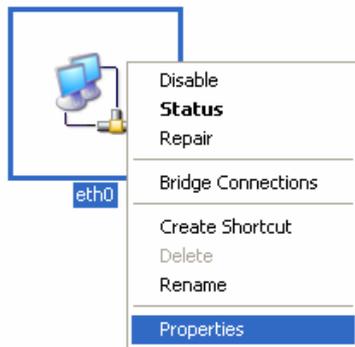


The example is based on Windows XP. As to the examples for other operation systems, please refer to the similar steps or find support notes in www.draytek.com.

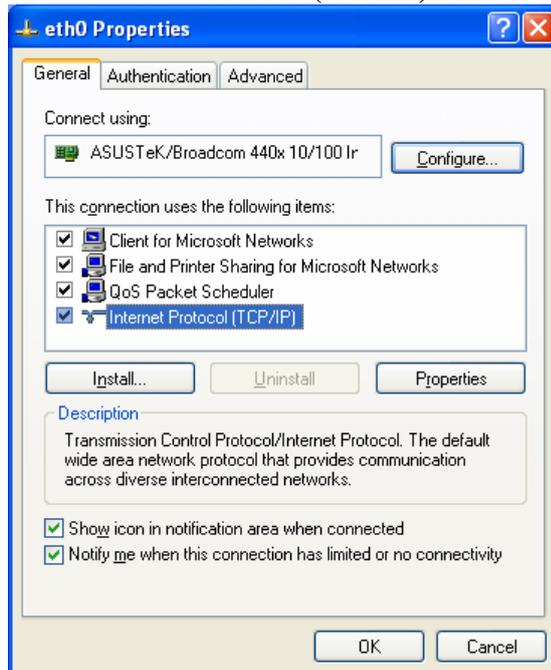
1. Go to **Control Panel** and then double-click on **Network Connections**.



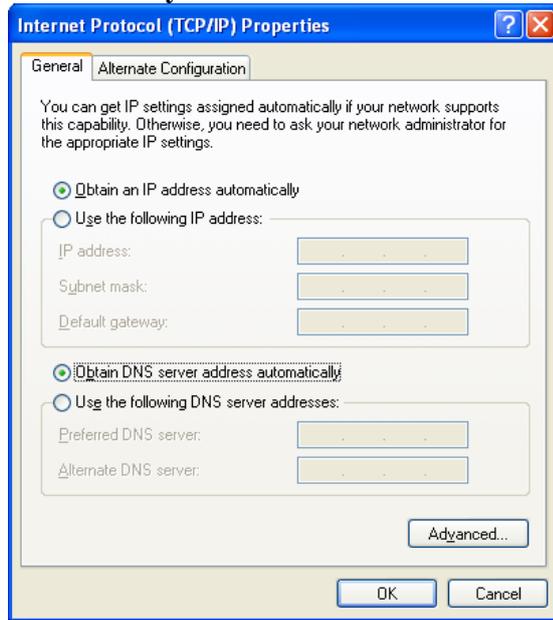
2. Right-click on **Local Area Connection** and click on **Properties**.



3. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and then click **Properties**.

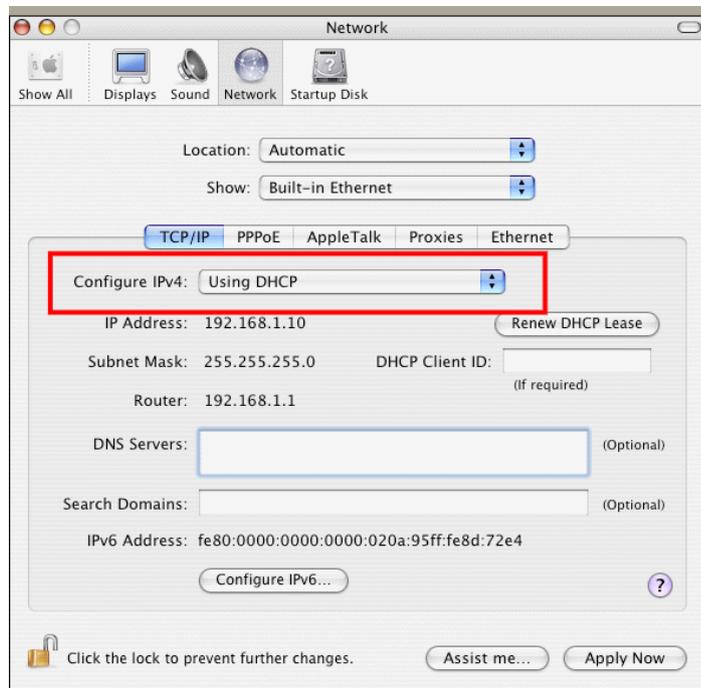


4. Select **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**.



For Mac OS

1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Network**.
3. On the **Network** screen, select **Using DHCP** from the drop down list of Configure IPv4.



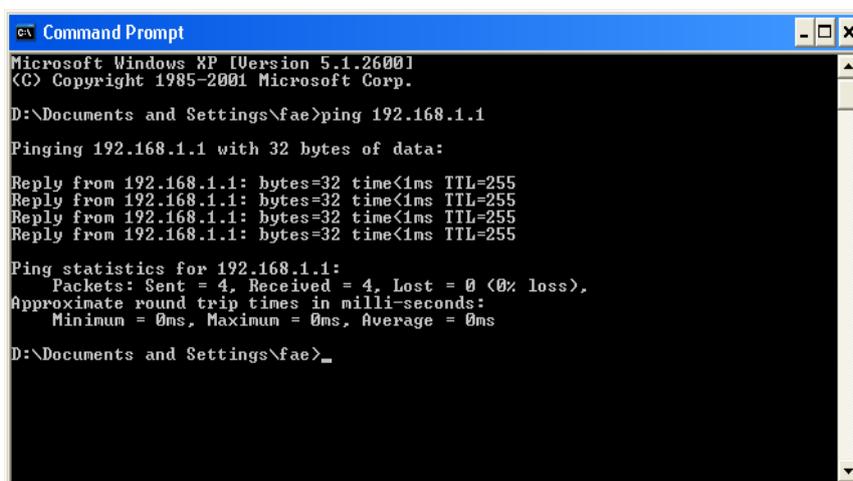
5.3 Pinging the Router from Your Computer

The default gateway IP address of the router is 192.168.1.1. For some reason, you might need to use “ping” command to check the link status of the router. **The most important thing is that the computer will receive a reply from 192.168.1.1.** If not, please check the IP address of your computer. We suggest you setting the network connection as **get IP automatically**. (Please refer to the section 5.2)

Please follow the steps below to ping the router correctly.

For Windows

1. Open the **Command Prompt** window (from **Start menu**> **Run**).
2. Type **command** (for Windows 95/98/ME) or **cmd** (for Windows NT/ 2000/XP/Vista/7). The DOS command dialog will appear.



```
ca Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

D:\Documents and Settings\fae>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

D:\Documents and Settings\fae>_
```

3. Type ping 192.168.1.1 and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of “**Reply from 192.168.1.1:bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255**” will appear.
4. If the line does not appear, please check the IP address setting of your computer.

For Mac OS (Terminal)

1. Double click on the current used Mac OS on the desktop.
2. Open the **Application** folder and get into **Utilities**.
3. Double click **Terminal**. The Terminal window will appear.
4. Type **ping 192.168.1.1** and press [Enter]. If the link is OK, the line of “**64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=xxxx ms**” will appear.

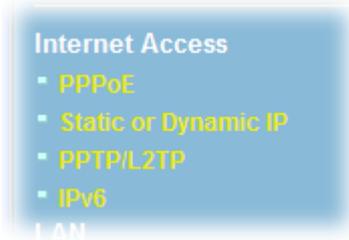
```

Terminal — bash — 80x24
Last login: Sat Jan  3 02:24:18 on ttys1
Welcome to Darwin!
Vigor10:~ draytek$ ping 192.168.1.1
PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=0 ttl=255 time=0.755 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=1 ttl=255 time=0.697 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=2 ttl=255 time=0.716 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=255 time=0.731 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.1.1: icmp_seq=4 ttl=255 time=0.72 ms
^C
--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.697/0.723/0.755 ms
Vigor10:~ draytek$

```

5.4 Checking If the ISP Settings are OK or Not

Click **Internet Access** group and then check whether the ISP settings are set correctly.



Take PPPoE User as an Example

1. Check if the **Enable** option is selected.
2. Check if **Username** and **Password** are entered with correct values that you **got from** your **ISP**.

[Internet Access >> PPPoE](#)

PPPoE Client Mode

PPPoE Setup

PPPoE Link Enable Disable

ISP Access Setup

ISP Name

Username

Password

Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup:
=> , , ,

WAN Connection Detection

Mode

PPP/MP Setup

PPP Authentication

Always On

Idle Timeout second(s)

IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)

Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP)

Fixed IP Address

Default MAC Address
 Specify a MAC Address

5.5 Problems for 3G Network Connection

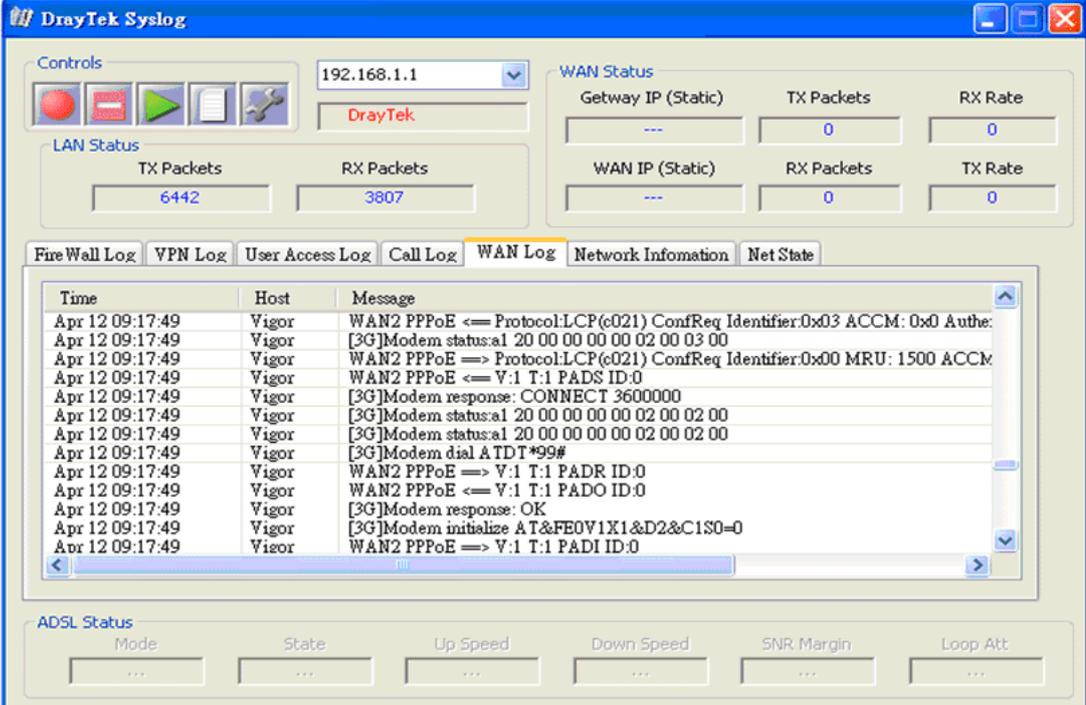
When you have trouble in using 3G network transmission, please check the following:

Check if USB LED lights on or off

You have to wait about 15 seconds after inserting 3G USB Modem into your Vigor2110. Later, the USB LED will light on which means the installation of USB Modem is successful. If the USB LED does not light on, please remove and reinsert the modem again. If it still fails, restart Vigor2110.

USB LED lights on but the network connection does not work

Check the PIN Code of SIM card is disabled or not. Please use the utility of 3G USB Modem to disable PIN code and try again. If it still fails, it might be the compliance problem of system. Please open DrayTek Syslog Tool to capture the connection information (WAN Log) and send the page (similar to the following graphic) to the service center of DrayTek.



The screenshot shows the DrayTek Syslog interface. At the top, there are controls for LAN Status and WAN Status. The LAN Status section shows TX Packets: 6442 and RX Packets: 3807. The WAN Status section shows Gateway IP (Static) and WAN IP (Static) both as ---, with TX and RX Packets and Rates all at 0. Below this is a tabbed interface with 'WAN Log' selected. The log table contains the following entries:

| Time | Host | Message |
|-----------------|-------|---|
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE <=> Protocol:LCP(e021) ConfReq Identifier:0x03 ACCM: 0x0 Auth: |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem status:a1 20 00 00 00 00 02 00 03 00 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE => Protocol:LCP(e021) ConfReq Identifier:0x00 MRU: 1500 ACCM: |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE <=> V:1 T:1 PADS ID:0 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem response: CONNECT 3600000 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem status:a1 20 00 00 00 00 02 00 02 00 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem status:a1 20 00 00 00 00 02 00 02 00 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem dial ATDT*99# |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE => V:1 T:1 PADR ID:0 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE <=> V:1 T:1 PADO ID:0 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem response: OK |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | [3G]Modem initialize AT&FEOV1X1&D2&C1S0=0 |
| Apr 12 09:17:49 | Vigor | WAN2 PPPoE => V:1 T:1 PADI ID:0 |

At the bottom, there is an ADSL Status section with fields for Mode, State, Up Speed, Down Speed, SNR Margin, and Loop Att, all showing ---.

Transmission Rate is not fast enough

Please connect your Notebook with 3G USB Modem to test the connection speed to verify if the problem is caused by Vigor2110. In addition, please refer to the manual of 3G USB Modem for LED Status to make sure if the modem connects to Internet via HSDPA mode. If you want to use the modem indoors, please put it on the place near the window to obtain better signal receiving.

5.6 Backing to Factory Default Setting If Necessary

Sometimes, a wrong connection can be improved by returning to the default settings. Try to reset the router by software or hardware. Such function is available in **Admin Mode** only.



Warning: After pressing **factory default setting**, you will lose all settings you did before. Make sure you have recorded all useful settings before you pressing. The password of factory default is null.

Software Reset

You can reset the router to factory default via Web page.

Go to **System Maintenance** and choose **Reboot System** on the web page. The following screen will appear. Choose **Using factory default configuration** and click **Reboot Now**. After few seconds, the router will return all the settings to the factory settings.

[System Maintenance >> Reboot System](#)

Reboot System

Do you want to reboot your router ?

Using current configuration
 Using factory default configuration

Auto Reboot Time Schedule

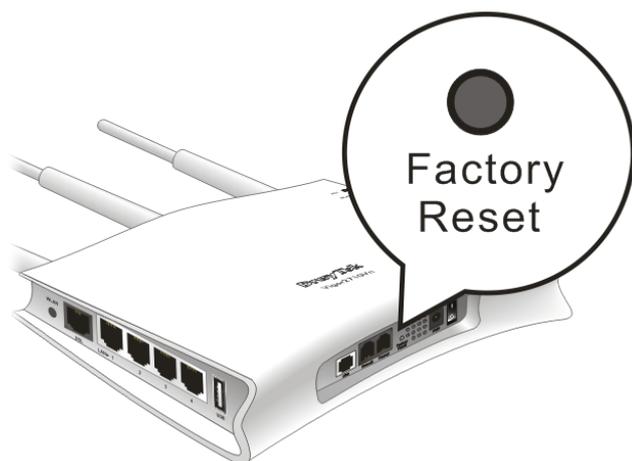
Index(1-15) in [Schedule](#) Setup: , , ,

Note: Action and Idle Timeout settings will be ignored.

You can type in four sets of time schedule for performing auto-reboot. After clicking **OK**, the router will reboot at the specified time.

Hardware Reset

While the router is running (ACT LED blinking), press the **Factory Reset** button and hold for more than 5 seconds. When you see the **ACT** LED blinks rapidly, please release the button. Then, the router will restart with the default configuration.



After restore the factory default setting, you can configure the settings for the router again to fit your personal request.

5.7 Contacting Your Dealer

If the router still cannot work correctly after trying many efforts, please contact your dealer for further help right away. For any questions, please feel free to send e-mail to support@draytek.com.